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ABSTRACT

In order to compile general data on veterans attending two-year institutions in Washington State, develop educational and employment profiles of the veterans, explore the extent of veterans' knowledge of available benefits, and evaluate the effectiveness of Veterans Outreach programs throughout the state, a questionnaire was designed and administered to 1,315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Washington community colleges during the spring quarter of 1973. The average veteran is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents. He entered the U. S. Army at the age of 18 in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973. He has acquired 12 years of education, and is taking 15 or more quarter hours in day sessions. He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since his discharge. Although he knew the G. I. Bill existed, he has not used it previously because he did not know how to go about getting it. Before talking to an outreach worker he was unaware that lower tuition and tutorial assistance were available to Vietnam veterans. A review of the literature and bibliography are included, and survey instrument is appended. (Author/NHM)

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AN IN DEPTH LOOK AT VETERANS ATTENDING THE COMMUNITY COLLEGES IN WASHINGTON STATE

by

James R. Thompson

Veterans Outreach Coordinator/Counselor

Everett Community College

A Research Report Presented to the

Director of Research of the School of Education

Seattle University

In Partial Fulfillment

of the Requirements for the Degree

MASTER OF EDUCATION

1974

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION & WELFARE
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ABSTRACT

This study was designed to bring into focus the veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State and give some possible indications as to how we might better serve those who have served us. In light of the small number of veterans using their benefits and the large number who aren't completely aware of the benefits available, an attempt was made to evaluate the effectiveness of the Veterans Outreach Programs in Washington State; designed to inform veterans of their benefits and assist them in taking advantage of them.

The total sample consisted of 1315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington State. The sample was broken down into two groups of veterans; outreach and non-outreach to determine the type of veterans the Outreach Program is reaching as opposed to those already in school before Outreach existed (Veterans Outreach was initiated in Washington State on November 16, 1972). The data was collected on veterans attending school during the Spring quarter, 1973 (March - June).

There didn't appear to be any major differences between outreach and non-outreach veterans on the State level indicating that in general the outreach programs are reaching veterans of all ages, from all branches of the military, with a variety of backgrounds. However, some schools did show major differences between the outreach and non-outreach veterans, which can probably be attributed to a number of things, but most likely ties in

with the specific kinds of outreach work they are doing and how restricted their program is (many programs are very restricted because of the limited amount of funds available).

Within the limitations of the study, the results support the following conclusions:

1. The majority of the veterans attending community colleges are young (under 28) and married.

2. A high majority of the veterans attending community colleges are Vietnam-era veterans with a surprisingly high number of them entering the service at a very young age.

3. Many veterans who have disabilities are not satisfied with the benefits they've received.

4. Many veterans attending community colleges have little formal education, and in some ways may be considered less educated now than at their entry into the service.

5. The majority of the veterans attending community colleges feel that their training in the military is not applicable to civilian jobs; most of which have held three or more jobs since their separation from active duty.

6. Many veterans feel that their local Employment Security Department is not meeting their needs.

7. A high number of veterans do not feel they received adequate information about their benefits prior to discharge.

8. The veterans attending community colleges feel that current benefits are not adequate to meet their needs.

9. The majority of the veterans have not drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously because they do not know how to go about getting it. Many can not get correct information or are misinformed and some do not know that it exists.

10. The veterans attending community colleges were not well informed until they they talked to an Outreach worker. The majority are not aware that tutorial assistance even exists and don't know about lower tuition for Vietnam veterans.

11. The Veterans Outreach program in Washington is a tremendous success with almost all the veterans who had exposure to it, feeling their needs were totally or partially met. Almost all veterans sampled feel that Veterans Outreach should be made available at the individual institutions on a permanent basis.

12. The veterans attending community colleges are in favor of all Vietnam-era veterans receiving the state bonus and would support a State G.I. Bill for tuition at the community college level.

13. Many veterans are not getting the dental benefits for which they are entitled because they are not aware of their existance.

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Chapter I

THE PROBLEM AND DEFINITIONS OF THE TERMS USED

A. Introduction

For as long as man has been known to exist there has been an unfortunate fiber of conflict in the fabric of the moral and ethical values of opposing cultures with increasing motives of materialism and/or that other cultures should be subject to "change" whether desired or not so that all people of all cultures will be alike and equal in whatever gain or loss the controling ideology might generate. Unfortunately, in many cases this means killing the people you are trying to save from whatever their present life-style might be; bringing into existence one of the most feared and undesired situations . . . war.

Along with the evolution of war, many problems have arisen which defy solution. The birth of war has brought about the death of many life-styles and the development of the serviceman (veteran); many of whom have given their arms, eyes, legs, and even their lives in the service to their country. In most cases these veterans are extremely young and in the prime of their lives.

However, the problem to look at here is not war, for if there were any instant solution to war and its shortcomings the populus of this earth would rejoicingly indulge in its blessing. The problem confronting us now is how does a country repay its veterans for their devoted service. We obviously can't replace arms or legs, in the flesh, or

erase scars--physcial or mental. How do you return to a veteran the prime years of his life which he would have used to educate or train himself for a lifetime occupation to support him and his family. Obviously, the hands of time cannot be turned back; however, compensatory measures can be made.

Today's Vietnam-era veterans are faced with many more different kinds of problems in returning home than the veterans of previous conflicts. Largely because of the lack of total support for the Vietnam conflict, many of these problems are sociological in nature, and the solutions to these problems are very ambiguous as are, in many cases, the problems themselves. Returning veterans (except the POW's) were not given the heroes welcome with all the ensuing parades and praise. Many of these veterans are in need of some type of educational training and aren't getting it for one reason or another. Hopefully this research will expose a profile of the veteran that may enable us to better define his problems and how to deal with them.

B. Purpose of the Study

This study was designed to bring into focus the veterans attending community colleges in Washington State and give some possible indications as to how we might better serve those who have served us. Specifically the study proposed:

1. To acquire a volume of general information pertaining to veterans attending two-year institutions

2. To accumulate background service information on the veterans
3. To develop an educational profile of the veterans
4. To acquire an employment history of the veterans
5. To explore the veterans knowledge of the G.I. Bill and to determine his attitudes about the bill's adequacy
6. To report on the Veterans Outreach programs throughout the state
7. To explore the veterans knowledge of dental benefits after discharge from the service.

C. Definitions of the Terms Used

Veteran:

A person who has spent any amount of time in official service of his country through some branch of the military.

Vietnam Veteran:

A veteran who has served six months or longer in South Vietnam and/or received the Vietnam service medal.

Vietnam-era Veteran:

A veteran who has served in the military between August 5, 1964 (After Bay of

Tonkin) and the present; whether he physically served in Vietnam or not.

Educationally Qualified Veteran(G.I. Bill):

A veteran who has been in the service since January 31, 1955 and was in for a period of 181 days or more at a rate of 1 1/2 months of educational benefits for each month of active dury up to 36 months of total entitlement. The veteran must have an honorable discharge from the service. These are the basic qualifications for educational assistance. This information can be acquired at any Veterans Administration Office (in most cases in this report the word veterans relates to educationally qualified veterans).

Veterans Outreach Program:

A federally funded program placed at the two-year educational institutions (community colleges) throughout Washington State. The program is designed to inform and counsel the veterans on the educational benefits available to them and assist them in taking advantage of those benefits if they so desire.

Outreach Veteran:

The veteran attending a community college, Spring quarter 1973, through direct assistance of the Veterans Outreach Program at the school of attendance.

Non-Outreach Veteran:

A veteran in attendance at a community college previous to the existence of

the Veterans Outreach Program.

D. Limitations of the Study

This study was limited to a look at veterans attending community colleges, Spring quarter 1973, in Washington State. Even though every precaution was taken to assure that the questionnaires were collected randomly in the same fashion, there was little control over the actual collection process because of the number of coordinators and schools participating in the survey.

Chapter II

REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

Research, especially specific research on individual Vietnam and Vietnam-era veterans in Washington State and the Nation, is very limited. Some of the literature identified will be reviewed in an attempt to determine what some of the problem areas are and how they have been dealt with to date.

Research on the Vietnam Veterans Personal Feelings

Several concerns have been expressed about the Vietnam veterans open resentment in regards to his treatment upon his return home. Howard Flieger said, "They're all home from the wars now--those who survived Vietnam. The only men still out there in uniform are military attaches and some Marines guarding the U.S. Embassy. So the others--nearly 2 1/2 million of them--are back home. Home to what? What is the U.S. doing to show its gratitude to these men who did their duty--sometimes reluctantly, angrily, often in frustration--in what was beyond doubt the most unpopular, despised war in American history?"[1] He also expressed a concern that thousands of Vietnam veterans bear emotional and psychological scars that do not show on the surface but go deep.

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[1] Howard Flieger, "The Long Way Back", U.S. News and World Report, Vol. LXXIV, Number 15, April 9, 1973, p. 100.

"Hundreds of thousands of veterans are experiencing a long lasting sense of isolation, confusion, loneliness and rejection on their return to their native land."[2]

Newsweek[3] points out that it is a time when the U.S. is bringing prisoners of war home with warm oratory and hot cash, while 3 million other Vietnam veterans are hoeing a tougher row than their counter parts from any American war in this century. They also expressed a concern in that, revised Veterans Administration budgets, computer foul-ups, inadequate training and rehabilitation programs, and a sluggish job market have combined to make thousands of Vietnam veterans feel more like war orphans than heroes.

A statement referring to this problem, by Max Inglett, a Sp5 wounded during a mortar attack, was quoted in Newsweek as follows: "When I saw them come home, I cried. I cried out of self-pity. I remember getting off the plane when I returned, and nobody met me. I envy the prisoners because they can walk. They were prisoners for five years and eight years, but I'm a prisoner within myself because I'm a prisoner in this," he said, tapping the side of his wheelchair. "You cry inside when you go to Disneyland and can't take the rides. You cry when you take your girl dancing, and other guys see you're in a wheelchair and they ask your girl to dance. You don't want to ruin her fun, but it rips you up inside."[4]

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[2]Veterans World Project, "Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veteran", Final Report, Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois, 1972, p. 1 - 2.

[3]"The Vets: Heroes as Orphans", Newsweek, March 5, 1974, p. 22.

[4]"The Permanent War Prisoners", Newsweek, March 5, 1974, p. 23.

This resentment is expanded on by Patrick Butler[5] when he points out that after the longest war in our history two and a half million men who fought will not be coming home to the traditional heroes welcome, and will be lucky if they can avoid being treated like war criminals. The new veteran must not only deal with his doubts of the value of his sacrifices, but also the latent hostilities of millions of Americans who hated the war and somehow blamed him for having done the dirty work.

Butler's point of view was supported in U.S. News & World Report[6] by an unidentified psychiatrist who said, "Every veteran feels alienated from his friends at home because he developed different friendships and a different way of life in the service." He continues by saying, "The Vietnam veteran has a heightened sense of alienation because the war in which he fought has brought little of the glory of previous wars."

Peter J. Ognibene[7] displays the country's apathy towards its veterans by pointing out that the POW's have been thrust into the limelight in a war which gave the country so many medal-winners but no heroes. The POW's became the honored ones more because they survived than because of their battle proven courage. No such honors are being bestowed upon the dead and wounded of this war making it seem as if the nation were trying to drive Vietnam completely from its memory. He suggests that this forgetfulness is a luxury some cannot afford.

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[5] Patrick Butler, "When Johnnie Comes Marching Home", America, March 24, 1973, p. 255.

[6] "Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", U.S. News & World Report, Volume LXXIV, Number 7, February 12, 1973, p. 23.

[7] Peter J. Ognibene, "POW's and the Vets", Commonweal, Volume XCVIII, Number 13, June 1, 1973, pp. 307-308.

Research on how the Vietnam veteran will be paid for his service to his country, especially those who paid the high price of disability: Many concerns have been expressed for the high number of returning veterans and how their service will be repaid. P. J. Ognibene[8] points out that two and a half million men served in Vietnam, while 46,000 died and 300,000 were wounded: 23,000 of them were 100 percent (totally) disabled, for whom there can be no forgetting the war. These concerns are shared by Time[9] when it stated, "The needs of several hundred returning prisoners of war will clearly be taken care of, but it is highly questionable whether the several million other Vietnam veterans will be looked after in a similar spirit."

Andrew Hamilton[10] quotes Larry Sullivan, a 23-year old high school dropout and Marine corporal: "As I wait for the Medivac chopper, I made a vow," he said afterward. "If I pull through--and right then the odds seemed against it--I was going to make something of my life."

U.S. News & World Report[11] stated that 2.3 million veterans served in Vietnam with most of them doing a one year tour of duty. It was also said that 1 in 8 was disabled to some degree with approximately 23,000 receiving 100 percent (total) disability. In more than half of these cases the disability is psychiatric or newrological. It was also stated that in Vietnam, 20 percent of the amputees lost more than one limb, as compared with

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[8]Peter J. Ognibene, Op. Cit.

[9]"Veterans-Forgotten Warriors?", Time, Volume 101, Number 11, March 12, 1973, p. 18.

[10]Andrew Hamilton, "Another Time at Bat for Vietnam Vets", American Education, Volume 8, Number 2, March, 1972, p. 4.

[11]"Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", U.S. News & World Report, Op. Cit., pp. 21, 23.

only five percent of the World War II amputees.

Newsweek[12] said, "There are 25,000 of them--paraplegics, quadriplegics, men disassembled and totally disabled by the frags, mines, and bullets of the Vietnam war--and they have filled up veterans hospitals throughout the country."

U.S. News & World Report[13] reports that more than 29 million U.S. citizens have served in the armed forces and that 25.9 million of those were wartime veterans. It also said that payments for service connected disabilities had gone up to 346,530 at the end of April (1973) compared with 298,233 one year earlier.

Research of new and unique problems facing Vietnam veterans: The problems of the Vietnam veterans are many and unfortunately, not very well understood even by the veterans themselves who must in many cases settle for frustration. Tony Jones,[14] author of "The Invisible Army", says that eight million Vietnam-era veterans will be returning to society. He expressed a concern that, "The most comfortable--and most dangerous--myth about Vietnam veterans is that they have not been deeply affected by their service in the war. They have." He goes on to say that society has done little to survey the dimensions of their change. The fears expressed by Jones are supported by Ognibene[15] when he states, "The prospects of change are grim--more so because there seems to be no public pressures to

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[12]"The Permanent War Prisoners", Newsweek, Op. Cit.

[13]"How Aid to Veterans is Rising", U.S. News & World Report, July 9, 1973, p. 57.

[14]Tony Jones, "The Invisible Army", Harper's Magazine, Volume 245, Number 1467, August, 1972, p. 10.

[15]Ognibene, Op. Cit., p. 309.

improve the lot of our Vietnam veterans."

U.S. News & World Report[16] shows unique problems of the Vietnam veteran described by a psychiatrist. They were as follows:

A) The veteran fought in a war which many of his countrymen opposed.

B) He was in uniform during a period of strong antimilitary feeling.

C) While he served his time overseas, life at home went on untouched by the distant conflict.

D) When he came back, no hero's welcome awaited him. Often, what he encountered was civilian hostility.

The article also pointed out that in addition the 2,313,000 Americans who physically served in Vietnam another 3,663,000 discharged veterans served elsewhere since 1965 when the Vietnam-era officially began, bringing the total Vietnam-era veterans to nearly six million. It also said that the average age of the veteran at discharge was 23 and that over three fourths of the veterans, 4,649,000 were age 30 or younger at latest count.

Research on the adequacy of the G.I. Bill in the shadows of World War II and Korean veterans: Many of the people in America are concerned about the small number of veterans taking advantage of their benefits in comparison with World War II and the Korean conflict, of todays Vietnam-era veterans it has been said that very few, "(roughly

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[16] "Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U.S. Veterans: A New Way of Life." U.S. News & World Report, Op. Cit., p. 21.

20 percent, compared with 50 percent following World War II").[17] Hamilton[18] supports this data with Veterans Administration statistics that show approximately 50 percent of World War II veterans and 42 percent of Korean war veterans took advantage of their educational benefits on the G.I. Bill, while only 23 percent of Vietnam veterans have used their benefits.

It is stated in U.S. News & World Report[19] that returning servicemen expressed satisfaction generally with the types of G.I. Bill benefits they are entitled to, but some describe the amount of financial assistance as inadequate. The point was made that $200 available to those continuing their education doesn't go far--because of inflation--as the tuition and subsistence payments received by World War II veterans. This argument is supported by Butler[20] who points out that those veterans hardest hit are those who decided to go back to college, especially those on campuses with strong antiwar feelings. He points out that many veterans, continuing their education, are finding that $220 a month doesn't go nearly as far as the tuition and subsistence funds received by World War II veterans; thus, they are having to abandon their hopes of further education.

On the question of benefits, the report, "Wasted Men",[21] says, "Any, even superficial, comparison of the present G.I. Bill with the original 1945 G.I. Bill,

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[17] Tony Jones, Op. Cit., p. 18

[18] Andrew Hamilton, Op. Cit.

[19] "Home From Vietnam--For 2.3 Million U. S. Veterans: A New Way of Life", U. S. News & World Report, Op. Cit., p. 22.

[20] Patrick Butler, Op. Cit., p. 255.

[21] "Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veteran", Southern Illinois University, Op. Cit., p. V4.

leaves the Vietnam veteran coming off second best to the World War II veteran. Important differences include a different social environment, the real value of cash in pocket provision, added restrictions, and eliminated features."

Flieger[22] says that with the rising cost of going to school it is questionable that $220 for single veterans, with more for married veterans, can go as far now as did the G.I. Bill benefits after World War II. Ognibene[23] agrees with Flieger in expressing his concerns for finances. He says that if a Vietnam veteran wants to further his education he will find that the G.I. Bill barely covers the cost of tuition at many schools. He goes on to state that if the veteran cannot get financial support from the school itself he'll probably require a part-time job--if he can find one.

"A generation ago, the G.I. Bill was the economic escalator for millions of American veterans, but today it is being used by only a handful of the men who need it most."[24] "Bigger Benefits For Veterans But No Rush of Takers"[25] supports the conclusion that veterans are not getting their benefits.

Research on Employability of the Returning Veteran: Many veterans are returning home in the hopes of acquiring some type of training to utilize their skills. On employment Time said, "Veterans of World War II returned to a grateful, generous country that was about to embark on an unprecedented quarter-century of prosperity. Korean war

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[22]Howard Flieger, Op. Cit.

[23]Ognibene, Op. Cit., p. 309.

[24]William Greider, "G.I. Bill Fails to Attract Many Veterans of Vietnam", The Washington Post, March 30, 1969, p. A4.

[25]"Bigger Benefits for Veterans but No Rush of Takers," U.S. News & World Report, February 1, 1971, p. 48.

veterans cashed in on much the same rising curve of material benefits. Viet Nam vets, by contrast, are the dubious beneficiaries of the nations immediate troubled past and uneasy future.

"Unsung, disproportionately poor and poorly educated, G.I.'s have been drifting back from Viet Nam to face unenthusiastic employers and--in the vets' view--sometimes unsympathetic officials of the Veterans Administration."[26]

Ognibene[27] also expressed a concern for the Administration's apparent lack of concern for the Vietnam vet in employment. The unemployment rate for young Vietnam veterans was quoted as being almost twice the national average and that veterans, ages 20 to 24, have an unemployment rate of about 11 percent. A Lou Harris survey was quoted as finding 15 percent of all Vietnam veterans unemployed. He went on to say that apparently, of those who had been employed, little help had been received by the government. Harris concluded that only 4 percent had been "materially helped" by local employment officers in getting a job offer.

Butler[28] said that while today's veterans have good reason to feel that they've upgraded their ambitions, awareness,and job skills while in the service, yet they frequently have problems translating those assets into something saleable on the civilian labor market. The most obvious difficulty lies with those who were trained and used

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[26]"Veterans--Forgotten Warriors", Time.

[27]Ognibene, Op. Cit., p. 308.

[28]Patrick Butler, Op. Cit., pp. 255-256.

strictly for combat service in Vietnam. Even those with more marketable items such as electronics technicians, metal workers, paramedics, etc., are finding fields closed because of union quotas or degree requirements. Butler pointed out that despite all the recruiting ads stressing the military's hundreds of job-training programs, that a recently conducted Veterans World Project survey showed that 89 percent of the 530 contacted had no way of using any of their training on the jobs they presently hold.

Outreach Services Programs and other actions needed: "(a) The Congress of the United States declares that the outreach services program authorized by this sub-chapter is for the purpose of insuring that all veterans, especially those who are recently separated and those who are eligible for readjustment or other benefits and services under laws administered by the Veterans' Administration and under other governmental programs, received personalized educational, vocational, social sciences and job placement assistance with respect to their entitlement to those benefits and services in order to aid them in applying for and obtaining such benefits and services and further education and training or employment and, in the case of veterans, achieving a rapid social and economic readjustment to civilian life and higher standard of living for them and their dependents."[29]

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[29]Education and training for Veterans, Hearing before the subcommittee on Veterans Affairs, 91st Congress, first session, from legislation to amend title 38 of the United States code concerning education and training for veterans, June 24, 25, and 26, 1969 (Part 1), p. 43.

The Veterans World Project[30] reports that time is critically short and that the only way to develop a new national policy for veterans before losing or wasting millions of precious human beings is to proceed with the needed research and planning, in conjunction with a simultaneous action, experimentation, and the greatest possible variety of pilot and demonstration programs and support of individual activities.

Summary: It is possible to draw several conclusions in the review of the research.

1) There appears to be some degree of resentment by the Vietnam veterans because of the special attention given to the POW's upon their return, not necessarily because the POW's were given too much or even enough, but rather because the other veterans received virtually no welcomes.

2) Concerns have been expressed on how these veterans will be paid for their service, especially those who have paid the highest price--some degree of physical or mental disability.

3) The aftermath of an undesired and unsupported war is leaving the Vietnam veteran with an array of problems never before faced by veterans of this country.

4) The G.I. Bill is not thought to be adequate to serve the needs of the veterans of this country in the face of rising cost of schooling and inflation.

30"Wasted Men--The Reality of the Vietnam Veterun", Southern Illinois University, Op. Cit., p. 1-13.

5) A small number of Vietnam-era veterans, in comparison to World War II and the Korean conflict veterans, are using the available benefits.

6) There is a high level of concern for the employability of a veteran returning to civilian life with job qualifications not fitting the needs of the job market. Additional concerns are, what is being done to make the veteran more employable and how useful local Employment Security Departments really are.

7) There are expressed concerns for further research.

In light of the above conclusions, this study was undertaken in an effort to construct a profile of the veteran attending Community Colleges in Washington State hopefully to give some specific indications as to how we might better serve them.

Chapter III

METHODS AND PROCEDURES

A. Construction of the Instrument

The survey instrument, known as a Survey of Veterans Attending Community Colleges in Washington State, contained a core of 51 common questions. The items selected for inclusion in the construction of the measuring instrument were categorized into eight separate areas. The information was organized into eight separate areas. The information was organized in this manner for easy access to specific concerns. The first area consisted of five questions on General Information (sex, age, marital status, etc.); the second area of ten questions dealt with service information (branch of service, age at entry into service, years of active duty, etc.); the third area consisted of four questions on education (number of years of education, number of credit hours, etc.); the fourth consisted of twelve questions on employment (number of jobs held since separation, does spouse work, has welfare been received, etc.); the fifth area consisted of six questions on the G.I. Bill (was adequate information received before separation, are benefits adequate, etc.); the sixth area consisted of six questions related to Veterans Outreach Programs (how they heard about Veterans Outreach, how they rate Outreach services, whether they think Outreach should be made available permanently, etc.); the seventh area consisted of seven questions

(five fill-in) on occupation, including two miscellaneous questions, one on the State Bonus and one on a state G.I. Bill; the eighth area consisted of one question relating to the veteran's knowledge of dental benefits. A copy of the questionnaire is reproduced as Appendix B.

B. Participating Institutions

Questionnaires were received from students in 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington state. Four of the 27 Community Colleges did not participate in this survey either because the coordinator failed to comply with the request, or as in one case, the institution refused to allow the coordinator to participate even though the coordinator desired to. A complete list of participating institutions is reproduced as Appendix C.

C. The Sample

The sample consisted of veterans attending Community Colleges on two levels; 1) Outreach Veterans: those veterans entering and attending community college through the Veterans Outreach Program, Spring quarter, 1973. 2) Non-Outreach Veterans: an approximate ten percent sample of those veterans already existing at the Community College before Veterans Outreach, ranging from pay problems to counseling. For the purpose of defining the overall picture of veterans in attendance at two-year institutions in Washington State, both groups were combined.

Some schools elected to sample both Outreach Veterans and Non-Outreach Veterans and some schools elected just to sample one of the two (see Appendix C).

D. Methods of Obtaining Data

The instrument was distributed to the Veterans Outreach Coordinators of all twenty-seven Community Colleges throughout the State of Washington. Instructions on how to use the instrument were given to the coordinators through personal interview at a meeting of all coordinators. The coordinators were instructed to randomly sample the veterans on their campus using different times throughout the school day and night to acquire a well-rounded sample. These instructions were followed up by two phone calls to each coordinator to answer any specific questions in the use of the instrument. The coordinators were initially informed of the survey via letter (reproduced as Appendix A).

Some of the schools sampled their Spring quarter students during pre-registration, which took place at the end of Winter quarter. Spring quarter is a period of time which varies slightly from school to school (March to June).

E. Questionnaire Returns.

The return of the questionnaires did not present a problem, as the veterans filled out the questionnaires in the presence of the coordinator and it was collected at that time.

Chapter IV

ANALYSIS OF THE DATA

The purpose of this study was to acquire basic information about veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State and some of the services that are available to the veteran. The data is analysed by individual school (outreach and non-outreach), and by the total number of veterans sampled in the state, including a break-down of the state data into outreach and non-outreach. Comments are also expressed on some of the data tables. All data received in this survey is presented in its raw form (see Tables 1a through 45b); with the exception of the fill-in questions. The data was analysed by the Sumstat program (on an IBM 360/40 computer) available at Western Washington State College.

The individual analysis are located on the following pages:

SCHOOL		PAGE
T	Total (Outreach and Non-outreach)	123
O	Outreach (State Total)	125
N-O	Non-outreach (State Total)	127
BBCC	Big Bend Community College	129
CSCC	Central Seattle Community College	135

SCHOOL		PAGE
CCC	Centralia Community College	137
CLCC	Clark Community College	139
CBCC	Columbia Basin Community College	143
EVCC	Everett Community College	146
FSCC	Fort Steilacoom Community College	151
GRCC	Green River Community College	154
GHCC	Grays Harbor Community College	156
HCC	Highline Community College	158
NSCC	North Seattle Community College	161
OCC	Olympic Community College	163
OVTI	Olympic Vocational and Technical Institute	165
PCC	Peninsula Community College	167
SCC	Shoreline Community College	169
SVCC	Skagit Valley Community College	173
SPCC	Spokane Community College	175
SSCC	South Seattle Community College	180
TCC	Tacoma Community College	182
WWCC	Walla Walla Community College	184
WVCC	Wenatchee Valley Community College	188
WCC	Whatcom Community College	191
YVCC	Yakima Valley Community College	194

AGE (AT COLLECTION OF DATA)

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	6	44	98	84	88	34	149	2	505
	N-O	5	45	162	222	125	70	179	2	810
	T	11	89	260	306	213	104	328	4	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	1	2	2	3	2	0	2	0	12
	CLCC	2	9	24	13	12	5	10	0	75
	EVCC	0	2	7	6	11	3	16	0	45
	FSCC	0	4	7	6	5	0	18	0	40
	GHCC	0	1	7	4	4	1	3	0	20
	HCC	0	3	3	7	6	9	3	0	31
	OVTI	0	1	2	6	6	1	13	0	29
	PCC	1	3	1	2	2	0	3	0	12
	SHCC	1	3	9	5	4	5	5	0	32
	SVCC	0	1	5	10	4	1	11	0	32
	SPCC	0	1	1	2	3	1	6	0	14
	TCC	1	10	23	15	17	4	45	2	117
	WWCC	0	4	4	1	6	0	6	0	21
	WVCC	0	0	0	2	5	3	4	0	14
	WCC	0	0	3	2	1	1	4	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	4	3	3	1	0	0	11
	CCC	1	3	13	21	4	0	10	1	53
	CLCC	1	5	15	16	9	8	13	0	67
	CBCC	0	2	4	3	2	1	14	0	26
	EVCC	2	5	25	45	13	13	29	0	132
	GRCC	0	1	14	19	10	4	11	0	59
	OCC	0	6	12	23	14	8	47	0	110
	SCCC	0	7	19	24	19	14	23	0	106
	SNCC	0	2	3	4	4	1	6	0	20
	SSCC	0	0	7	21	10	7	8	1	54
	SHCC	0	5	25	24	23	9	8	0	94
	SPCC	1	2	3	6	3	1	3	0	19
	WWCC	0	5	8	6	3	2	1	0	25
	YVCC	0	2	10	7	8	1	6	0	34

CODING

1 - 18 - 19

2 - 20 - 21

3 - 22 - 23

4 - 24 - 25

5 - 26 - 27

6 - 28 - 29

7 - 30 or over

0 - No response

Table 1a

AGE (AT COLLECTION OF DATA)

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE O		1.19	8.71	19.41	16.63	17.43	6.73	29.50	.40	100
STATE N-O		.62	5.56	20	27.11	15.43	8.64	22.10	.25	100.01
STATE T		.84	6.77	19.77	23.27	16.20	7.91	24.94	.30	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	8.33	16.67	16.67	25	16.67	0	16.67	0	100.01
	CLCC	2.67	12	32	17.33	16	6.67	13.33	0	100.01
	EVCC	0	4.44	15.56	13.33	24.44	6.67	35.56	0	100
	FSCC	0	10	17.5	15	12.5	0	45	0	100
	GHCC	0	5	35	20	20	5	15	0	100
	HCC	0	9.68	9.68	22.58	19.35	29.03	9.68	0	100
	OVTI	0	3.45	6.90	20.69	20.69	3.45	44.83	0	100.01
	PCC	8.33	25	8.33	16.67	16.67	0	25	0	100
	SHCC	3.13	9.38	28.13	15.63	12.50	15.63	15.63	0	100.03
	SVCC	0	3.13	15.63	31.25	12.50	3.13	34.38	0	100.02
	SPCC	0	7.14	7.14	14.29	21.43	7.14	42.86	0	100
	TCC	.85	8.55	19.66	12.82	14.53	3.42	38.46	1.71	100
	WWCC	0	19.05	19.05	4.76	28.57	0	28.57	0	100
	WVCC	0	0	0	14.29	35.71	21.43	28.57	0	100
	WCC	0	0	27.27	18.18	9.09	9.09	36.36	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	36.36	27.27	27.27	9.09	0	0	99.99
	CCC	1.89	5.66	24.53	39.62	7.55	0	18.87	1.89	100.01
	CLCC	1.49	7.46	22.39	23.88	13.43	11.94	19.40	0	99.9
	CBCC	0	7.69	15.38	11.54	7.69	3.85	53.85	0	100
	EVCC	1.52	3.79	18.94	34.09	9.85	9.85	21.97	0	100.01
	GRCC	0	1.69	23.73	32.20	16.95	6.78	18.64	0	99.99
	OCC	0	5.45	10.91	20.91	12.73	7.27	42.73	0	100
	SCCC	0	6.60	17.92	22.64	17.92	13.21	21.70	0	99.99
	SNCC	0	10	15	20	20	5	30	0	100
	SSCC	0	0	12.96	38.89	18.52	12.96	14.81	1.85	99.99
	SHCC	0	5.32	26.60	25.53	24.47	9.57	8.51	0	100
	SPCC	5.26	10.53	15.79	31.58	15.79	5.26	15.79	0	100
	WWCC	0	20	32	24	12	8	4	0	100
	YVCC	0	5.88	29.41	20.59	23.53	2.94	17.65	0	100

Table 1b

CODING

1 - 18 - 19

2 - 20 - 21

3 - 22 - 23

4 - 24 - 25

5 - 26 - 27

6 - 28 - 29

7 - 30 or over

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The bulk of those sampled in the state (59.24%) fall within the 22 to 27 age group with only 24.29% over 30, leaving the state many younger veterans attempting to educate themselves.

2. There appears to be no major differences between outreach and non-outreach on the state level.

SEX

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	489	13	3	505
	N-O	782	28	0	810
	T	127	41	3	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	11	1	0	12
	CLCC	71	4	0	75
	EVCC	43	2	0	45
	FSCC	39	1	0	40
	GHCC	20	0	0	20
	HCC	30	1	0	31
	OVTI	28	1	0	29
	PCC	12	0	0	12
	SHCC	31	0	1	32
	SVCC	30	1	1	32
	SPCC	14	0	0	14
	TCC	115	1	1	17
	WWCC	21	0	0	21
	WVCC	14	0	0	14
	WCC	10	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	11	0	0	11
	CCC	51	2	0	53
	CLCC	65	2	0	67
	CBCC	24	2	0	26
	EVCC	129	3	0	132
	GRCC	59	0	0	59
	OCC	104	6	0	110
	SCCC	102	4	0	106
	SNCC	19	1	0	20
	SSCC	51	3	0	54
	SHCC	92	2	0	94
	SPCC	18	1	0	19
	WWCC	24	1	0	25
	YVCC	33	1	0	34

CODING

1 - Male

2 - Female

0 - No response

Table 2a

SEX

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		96.83	2.57	.59	99.99
N-O		96.54	3.46	0	100
T		96.65	3.12	.23	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	91.67	8.33	0	100
	CLCC	94.67	5.33	0	100
	EVCC	95.56	4.44	0	100
	ESCC	97.50	2.50	0	100
	GHCC	100	0	0	100
	HCC	96.77	3.23	0	100
	OVTI	96.55	3.45	0	100
	PCC	100	0	0	100
	SHCC	96.88	0	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	93.75	3.13	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	100	0	0	100
	TCC	98.29	.85	.85	99.99
	WWCC	100	0	0	100
	WVCC	100	0	0	100
	WCC	90.91	9.09	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC				
	CCC	96.23	3.77	0	100
	CLCC	97.01	2.99	0	100
	CBCC	92.31	7.69	0	100
	EVCC	97.73	2.27	0	100
	GRCC	100	0	0	100
	OCC	94.55	5.45	0	100
	SCCC	96.23	3.77	0	100
	SNCC	95	5	0	100
	SSCC	94.44	5.56	0	100
	SHCC	97.87	2.13	0	100
	SPCC	94.74	5.26	0	100
	WWCC	96	4	0	100
	YVCC	97.06	2.94	0	100

CODING

1 - Male

2 - Female

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The sample is consistent with the overwhelming majority of veterans being male. It is believed a representative sample of females was taken.

Table 2b

	COLLEGE	RACE 1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	444	40	2	13	4	2	505
	N-C	740	34	6	8	12	10	810
	T	1184	70	8	21	16	12	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	10	1	0	1	0	0	12
	CLCC	70	2	0	3	0	0	75
	EVCC	43	1	1	0	0	0	45
	FSCC	28	11	0	1	0	0	40
	GHCC	20	0	0	0	0	0	20
	HCC	30	1	0	0	0	0	31
	OVTI	27	0	0	1	1	0	29
	PCC	12	0	0	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	29	1	1	0	0	1	32
	SVCC	31	1	0	0	0	0	32
	SPCC	14	0	0	0	0	0	14
	TCC	91	19	0	3	3	1	117
	WWCC	17	3	0	1	0	0	21
	WVCC	14	0	0	0	0	0	14
	WCC	8	0	0	3	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	11	0	0	0	0	0	11
	CCC	52	0	0	1	0	0	53
	CLCC	64	0	2	0	0	1	67
	CBCC	25	1	0	0	0	0	26
	EVCC	126	1	0	0	1	4	132
	GRCC	59	0	0	0	0	0	59
	OCC	106	0	1	3	0	0	110
	SCCC	65	27	1	3	9	1	106
	SNCC	19	0	0	0	1	0	20
	SSCC	48	3	1	1	0	1	54
	SHCC	90	1	0	0	1	2	94
	SPCC	19	0	0	0	0	0	19
	WWCC	23	1	1	0	0	0	25
	YVCC	33	0	0	0	0	1	34

CODING

1 - Caucasian

2 - Black

3 - Indian

4 - Mexican-American

5 - Asian

0 - No response

Table 3a

RACE

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	87.92	7.92	.40	2.57	.79	.40	100
	N-O	91.36	4.20	.74	.99	1.48	1.23	100
	T	90.04	5.63	.61	1.60	1.22	.91	100.01
OUTREACH	BBCC	83.33	8.33	0	8.33	0	0	99.99
	CLCC	93.33	2.67	0	4	0	0	100
	EVCC	95.56	2.22	2.22	0	0	0	100
	FSCC	70	27.50	0	2.50	0	0	100
	GHCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	HCC	96.77	3.23	0	0	0	0	100
	OVTI	93.10	0	0	3.45	3.45	0	100
	PCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	90.63	3.13	3.13	0	0	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	96.88	3.13	0	0	0	0	100.01
	SPCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	TCC	77.78	16.24	0	2.56	2.56	.85	99.99
	WWCC	80.95	14.29	0	4.76	0	0	100
	WVCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	WCC	72.73	0	0	27.27	0	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	CCC	98.11	0	0	1.89	0	0	100
	CLCC	95.52	0	2.99	0	0	1.49	100
	CBCC	96.15	3.85	0	0	0	0	100
	EVCC	95.45	.76	0	0	.76	3.03	100
	GRCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	OCC	96.36	0	.91	2.73	0	0	100
	SCCC	61.32	25.47	.94	2.83	8.49	.94	99.99
	SNCC	95	0	0	0	5	0	100
	SSCC	88.89	5.56	1.85	1.85	0	1.85	100
	SHCC	95.74	1.06	0	0	1.06	2.13	99.99
	SPCC	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
	WWCC	92	4	4	0	0	0	100
	YVCC	97.06	0	0	0	0	2.94	100

CODING

1 - Caucasian

2 - Black

3 - Indian

4 - Mexican-American

5 - Asian

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. It's not surprising that the large majority of the veterans fall within the caucasian category.

Table 3b

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE O		153	312	36	4	505
STATE N-O		297	454	57	2	810
STATE T		450	766	93	6	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	6	6	0	0	12
	CLCC	30	38	7	0	75
	EVCC	7	34	3	1	45
	FSCC	12	26	2	0	40
	GHCC	8	8	4	0	20
	HCC	12	17	2	0	31
	OVTI	6	20	3	0	29
	PCC	6	6	0	0	12
	SHCC	9	22	0	1	32
	SVCC	8	20	4	0	32
	SPCC	2	11	1	0	14
	TCC	32	76	7	2	117
	WWCC	10	9	2	0	21
	WVCC	5	9	0	0	14
	WCC	0	10	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	5	5	1	0	11
	CCC	15	35	3	0	53
	CLCC	23	38	6	0	67
	CBCC	6	18	2	0	26
	EVCC	50	71	10	1	132
	GRCC	24	32	3	0	59
	OCC	22	85	3	0	110
	SCCC	51	42	13	0	106
	SNCC	5	13	2	0	20
	SSCC	29	21	3	1	54
	SHCC	40	48	6	0	94
	SPCC	5	14	0	0	19
	WWCC	10	14	1	0	25
	YVCC	12	18	4	0	34

MARITAL STATUS
CODING

1 - Single

2 - Married

3 - Divorced

0 - No response

Table 4a

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	30.30	61.78	7.13	.79	100
	N-O	36.67	56.05	7.04	.25	100.01
	T	34.22	58.25	7.07	.46	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	50	50	0	0	100
	CLCC	40	50.67	9.33	0	100
	EVCC	15.56	75.56	6.67	2.22	100.01
	FSCC	30	65	5	0	100
	GHCC	40	40	20	0	100
	HCC	38.71	54.84	6.45	0	100
	OVTI	20.69	68.97	10.34	0	100
	PCC	50	50	0	0	100
	SHCC	28.13	68.75	0	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	25	62.50	12.50	0	100
	SPCC	14.29	78.57	7.14	0	100
	TCC	27.35	64.96	5.98	1.71	100
	WWCC	47.62	42.86	9.52	0	100
	WVCC	35.71	64.29	0	0	100
	WCC	0	90.91	9.09	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	45.45	45.45	9.09	0	99.99
	CCC	28.30	66.04	5.66	0	100
	CLCC	34.33	56.72	8.96	0	100.01
	CBCC	23.08	69.23	7.69	0	100
	EVCC	37.88	53.79	7.58	.76	100.01
	GRCC	40.68	54.24	5.08	0	100
	OCC	20	77.27	2.72	0	99.99
	SCCC	48.11	39.62	12.26	0	99.99
	SNCC	25	65	10	0	100
	SSCC	53.70	38.89	5.56	1.85	100
	SHCC	42.55	51.06	6.38	0	99.99
	SPCC	26.32	73.68	0	0	100
	WWCC	40	56	4	0	100
	YVCC	35.29	52.94	11.76	0	99.99

MARITAL STATUS

CODING

1 - Single

2 - Married

3 - Divorced

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Although the majority of the total veterans are married, a large number of them are single (32.22%).

Table 4b

	COLLEGE	NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS (NOT COUNTING YOURSELF) 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE		161	79	91	84	47	17	14	12	505
		316	154	129	109	45	21	23	13	810
		477	233	220	193	92	38	37	25	1315
		6	2	1	2	0	1	0	0	12
OUTREACH	BBCC	31	10	12	12	6	2	0	2	75
	CLCC	9	7	11	7	5	1	4	1	45
	EVCC	10	7	8	6	6	1	0	2	40
	FSCC	8	5	4	1	2	0	0	0	20
	GHCC	11	7	6	4	1	0	1	1	31
	HCC	6	7	6	4	4	1	1	0	29
	OVTI	5	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	12
	PCC	11	7	5	5	3	0	0	1	32
	SHCC	10	3	6	5	2	4	1	1	32
	SVCC	4	1	3	4	0	1	1	0	14
	SPCC	34	15	21	23	13	4	4	3	117
	TCC	9	3	3	2	1	2	0	1	21
	WWCC	6	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	14
	WVCC	1	2	1	4	3	0	0	0	11
	WCC									
		6	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	16	13	10	10	1	1	2	0	53
	CCC	24	16	15	5	5	0	2	0	67
	CLCC	7	3	5	3	5	0	3	0	26
	CBCC	56	17	17	22	8	4	4	4	132
	EVCC	27	10	6	10	2	2	1	1	59
	GRCC	24	17	22	20	13	6	7	1	110
	OCC	49	25	18	6	0	3	2	3	106
	SCCC	5	4	3	6	1	0	1	0	20
	SNCC	29	10	3	6	3	1	1	1	54
	SSCC	46	17	16	11	2	1	0	1	94
	SHCC	4	4	5	2	2	1	0	1	19
	SPCC	10	5	6	3	0	1	0	0	25
	WWCC	13	9	2	5	3	1	0	1	34
	YVCC									

Table 5a

CODING

1 - 0 None

2 - 1

3 - 2

4 - 3

5 - 4

6 - 5

7 - 6 or more

0 - No response

NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS (NOT COUNTING YOURSELF)

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	31.88	15.64	18.02	16.36	9.31	3.37	2.77	2.83	100
	N-O	39.01	19.01	15.93	13.46	5.56	2.59	2.84	1.60	100
	T	36.27	17.72	16.73	14.68	7	2.89	2.81	1.90	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	50	16.67	8.33	16.67	0	8.33	0	0	100
	CLCC	41.33	13.33	16	16	8	2.67	0	2.67	100
	EVCC	20	15.56	24.44	15.56	11.11	2.22	8.89	2.22	100
	FSCC	25	17.50	20	15	15	2.50	0	5	100
	GHCC	40	25	20	5	10	0	0	0	100
	HCC	35.48	22.58	19.35	12.90	3.23	0	3.23	3.23	100
	OVTI	20.69	24.14	20.69	13.79	13.79	3.45	3.45	0	100
	PCC	41.67	25	8.33	8.33	0	0	16.67	0	100
	SHCC	34.38	21.88	15.63	15.63	9.38	0	0	3.13	100.03
	SVCC	31.25	9.38	18.75	15.63	6.25	12.50	3.13	3.13	100.02
	SPCC	28.57	7.14	21.43	28.57	0	7.14	7.14	0	99.99
	TCC	29.06	12.82	17.95	19.66	11.11	3.42	3.42	2.56	100
	WWCC	42.86	14.29	14.29	9.52	4.76	9.52	0	4.76	100
	WVCC	42.86	0	21.43	28.57	7.14	0	0	0	100
	WCC	9.09	18.18	9.09	36.36	27.27	0	0	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	54.55	36.36	9.09	0	0	0	0	0	100
	CCC	30.19	24.53	18.87	18.87	1.89	1.89	3.77	0	100.01
	CLCC	35.82	23.88	22.39	7.46	7.46	0	2.99	0	100
	CBCC	26.92	11.54	19.23	11.54	19.23	0	11.54	0	100
	EVCC	42.42	12.88	12.88	16.67	6.06	3.03	3.03	3.03	100
	GRCC	45.76	16.95	10.17	16.95	3.39	3.39	1.69	1.69	99.99
	OCC	21.82	15.45	20	18.18	11.82	5.45	6.36	.91	99.99
	SCCC	46.23	23.58	16.98	5.66	0	2.83	1.89	2.83	100
	SNCC	25	20	15	30	5	0	5	0	100
	SSCC	53.70	18.52	5.56	11.11	5.56	1.85	1.85	1.85	100
	SHCC	48.94	18.09	17.02	11.70	2.13	1.06	0	1.06	100
	SPCC	21.05	21.05	26.32	10.53	10.53	5.26	0	5.26	100
	WWCC	40	20	24	12	0	4	0	0	100
	YVCC	38.24	26.47	5.88	14.71	8.82	2.94	0	2.94	100

CODING

1 - 0 None

2 - 1

3 - 2

4 - 3

5 - 4

6 - 5

7 - 6 or more

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Very few veterans have more than 3 dependents.

Table 5b

	COLLEGE	BRANCH OF SERVICE 1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE N-O-T		242	76	41	123	12	6	5	505
		328	132	81	231	18	8	12	810
		570	208	122	354	30	14	17	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	6	2	1	3	0	0	0	12
	CLCC	39	8	7	21	0	0	0	75
	EVCC	14	12	7	9	1	1	1	45
	FSCC	23	7	2	5	0	3	0	40
	GHCC	6	2	3	9	0	0	0	20
	HCC	14	6	2	6	3	0	0	31
	OVTI	13	6	1	7	1	1	0	29
	PCC	9	0	0	3	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	11	6	6	6	2	0	1	32
	SVCC	13	5	1	13	0	0	0	32
	SPCC	6	4	0	3	1	0	0	14
	TCC	67	16	5	21	4	1	3	117
	WWCC	10	1	2	8	0	0	0	21
	WVCC	5	0	2	7	0	0	0	14
	WCC	6	1	2	2	0	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	6	1	0	4	0	0	0	11
	CCC	29	5	5	11	1	2	0	53
	CLCC	32	9	2	20	2	1	1	67
	CBCC	10	5	2	8	1	0	0	26
	EVCC	48	28	11	39	3	0	3	132
	GRCC	19	8	4	22	3	1	2	59
	OCC	28	19	15	44	0	3	1	110
	SCCC	58	16	5	21	3	0	3	106
	SNCC	8	3	2	7	0	0	0	20
	SSCC	21	16	8	9	0	0	0	54
	SHCC	43	12	13	20	4	1	1	94
	SPCC	6	5	1	6	0	0	1	19
	WWCC	6	1	10	8	0	0	0	25
	YVCC	14	4	3	12	1	0	0	34

CODING

1 - U.S. Army

2 - U.S. Air Force

3 - U.S. Marine Corps

4 - U.S. Navy

5 - U.S. Coast Guard

6 - More than one branch

0 - No response

Table 6a

		BRANCH OF SERVICE							
	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	47.92	15.05	8.12	24.36	2.38	1.19	.99	100.01
	N-O	40.49	16.30	10	28.52	2.22	.99	1.48	100
	T	43.35	15.82	9.28	24.92	2.28	1.06	1.29	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	50	16.67	8.33	25	0	0	0	100
	CLCC	52	10.67	9.33	28	0	0	0	100
	EVCC	31.11	26.67	15.56	20	2.22	2.22	2.22	100
	FSCC	57.50	17.50	5	12.50	0	7.50	0	100
	GHCC	30	10	15	45	0	0	0	100
	HCC	45.16	19.35	6.45	19.35	9.68	0	0	99.99
	OVTI	44.83	20.69	3.45	24.14	3.45	3.45	0	100.01
	PCC	75	0	0	25	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	34.38	18.75	18.75	18.75	6.25	0	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	40.63	15.63	3.13	40.63	0	0	0	100.02
	SPCC	42.86	28.57	0	21.43	7.14	0	0	100
	TCC	57.26	13.68	4.27	17.95	3.42	.85	2.56	99.99
	WWCC	47.62	4.76	9.52	38.10	0	0	0	100
	WVCC	35.71	0	14.29	50	0	0	0	100
	WCC	54.55	9.09	18.18	18.18	0	0	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	54.55	9.09	0	36.36	0	0	0	100
	CCC	54.72	9.43	9.43	20.75	1.89	3.77	0	99.99
	CLCC	47.76	13.43	2.99	29.85	2.99	1.49	1.49	100
	CBCC	38.46	19.23	7.69	30.77	3.85	0	0	100
	EVCC	36.36	21.21	8.33	29.55	2.27	0	2.27	99.99
	GRCC	32.20	13.56	6.78	37.29	5.08	1.69	3.39	99.99
	OCC	25.45	17.27	13.64	40	0	2.73	.91	100
	SCCC	54.72	15.09	4.72	19.81	2.83	0	2.83	100
	SNCC	40	15	10	35	0	0	0	100
	SSCC	38.89	29.63	14.81	16.67	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	45.74	12.77	13.83	21.28	4.26	1.06	1.06	100
	SPCC	31.58	26.32	5.26	31.58	0	0	5.26	100
	WWCC	24	4	40	32	0	0	0	100
	YVCC	41.18	11.76	8.82	35.29	2.94	0	0	99.99

CODING

1 - U.S. Army

2 - U.S. Air Force

3 - U.S. Marine Corps

4 - U.S. Navy

5 - U.S. Coast Guard

6 - More than one branch

0 - No response

Table 6b

		YEAR OF ENTRY INTO MILITARY									
	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE C		119	67	189	69	29	24	0	0	8	505
STATE N-C		120	130	396	88	43	16	1	0	16	810
STATE T		239	197	585	157	72	40	1	0	24	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	1	4	3	2	0	0	0	0	12
	CLCC	7	10	32	17	4	3	0	0	2	75
	EVCC	12	10	15	3	3	1	0	0	1	45
	FSCC	15	3	10	6	3	3	0	0	0	40
	GHCC	2	2	12	2	1	1	0	0	0	20
	HCC	1	7	17	3	3	0	0	0	0	31
	OVTI	13	2	10	4	0	0	0	0	0	29
	PCC	3	1	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	2	8	10	5	3	3	0	0	1	32
	SVCC	8	2	16	4	2	0	0	0	0	32
	SPCC	5	2	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	14
	TCC	36	11	35	16	6	9	0	0	4	117
	WWCC	4	4	8	4	0	1	0	0	0	21
	WVCC	5	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
	WCC	4	1	5	0	0	1	0	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	11
	CCC	6	3	33	5	2	3	0	0	1	53
	CLCC	9	10	33	10	3	1	0	0	1	67
	CBCC	12	2	6	4	2	0	0	0	0	26
	EVCC	23	19	56	18	9	4	0	0	3	132
	GRCC	9	8	33	5	2	0	0	0	2	59
	OCC	36	22	37	6	6	1	0	0	2	110
	SCCC	11	25	45	12	7	3	0	0	3	106
	SNCC	2	6	9	1	1	1	0	0	0	20
	SSCC	6	8	35	4	1	0	0	0	0	54
	SHCC	3	17	57	10	6	0	0	0	1	94
	SPCC	1	2	9	2	0	2	1	0	2	19
	WWCC	1	1	15	4	2	1	0	0	1	25
	YVCC	1	7	19	5	2	0	0	0	0	34

CODING

1 - Before 1960

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

0 - No response

Table 7a

		YEAR OF ENTRY INTO MILITARY									
	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	23.56	13.27	37.43	13.66	5.74	4.75	0	0	1.58	99.99
	N-O	14.81	16.05	48.89	10.86	5.31	1.98	.12	0	1.98	100
	T	18.17	14.98	44.49	11.94	5.48	3.04	.08	0	1.83	100.01
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	8.33	33.33	25	16.67	0	0	0	0	100
	CLCC	9.33	13.33	42.67	22.67	5.33	4	0	0	2.67	100
	EVCC	26.67	22.22	33.33	6.67	6.67	2.22	0	0	2.22	100
	FSCC	37.50	7.50	25	15	7.50	7.50	0	0	0	100
	GHCC	10	10	60	10	5	5	0	0	0	100
	HCC	3.23	22.58	54.84	9.68	9.68	0	0	0	0	100.01
	OVTI	44.83	6.90	34.48	13.79	0	0	0	0	0	100
	PCC	25	8.33	25	8.33	16.67	16.67	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	6.25	25	31.25	15.63	9.38	9.38	0	0	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	25	6.25	50	12.50	6.25	0	0	0	0	100
	SPCC	35.71	14.29	42.86	7.14	0	0	0	0	0	100
	TCC	30.77	9.40	29.91	13.68	5.13	7.69	0	0	3.42	100
	WWCC	19.05	19.05	38.10	19.05	0	4.76	0	0	0	100.01
	WVCC	35.71	21.43	42.86	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
	WCC	36.36	9.09	45.45	0	0	9.09	0	0	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	81.82	18.18	0	0	0	0	0	100
	CCC	11.32	5.66	62.26	9.43	3.77	5.66	0	0	1.89	99.99
	CLCC	13.43	14.93	49.25	14.93	4.48	1.49	0	0	1.49	100
	CBCC	46.15	7.69	23.08	15.33	7.69	0	0	0	0	99.99
	EVCC	17.42	14.39	42.42	13.64	6.82	3.03	0	0	2.27	99.99
	GRCC	15.25	13.56	55.93	8.47	3.39	0	0	0	3.39	99.99
	OCC	32.73	20	33.64	5.45	5.45	.91	0	0	1.82	100
	SCCC	10.38	23.58	42.45	11.32	6.60	2.83	0	0	2.83	99.99
	SNCC	10	30	45	5	5	5	0	0	0	100
	SSCC	11.11	14.81	64.81	7.41	1.85	0	0	0	0	99.99
	SHCC	3.19	18.09	60.64	10.64	6.38	0	0	0	1.06	100
	SPCC	5.26	10.53	47.37	10.53	0	10.53	5.26	0	10.53	100.01
	WWCC	4	4	60	16	8	4	0	0	4	100
	YVCC	2.94	20.59	55.88	14.71	5.88	0	0	0	0	100

CODING

1 - Before 1960

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 65.03% of the total veterans entered the service in the Vietnam-era.

Table 7b

HOW OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST ENTERED MILITARY SERVICE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	110	152	109	68	26	10	11	5	6	8	505
	N-O	171	242	209	106	34	11	12	6	4	15	810
	T	281	394	318	174	60	21	23	11	10	23	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	4	2	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	12
	CLCC	22	23	17	2	4	3	2	0	0	2	75
	EVCC	11	13	11	8	0	1	0	0	0	1	45
	FSCC	8	18	2	5	4	0	1	1	1	0	40
	GHCC	4	6	5	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	20
	HCC	1	4	11	8	5	2	0	0	0	0	31
	OVTI	8	10	5	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	29
	PCC	2	4	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	7	11	7	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	32
	SVCC	5	9	10	4	2	1	0	1	0	0	32
	SPCC	7	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
	TCC	19	32	25	16	6	3	5	3	4	4	117
	WWCC	5	8	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	21
	WVCC	4	6	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
	WCC	3	2	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	3	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	11
	CCC	12	19	15	5	0	0	0	0	1		53
	CLCC	19	15	17	10	4	0	0	1	0	1	67
	CBCC	9	4	8	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	26
	EVCC	24	37	39	18	3	1	4	2	1	3	132
	GRCC	13	18	12	9	4	1	0	0	0	2	59
	OCC	30	34	24	12	4	0	3	1	2	0	110
	SCCC	19	34	25	13	7	3	1	1	3	0	106
	SNCC	5	7	1	2	2	3	0	0	0	0	20
	SSCC	3	20	17	9	3	0	0	1	0	1	54
	SHCC	18	29	25	15	3	0	3	0	0	1	94
	SPCC	4	5	4	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	19
	WWCC	8	8	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	25
	YVCC	5	9	12	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	34

CODING

1 - 17

2 - 18

3 - 19

4 - 20

5 - 21

6 - 22

7 - 23

8 - 24

9 - 25 or more

0 - No response

Table 8a

HOW OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST ENTERED MILITARY SERVICE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	21.78	30.10	21.58	13.47	5.15	1.98	2.18	.99	1.19	1.58	100
	N-O	21.11	29.88	25.80	13.09	4.20	1.36	1.48	.74	.49	1.85	100
	T	21.37	29.96	24.18	13.23	4.56	1.60	1.75	.84	.76	1.75	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	33.33	16.67	33.33	8.33	8.33	0	0	0	0	0	99.99
	CLCC	29.33	30.67	22.67	2.67	5.33	4	2.67	0	0	2.67	100.01
	EVCC	24.44	28.89	24.44	17.78	0	2.22	0	0	0	2.22	99.99
	FSCC	20	45	5	12.50	10	0	2.50	2.50	2.50	0	100
	GHCC	20	30	25	15	0	0	5	0	5	0	100
	HCC	3.23	12.90	35.48	25.81	16.13	6.45	0	0	0	0	100
	OVTI	27.59	34.48	17.24	13.79	3.45	0	3.45	0	0	0	100
	PCC	16.67	33.33	16.67	25	8.33	0	0	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	21.88	34.38	21.88	15.63	3.13	0	0	0	0	3.13	100.03
	SVCC	15.63	28.13	31.25	12.50	6.25	3.13	0	3.13	0	0	100.02
	SPCC	50	28.57	7.14	14.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
	TCC	16.24	27.35	21.37	13.68	5.13	2.56	4.27	2.56	3.42	3.42	100
	WWCC	23.81	38.10	19.05	14.29	4.76	0	0	0	0	0	100.01
	WVCC	28.57	42.86	14.29	14.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.01
	WCC	27.27	18.18	27.27	18.18	0	0	9.09	0	0	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	27.27	27.27	9.09	9.09	9.09	0	0	0	0	99.99
	CCC	22.64	35.85	28.30	9.43	0	0	0	0	1.89	1.89	100
	CLCC	28.36	22.39	25.37	14.93	5.97	0	0	1.49	0	1.49	100
	CBCC	34.62	15.38	30.77	11.54	0	0	0	0	7.69	0	100
	EVCC	18.18	28.03	29.55	13.64	2.27	.76	3.03	1.52	.76	2.27	100.01
	GRCC	22.03	30.51	20.34	15.25	6.78	1.69	0	0	0	3.39	99.99
	OCC	27.27	30.91	21.82	10.91	3.64	0	2.73	.91	1.82	0	100.01
	SCCC	17.92	32.08	23.58	12.26	6.60	2.83	.94	.94	2.83	0	99.98
	SNCC	25	35	5	10	10	15	0	0	0	0	100
	SSCC	5.56	37.04	31.48	16.67	5.56	0	0	1.85	0	1.85	100.01
	SHCC	19.15	30.85	26.60	15.96	3.19	0	3.19	0	0	1.06	100
	SPCC	21.05	26.32	21.05	21.05	0	0	5.26	0	0	5.26	99.99
	WWCC	32	32	28	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	100
	YVCC	14.71	26.47	35.29	11.76	8.82	2.94	0	0	0	0	99.99

CODING

1 - 17

2 - 18

3 - 19

4 - 20

5 - 21

6 - 22

7 - 23

8 - 24

9 - 25

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. A surprisingly high number of the total veterans entered the service at the age of 17 (21.37%).

2. The high majority of the total veterans entered the service from 17 to 20 years old (88.74%).

3. Almost no veterans entered the service after age 24 (.76%).

Table 8b

	COLLEGE	DATE OF SEPARATION FROM MILITARY									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	17	50	97	58	65	74	87	47	10	505
	N-C	35	67	177	83	121	152	139	23	13	810
	T	52	117	274	141	186	226	226	70	23	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	2	0	1	8	1	0	0	12
	CLCC	3	10	9	9	12	12	13	4	3	75
	EVCC	0	9	15	7	1	6	5	1	1	45
	FSCC	0	0	7	1	8	8	9	7	0	40
	GHCC	0	0	3	3	3	1	9	1	0	20
	HCC	0	0	9	2	5	7	6	2	0	31
	OVTI	3	4	6	3	4	2	5	2	0	29
	PCC	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	3	0	12
	SHCC	0	5	5	3	6	2	1	9	1	32
	SVCC	1	1	4	4	6	6	8	2	0	32
	SPCC	1	2	4	3	0	2	2	0	0	14
	TCC	5	13	22	13	11	13	21	15	4	117
	WWCC	0	1	5	3	2	4	6	0	0	21
	WVCC	1	2	2	5	2	1	0	0	1	14
	WCC	1	2	2	1	3	1	0	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	2	1	2	5	1	0	0	11
	CCC	2	3	5	9	11	11	10	1	1	53
	CLCC	2	6	7	6	15	16	10	2	3	67
	CBCC	2	4	7	1	3	5	3	0	1	26
	EVCC	7	11	30	17	13	23	24	7	0	132
	GRCC	3	5	11	4	10	12	12	1	1	59
	OCC	6	19	28	7	12	15	17	4	2	110
	SCCC	5	10	36	8	17	15	14	1	0	106
	SNCC	1	1	5	1	4	2	5	0	1	20
	SSCC	4	2	14	7	9	11	5	0	2	54
	SHCC	1	2	20	11	14	22	22	0	2	94
	SPCC	0	1	4	4	3	0	2	5	0	19
	WWCC	1	0	3	2	5	7	6	1	0	25
	YVCC	1	3	5	5	3	8	8	1	0	34

CODING

1 - Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

0 - No response

Table 9a

	COLLEGE	DATE OF SEPARATION FROM MILITARY 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	3.37	9.90	19.21	11.49	12.87	14.65	17.23	9.31	1.98	100.01
	N-O	4.32	8.27	21.85	10.25	14.94	18.77	17.16	2.84	1.60	100
	T	3.95	8.90	20.84	10.72	14.14	17.19	17.19	5.32	1.75	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	16.67	0	8.33	66.67	8.33	0	0	100
	CLCC	4	13.33	12	12	16	16	17.33	5.33	4	99.99
	EVCC	0	20	33.33	15.56	2.22	13.33	11.11	2.22	2.22	99.99
	FSCC	0	0	17.50	2.50	20	20	22.50	17.50	0	100
	GHCC	0	0	15	15	15	5	45	5	0	100
	HCC	0	0	29.03	6.46	16.13	22.58	19.35	6.45	0	99.99
	OVTI	10.43	13.79	20.69	10.34	13.79	6.90	17.24	6.90	0	99.99
	PCC	16.67	8.33	16.67	8.33	8.33	8.33	8.33	25	0	99.99
	SHCC	0	15.63	15.63	9.38	18.75	6.25	3.13	28.13	3.13	100.03
	SVCC	3.13	3.13	12.50	12.50	18.75	18.75	25	6.25	0	100.01
	SPCC	7.14	14.29	28.57	21.43	0	14.29	14.29	0	0	100.01
	TCC	4.27	11.11	18.80	11.11	9.40	11.11	17.95	12.82	3.42	99.99
	WWCC	0	4.76	23.81	14.29	9.52	19.05	28.57	0	0	100
	WVCC	7.14	14.29	14.29	35.71	14.29	7.14	0	0	7.14	100
	WCC	9.09	18.18	18.18	9.09	27.27	9.09	0	9.09	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	18.18	9.09	18.18	45.45	9.09	0	0	99.99
	CCC	3.77	5.66	9.43	16.98	20.75	20.75	18.87	1.89	1.89	99.99
	CLCC	2.99	8.96	10.45	8.96	22.39	23.88	14.93	2.99	4.48	100.03
	CBCC	7.69	15.38	26.92	3.85	11.54	19.23	11.54	0	3.85	100
	EVCC	5.30	8.33	22.73	12.88	9.85	17.42	18.18	5.30	0	99.99
	GRCC	5.08	8.47	18.64	6.78	16.95	20.43	20.34	1.69	1.69	99.98
	OCC	5.45	17.27	25.45	6.36	10.91	13.64	15.45	3.64	1.82	99.99
	SCCC	4.72	9.43	33.96	7.55	16.04	14.15	13.21	.94	0	100
	SNCC	5	5	25	5	20	10	25	0	5	100
	SSCC	7.41	3.70	25.93	12.96	16.67	20.37	9.26	0	3.70	100
	SHCC	1.06	2.13	21.28	11.70	14.89	23.40	23.40	0	2.13	99.99
	SPCC	0	5.26	21.05	21.05	15.79	0	10.53	26.32	0	100
	WWCC	4	0	12	8	20	28	24	4	0	100
	YVCC	2.94	8.82	14.71	14.71	8.82	23.53	23.53	2.94	0	100

Table 9b

CODING

1 - Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959

2 - 1960 - August 4, 1964

3 - August 5, 1964 - 1968

4 - 1969

5 - 1970

6 - 1971

7 - 1972

8 - 1973

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 85.40% of the total veterans are Vietnam-era veterans; (20.37% of them were in the service prior to the Vietnam-era, with the active duty time running into the Vietnam-period.

HOW MANY YEARS WERE YOU ON ACTIVE DUTY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	11	115	115	163	24	9	61	7	505
	N-O	20	202	192	313	29	12	33	9	810
	T	31	317	307	476	53	21	94	16	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	5	1	2	0	0	21	0	12
	CLCC	5	26	16	26	0	0	1	1	75
	EVCC	1	9	9	15	2	2	6	1	45
	FSCC	0	3	12	8	2	1	14	0	40
	GHCC	0	4	4	8	2	0	2	0	20
	HCC	0	7	4	17	2	0	1	0	31
	OVTI	1	3	4	8	4	2	7	0	29
	PCC	0	8	1	3	0	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	0	9	9	11	2	0	0	1	32
	SVCC	0	3	9	14	0	3	3	0	32
	SPCC	0	4	5	3	0	0	2	0	14
	TCC	1	23	27	36	7	1	18	4	117
	WWCC	0	6	6	5	2	0	2	0	21
	WVCC	1	1	4	6	1	0	1	0	14
	WCC	0	4	4	1	0	0	2	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	2	3	6	0	0	0	0	11
	CCC	1	17	18	13	1	0	2	1	53
	CLCC	1	14	19	27	1	1	3	1	67
	CBCC	2	9	3	6	2	2	2	0	26
	EVCC	6	41	27	46	3	3	6	0	132
	GRCC	0	10	14	32	1	1	0	1	59
	OCC	4	15	19	43	8	2	17	2	110
	SCCC	2	32	29	36	4	2	1	0	106
	SNCC	0	5	4	8	1	0	1	1	20
	SSCC	2	9	17	24	1	0	0	1	54
	SHCC	0	23	23	42	3	1	0	2	94
	SPCC	1	6	3	8	0	0	1	0	19
	WWCC	1	10	4	8	2	0	0	0	25
	YVCC	0	9	9	14	2	0	0	0	34

CODING

1 - Less than 1 year

2 - 1 - 2 years

3 - 2 - 3 years

4 - 3 - 6 years

5 - 6 - 10 years

6 - 10 - 20 years

7 - 20 years or more

0 - No response

Table 10a

HOW MANY YEARS WERE YOU ON ACTIVE DUTY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	2.18	22.77	22.77	32.28	4.75	1.78	12.08	1.39	100
	N-O	2.47	24.94	23.70	38.64	3.58	1.48	4.07	1.11	99.99
	T	2.36	24.11	23.35	36.20	4.03	1.60	7.15	1.22	100.02
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	41.67	8.33	16.67	0	0	16.67	0	100.01
	CLCC	6.67	34.67	21.33	34.67	0	0	1.33	1.33	100
	EVCC	2.22	20	20	33.33	4.44	4.44	13.33	2.22	99.98
	FSCC	0	7.50	30	20	5	2.50	35	0	100
	GHCC	0	20	20	40	10	0	10	0	100
	HCC	0	22.58	12.90	54.84	6.45	0	3.23	0	100
	OVTI	3.45	10.34	13.79	27.59	13.79	6.90	24.14	0	100
	PCC	0	66.67	8.33	25	0	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	0	28.13	28.13	34.38	6.25	0	0	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	0	9.38	28.13	43.75	0	9.38	9.38	0	100.02
	SPCC	0	28.57	35.71	21.43	0	0	14.29	0	100
	TCC	.85	19.66	23.08	30.77	5.98	.85	15.38	3.42	99.99
	WWCC	0	28.57	28.57	23.81	9.52	0	9.52	0	99.99
	WVCC	7.14	7.14	28.57	42.86	7.14	0	7.14	0	99.99
	WCC	0	36.36	36.36	9.09	0	0	18.18	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	18.18	27.27	54.55	0	0	0	0	100
	CCC	1.89	32.08	33.96	24.53	1.89	0	3.77	1.89	100.01
	CLCC	1.49	20.90	28.36	40.30	1.49	1.49	4.48	1.49	100
	CBCC	7.69	34.62	11.54	23.08	7.69	7.69	7.69	0	100
	EVCC	4.55	31.06	20.45	34.85	2.27	2.27	4.55	0	100
	GRCC	0	16.95	23.73	54.24	1.69	1.69	0	1.69	99.99
	OCC	3.64	13.64	17.27	39.09	7.27	1.82	15.45	1.82	100
	SCCC	1.89	30.19	27.36	33.96	3.77	1.89	.94	0	100
	SNCC	0	25	20	40	5	0	5	5	100
	SSCC	3.70	16.67	31.48	44.44	1.85	0	0	1.85	99.99
	SHCC	0	24.47	24.47	44.68	3.19	1.06	0	2.13	100
	SPCC	5.26	31.58	15.79	42.11	0	0	5.26	0	100
	WWCC	4	40	16	32	8	0	0	0	100
	YVCC	0	26.47	26.47	41.18	5.88	0	0	0	100

CODING

1 - Less than 1 year

2 - 1 - 2 years

3 - 2 - 3 years

4 - 3 - 6 years

5 - 6 - 10 years

6 - 10 - 20 years

7 - 20 years or more

0 - No response

Table 10b

DID YOU SERVE IN VIETNAM?

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		234	262	9	505
N-O		372	427	11	810
T		606	689	20	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	8	4	0	12
	CLCC	33	39	3	75
	EVCC	17	26	2	45
	ESCC	28	12	0	40
	GHCC	11	9	0	20
	HCC	17	14	0	31
	OVTI	13	16	0	29
	PCC	7	5	0	12
	SHCC	12	19	1	32
	SVCC	22	10	0	32
	SPCC	6	8	0	14
	TCC	39	75	3	117
	WWCC	12	9	0	21
	WVCC	6	8	0	14
	WCC	3	8	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	8	3	0	11
	CCC	27	25	1	53
	CLCC	28	38	1	67
	CBCC	8	17	1	26
	EVCC	55	76	1	132
	GRCC	30	28	1	59
	OCC	40	68	2	110
	SCCC	51	55	0	106
	SNCC	6	13	1	20
	SSCC	27	26	1	54
	SHCC	50	42	2	94
	SPCC	8	11	0	19
	WWCC	16	9	0	25
	YVCC	18	16	0	34

Table 11a

DID YOU SERVE IN VIETNAM?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		46.34	51.88	1.78	100
N-C		45.93	52.72	1.36	100.01
T		46.08	52.40	1.52	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	66.67	33.33	0	100
	CLCC	44	52	4	100
	EVCC	37.78	57.78	4.44	100
	FSCC	70	30	0	100
	GHCC	55	45	0	100
	HCC	54.84	45.16	0	100
	OVTI	44.83	55.17	0	100
	PCC	58.33	41.67	0	100
	SHCC	37.50	59.38	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	68.75	31.25	0	100
	SPCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	TCC	33.33	64.10	2.56	99.99
	WWCC	57.14	42.86	0	100
	WVCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	WCC	27.27	72.73	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	72.73	27.27	0	100
	CCC	50.94	47.17	1.89	100
	CLCC	41.79	56.72	1.49	100
	CBCC	30.77	65.38	3.85	100
	EVCC	41.67	57.58	.76	100.01
	GRCC	50.85	47.46	1.69	100
	OCC	36.36	61.82	1.82	100
	SCCC	48.11	51.89	0	100
	SNCC	30	65	5	100
	SSCC	50	48.15	1.85	100
	SHCC	53.19	44.68	2.13	100
	SPCC	42.11	57.89	0	100
	WWCC	64	36	0	100
	YVCC	52.94	47.06	0	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 53.96% of the total Vietnam-era veterans served in Vietnam.

2. 46.08% of the total sample were Vietnam veterans.

Table 11b

WERE YOU AWARDED THE VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	239	256	10	505
	N-O	369	420	21	810
	T	608	676	31	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	9	3	0	12
	CLCC	34	39	2	75
	EVCC	18	26	1	45
	FSCC	30	9	1	40
	GHCC	10	10	0	20
	HCC	14	17	0	31
	OVTI	16	13	0	29
	PCC	7	5	0	12
	SHCC	12	19	1	32
	SVCC	21	11	0	32
	SPCC	6	8	0	14
	TCC	42	70	5	117
	WWCC	11	10	0	21
	WVCC	6	8	0	14
	WCC	3	8	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	8	3	0	11
	CCC	28	24	1	53
	CLCC	28	37	2	67
	CBCC	9	14	3	26
	EVCC	52	79	1	132
	GRCC	28	30	1	59
	OCC	41	64	5	110
	SCCC	48	57	1	106
	SNCC	6	12	2	20
	SSCC	28	23	3	54
	SHCC	52	40	2	94
	SPCC	7	12	0	19
	WWCC	16	9	0	25
	YVCC	18	16	0	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 12a

WERE YOU AWARDED THE VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		47.33	50.69	1.98	100
NON-OUT		45.56	51.85	2.59	100
		46.24	51.41	2.36	100.01
OUTREACH	BBCC	75	25	0	100
	CLCC	45.33	52	2.67	100
	EVCC	40	57.78	2.22	100
	ESCC	75	22.50	2.50	100
	GHCC	50	50	0	100
	HCC	45.16	54.84	0	100
	OVTI	55.17	44.83	0	100
	PCC	58.33	41.67	0	100
	SHCC	37.50	59.38	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	65.63	34.38	0	100.01
	SPCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	TCC	35.90	59.83	4.27	100
	WWCC	52.38	47.62	0	100
	WVCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	WCC	27.27	72.73	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	72.73	27.27	0	100
	CCC	52.83	45.28	1.89	100
	CLCC	41.79	55.22	2.99	100
	CBCC	34.62	53.85	11.54	100.01
	EVCC	39.39	59.85	.76	100
	GRCC	47.46	50.85	1.69	100
	OCC	37.27	58.18	4.55	100
	SCCC	45.28	53.77	.94	99.99
	SNCC	30	60	10	100
	SSCC	51.85	42.59	5.56	100
	SHCC	55.32	42.55	2.13	100
	SPCC	36.84	63.16	0	100
	WWCC	64	36	0	100
	YVCC	52.94	47.06	0	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The Vietnam service medal is consistent with those who served in Vietnam.

Table 12b

DO YOU HAVE A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		72	421	12	505
N-O		123	672	15	810
T		195	1093	27	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	10	0	12
	CLCC	9	63	3	75
	EVCC	6	38	1	45
	FSCC	11	29	0	40
	GHCC	2	18	0	20
	HCC	1	30	0	31
	OVTI	6	21	2	29
	PCC	2	10	0	12
	SHCC	1	30	1	32
	SVCC	2	30	0	32
	SPCC	4	10	0	14
	TCC	21	91	5	117
	WWCC	3	18	0	21
	WVCC	2	12	0	14
	WCC	1	11	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	1	10	0	11
	CCC	11	40	2	53
	CLCC	7	59	1	67
	CBCC	8	16	2	26
	EVCC	18	113	1	132
	GRCC	4	54	1	59
	OCC	21	87	2	110
	SCCC	16	90	0	106
	SNCC	3	16	1	20
	SSCC	6	45	3	54
	SHCC	13	79	2	94
	SPCC	4	15	0	19
	WWCC	9	16	0	25
	YVCC	2	32	0	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 13a

DO YOU HAVE A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	14.26	83.37	2.38	100.01
	N-O	15.19	82.96	1.85	100
	T	14.83	83.12	2.05	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	CLCC	12	84	4	100
	EVCC	13.33	84.44	2.22	99.99
	FSCC	27.50	72.50	0	100
	GHCC	10	90	0	100
	HCC	3.23	96.77	0	100
	OVTI	20.69	72.41	6.90	100
	PCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	SHCC	3.13	93.75	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	6.25	93.75	0	100
	SPCC	28.57	71.43	0	100
	TCC	17.95	77.78	4.27	100
	WWCC	14.29	85.71	0	100
	WVCC	14.29	85.71	0	100
	WCC	0	100	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	9.09	90.91	0	100
	CCC	20.75	75.47	3.77	99.99
	CLCC	10.45	88.06	1.49	100
	CBCC	30.77	61.54	7.69	100
	EVCC	13.64	85.61	.76	100.01
	GRCC	6.78	91.53	1.69	100
	OCC	19.09	79.09	1.82	100
	SCCC	15.09	84.91	0	100
	SNCC	15	80	5	100
	SSCC	11.11	83.33	5.56	100
	SHCC	13.83	84.04	2.13	100
	SPCC	21.05	78.95	0	100
	WWCC	36	64	0	100
	YVCC	5.88	94.12	0	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 14.83% of the total veterans have a service connected disability. This is what the author would define as a "mobile disability"; because these veterans are moving forward despite their handicaps.

Table 13b

IS YOUR DISABILITY A DIRECT RESULT OF COMBAT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		34	283	188	505
N-O		42	493	275	810
T		76	776	463	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	1	9	2	12
	CLCC	3	42	30	75
	EVCC	0	35	10	45
	FSCC	5	18	17	40
	GHCC	2	8	10	20
	HCC	0	4	27	31
	OVTI	3	18	8	29
	PCC	1	7	4	12
	SHCC	0	21	11	32
	SVCC	1	21	10	32
	SPCC	2	9	3	14
	TCC	13	69	35	117
	WWCC	2	8	11	21
	WVCC	1	4	9	14
	WCC	0	10	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	9	2	11
	CCC	4	30	19	53
	CLCC	2	45	20	67
	CBCC	3	12	11	26
	EVCC	6	91	35	132
	GRCC	2	36	21	59
	OCC	3	54	53	110
	SCCC	8	62	36	106
	SNCC	0	14	6	20
	SSCC	1	36	17	54
	SHCC	7	54	33	94
	SPCC	0	11	8	19
	WWCC	5	14	6	25
	YVCC	1	25	8	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 14a

IS YOUR DISABILITY A DIRECT RESULT OF COMBAT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		6.73	56.04	37.23	100
N-O		5.19	60.86	33.95	100
T		5.78	59.01	35.21	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	8.33	75	16.67	100
	CLCC	4	56	40	100
	EVCC	0	77.78	22.22	100
	FSCC	12.50	45	42.50	100
	GHCC	10	40	50	100
	HCC	0	12.90	87.10	100
	OVTI	10.34	62.07	27.59	100
	PCC	8.33	58.33	33.33	99.99
	SHCC	0	65.63	34.38	100.01
	SVCC	3.13	65.63	31.25	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	64.29	21.43	100.01
	TCC	11.11	58.97	29.91	99.99
	WWCC	9.52	38.10	52.38	100
	WVCC	7.14	28.57	64.29	100
	WCC	0	90.91	9.09	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	81.82	18.18	100
	CCC	7.55	56.60	35.85	100
	CLCC	2.99	67.16	29.85	100
	CBCC	11.54	46.15	42.31	100
	EVCC	4.55	68.94	26.52	100.01
	GRCC	3.39	61.02	35.59	100
	OCC	2.73	49.09	48.18	100
	SCCC	7.55	58.49	33.96	100
	SNCC	0	70	30	100
	SSCC	1.85	66.67	31.48	100
	SHCC	7.45	57.45	35.11	100.01
	SPCC	0	57.89	42.11	100
	WWCC	20	56	24	100
	YVCC	2.94	73.53	23.53	100

99 66

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 38.97% of the total service connected disabilities are a direct result of combat.

Table 14b

DO YOU FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR YOUR DISABILITY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	70	101	334	505
	N-O	104	202	504	810
	T	174	303	838	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	3	2	7	12
	CLCC	7	19	49	75
	EVCC	6	7	32	45
	FSCC	9	8	23	40
	GHCC	3	3	14	20
	HCC	2	1	28	31
	OVTI	4	9	16	29
	PCC	2	1	9	12
	SHCC	6	3	23	32
	SVCC	8	5	19	32
	SPCC	2	3	9	14
	TCC	13	30	74	117
	WWCC	3	5	13	21
	WVCC	1	1	12	14
	WCC	1	4	6	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	3	3	5	11
	CCC	7	14	32	53
	CLCC	13	14	40	67
	CBCC	3	6	17	26
	EVCC	17	35	80	132
	GRCC	4	13	42	59
	OCC	15	20	75	110
	SCCC	9	35	62	106
	SNCC	3	3	14	20
	SSCC	6	19	29	54
	SHCC	13	18	63	94
	SPCC	3	5	11	19
	WWCC	5	7	13	25
	YVCC	3	10	21	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 15a

DO YOU FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR YOUR DISABILITY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	13.86	20	66.14	100
	N-O	12.84	24.94	62.22	100
	T	13.23	23.04	63.73	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	25	16.67	58.33	100
	CLCC	9.33	25.33	65.33	99.99
	EVCC	13.33	15.56	71.11	100
	FSCC	22.50	20	57.50	100
	GHCC	15	15	70	100
	HCC	6.45	3.23	90.32	100
	OVTI	13.79	31.03	55.17	99.99
	PCC	16.67	8.33	75	100
	SHCC	18.75	9.38	71.88	100.01
	SVCC	25	15.63	59.38	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	21.43	64.29	100.01
	TCC	11.11	25.64	63.25	100
	WWCC	14.29	23.81	61.90	100
	WVCC	7.14	7.14	85.71	99.99
	WCC	9.09	36.36	54.55	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	27.27	27.27	45.45	99.99
	CCC	13.21	26.42	60.38	100.01
	CLCC	19.40	20.90	59.70	100
	CBCC	11.54	23.08	65.38	100
	EVCC	12.88	26.52	60.61	100.01
	GRCC	6.78	22.03	71.19	100
	OCC	13.64	13.18	68.18	100
	SCCC	8.49	33.02	58.49	100
	SNCC	15	15	70	100
	SSCC	11.11	35.19	53.70	100
	SHCC	13.83	19.15	67.02	100
	SPCC	15.79	26.32	57.89	100
	WWCC	20	28	52	100
	YVCC	8.82	29.41	61.76	99.99

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 63.52% of those who received disabilities are not satisfied with the disability benefits they've received.

Table 15b

	COLLEGE	NUMBER OF YEARS OF EDUCATION 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	9	36	191	76	87	87	2	12	5	505
	N-O	8	32	236	118	180	191	9	24	12	810
	T	17	68	427	194	267	278	11	36	17	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	4	2	3	3	0	0	0	12
	CLCC	0	11	29	5	10	15	0	4	1	75
	EVCC	2	7	14	13	2	5	0	2	0	45
	FSCC	1	5	15	10	5	4	0	0	0	40
	GHCC	1	0	7	3	3	6	0	0	0	20
	HCC	0	0	15	1	14	1	0	0	0	31
	OVTI	1	3	11	9	3	1	1	0	0	29
	PCC	0	0	5	1	2	4	0	0	0	12
	SHCC	0	0	17	4	3	7	0	0	1	32
	SVCC	0	0	7	6	9	7	0	2	1	32
	SPCC	1	0	3	4	0	5	0	1	0	14
	TCC	1	7	52	13	22	17	1	2	2	117
	WWCC	0	1	5	2	5	7	0	1	0	21
	WVCC	1	1	3	1	4	4	0	0	0	14
	WCC	1	1	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	5	1	1	2	1	1	0	11
	CCC	1	1	16	8	11	16	0	0	0	53
	CLCC	3	4	19	10	8	22	0	1	0	67
	CBCC	0	0	3	6	6	11	0	0	0	26
	EVCC	1	2	37	17	38	30	1	4	2	132
	GRCC	1	3	20	7	6	16	1	4	1	59
	OCC	1	9	29	20	25	19	0	6	1	110
	SCCC	1	4	18	11	30	31	4	2	4	106
	SNCC	0	0	8	6	4	2	0	0	0	20
	SSCC	0	5	19	5	12	10	0	2	1	54
	SHCC	0	2	29	9	31	18	1	2	2	94
	SPCC	0	1	8	7	2	1	0	0	0	19
	WWCC	0	0	7	6	2	7	1	1	1	25
	YVCC	0	1	17	5	4	6	0	1	0	34

CODING

1 - 1 - 8 years

2 - 9 - 11 years

3 - 12 years (High School Diploma)

4 - G.E.D. (High School)

5 - 1 year advanced training

6 - 2 - 3 years advanced training

7 - 4 - 5 years advanced training

8 - College Degree

0 - No response

Table 16a

	COLLEGE	NUMBER OF YEARS OF EDUCATION 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	1.78	7.13	37.82	15.05	17.23	17.23	.40	2.38	.99	100.01
	N-C	.99	3.95	29.14	14.57	22.22	23.58	1.11	2.96	1.48	100
	T	1.29	5.17	32.47	14.75	20.30	21.14	.84	2.74	1.29	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	33.33	16.67	25	25	0	0	0	100
	CLCC	0	14.67	38.67	6.67	13.33	20	0	5.33	1.33	100
	EVCC	4.44	15.56	31.11	28.89	4.44	11.11	0	4.44	0	99.99
	FSCC	2.50	12.50	37.50	25	12.50	10	0	0	0	100
	GHCC	5	0	35	15	15	30	0	0	0	100
	HCC	0	0	48.39	3.23	45.16	3.23	0	0	0	100.01
	OVTI	3.45	10.34	37.93	31.03	10.34	3.45	3.45	0	0	99.99
	PCC	0	0	41.67	8.33	16.67	33.33	0	0	0	100
	SHCC	0	0	53.13	12.50	9.38	21.88	0	0	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	0	0	21.88	18.75	28.13	21.88	0	6.25	3.13	100.02
	SPCC	7.14	0	21.43	28.57	0	35.71	0	7.14	0	99.99
	TCC	.85	5.98	44.44	11.11	18.80	14.53	.85	1.71	1.71	99.98
	WWCC	0	4.76	23.81	9.52	23.81	33.33	0	4.76	0	99.99
	WVCC	7.14	7.14	21.43	7.14	28.57	28.57	0	0	0	99.99
	WCC	9.09	9.09	36.36	18.18	18.18	9.09	0	0	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	45.45	9.09	9.09	18.18	9.09	9.09	0	99.99
	CCC	1.89	1.89	30.19	15.09	20.75	30.19	0	0	0	100
	CLCC	4.48	5.97	28.36	14.93	11.94	32.84	0	1.49	0	100.01
	CBCC	0	0	11.54	23.08	23.08	42.31	0	0	0	100.01
	EVCC	.76	1.52	28.03	12.88	28.79	22.73	.76	3.03	1.52	100.02
	GRCC	1.69	5.08	33.90	11.86	10.17	27.12	1.69	6.78	1.69	99.98
	OCC	.91	8.18	26.36	18.18	22.73	17.27	0	5.45	.91	99.99
	SCCC	.94	3.77	17.92	10.38	28.30	29.25	3.77	1.89	3.77	99.99
	SNCC	0	0	40	30	20	10	0	0	0	100
	SSCC	0	9.26	35.19	9.26	22.22	18.25	0	3.70	1.85	100
	SHCC	0	2.13	30.85	9.57	32.98	19.15	1.06	2.13	2.13	100
	SPCC	0	5.26	42.11	36.84	10.53	5.26	0	0	0	100
	WWCC	0	0	28	24	8	28	4	4	4	100
	YVCC	0	2.94	50	14.71	11.76	17.65	0	2.94	0	100

Table 16b

CODING

1 - 1 - 8 years

2 - 9 - 11 years

3 - 12 years (High School Diploma)

4 - G.E.D. (High School)

5 - 1 year advanced training

6 - 2 - 3 years advanced training

7 - 4 - 5 yecrs advanced training

8 - College degree

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 6.46% of the total veterans have less than a high school degree.

2. 47.22% of the total veterans have 12 years of education (14.75% of which is G.E.D.; which suggests that 21.21% had less than a high school diploma at entry into the service, as many received their G.E.D. during active duty or after discharge.

3. 2.74% have some college degree.

FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	11	25	448	8	13	505
	N-C	25	227	518	24	16	810
	T	36	252	966	32	29	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	7	3	0	0	12
	CLCC	0	0	70	1	4	75
	EVCC	1	2	39	0	3	45
	ESCC	0	4	35	0	1	40
	GHCC	0	3	17	0	0	20
	HCC	2	0	28	1	0	31
	OVTI	2	1	25	1	0	29
	PCC	0	0	12	0	0	12
	SHCC	1	0	25	5	1	32
	SVCC	1	6	25	0	0	32
	SPCC	0	1	12	0	1	14
	TCC	0	1	114	0	2	117
	WWCC	2	0	19	0	0	21
	WVCC	0	0	13	0	1	14
	WCC	0	0	11	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	3	8	0	0	0	11
	CCC	1	47	5	0	0	53
	CLCC	4	57	5	0	1	67
	CBCC	1	1	24	0	0	26
	EVCC	0	6	124	2	0	132
	GRCC	1	13	45	0	0	59
	OCC	1	38	66	1	4	110
	SCCC	2	2	97	1	4	106
	SNCC	1	2	16	0	1	20
	SSCC	4	44	5	0	1	54
	SHCC	3	7	62	20	2	94
	SPCC	1	0	18	0	0	19
	WWCC	1	2	20	0	2	25
	YVCC	2	0	31	0	1	34

CODING

1 - Fall

2 - Winter

3 - Spring

4 - Summer

0 - No response

Table 17a

FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	2.18	4.95	88.71	1.58	2.57	99.99
	N-O	3.09	28.02	63.95	2.96	1.98	100
	I	2.74	19.16	73.46	2.43	2.21	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	58.33	25	0	0	100
	CACC	0	0	93.33	1.33	5.33	99.99
	EVCC	2.22	4.44	86.67	0	6.67	100
	FSCC	0	10	87.50	0	2.50	100
	GHCC	0	15	85	0	0	100
	HCC	6.45	0	90.32	3.23	0	100
	OVTI	6.90	3.45	86.21	3.45	0	100.01
	PCC	0	0	100	0	0	
	SHCC	3.13	0	78.13	15.63	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	3.13	18.75	78.13	0	0	100.01
	SPCC	0	7.14	85.71	0	7.14	99.99
	TCC	0	.85	97.44	0	1.71	100
	WWCC	9.52	0	90.48	0	0	100
	WVCC	0	0	92.86	0	7.14	100
	WCC	0	0	100	0	0	
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	27.27	72.73	0	0	0	100
	CCC	1.89	88.68	9.43	0	0	100
	CLCC	5.97	85.07	7.46	0	1.49	99.99
	CBCC	3.85	3.85	92.31	0	0	100.01
	EVCC	0	4.55	93.94	1.52	0	100.01
	GRCC	1.69	22.03	76.27	0	0	99.99
	OCC	.91	34.55	60	.91	3.64	100.01
	SCCC	1.89	1.89	91.51	.94	3.77	100
	SNCC	5	10	80	0	5	100
	SSCC	7.41	81.48	9.26	0	1.85	100
	SHCC	3.19	7.45	65.96	21.28	2.13	100.01
	SPCC	5.26	0	94.74	0	0	100
	WWCC	4	8	80	0	8	100
	YVCC	5.88	0	91.18	0	2.94	100

CODING

1 - Fall

2 - Winter

3 - Spring

4 - Summer

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Some spring quarter veterans were sampled during pre-registration for spring quarter, which took place at the end of winter quarter.

Table 17b

HOW MANY HOURS ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	39	56	49	162	169	30	505
	N-O	65	58	55	275	334	23	810
	T	104	114	104	437	503	53	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	3	0	0	8	1	12
	CLCC	5	7	10	35	11	7	75
	EVCC	4	8	5	9	7	12	45
	FSCC	3	3	4	12	15	3	40
	GHCC	1	0	0	7	12	0	20
	HCC	0	1	4	18	8	0	31
	OVTI	6	16	1	0	6	0	29
	PCC	1	0	1	5	5	0	12
	SHCC	1	2	5	15	8	1	32
	SVCC	2	4	1	12	13	0	32
	SPCC	1	2	0	3	8	0	14
	TCC	13	4	17	30	48	5	117
	WWCC	0	5	1	4	11	0	21
	WVCC	1	0	0	7	5	1	14
	WCC	1	1	0	5	4	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	5	1	1	4	0	11
	CCC	1	4	2	13	32	1	53
	CLCC	4	4	2	28	28	1	67
	CBCC	2	0	0	7	17	0	26
	EVCC	15	5	6	41	65	0	132
	GRCC	6	8	4	20	20	1	59
	OCC	8	16	11	42	27	6	110
	SCCC	7	4	8	42	41	4	106
	SNCC	1	2	5	4	6	2	20
	SSCC	14	3	2	10	23	2	54
	SHCC	3	3	12	32	42	2	94
	SPCC	2	3	0	7	6	1	19
	WWCC	1	1	0	11	9	3	25
	YVCC	1	0	2	17	14	0	34

CODING

1 - 1 - 5

2 - 6 - 8

3 - 9 - 11

4 - 12 - 14

5 - 15 or more

0 - No response

Table 18a

HOW MANY HOURS ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	7.72	11.09	9.70	32.08	33.47	5.49	100
	N-C	8.02	7.16	6.79	33.95	41.23	2.84	99.99
	T	7.91	8.67	7.91	33.23	38.25	4.03	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	25	0	0	66.67	8.33	100
	CLCC	6.67	9.33	13.33	46.67	14.67	9.33	100
	EVCC	8.89	17.78	11.11	20	15.56	26.67	100.01
	FSCC	7.50	7.50	10	30	37.50	7.50	100
	GHCC	5	0	0	35	60	0	100
	HCC	0	3.23	12.90	58.06	25.81	0	100
	OVTI	20.69	55.17	3.45	0	20.69	0	100
	PCC	8.33	0	8.33	41.67	41.67	0	100
	SHCC	3.13	6.25	15.63	46.88	25	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	6.25	12.50	3.13	37.50	40.63	0	100.01
	SPCC	7.14	14.29	0	21.43	57.14	0	100
	TCC	11.11	3.42	14.53	25.64	41.03	4.27	100
	WWCC	0	23.81	4.76	19.05	52.38	0	100
	WVCC	7.14	0	0	50	35.71	7.14	99.99
	WCC	9.09	9.09	0	45.45	36.36	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	45.45	9.09	9.09	36.36	0	99.99
	CCC	1.89	7.55	3.77	24.53	60.38	1.89	100.01
	CLCC	5.97	5.97	2.99	41.79	41.79	1.49	100
	CBCC	7.69	0	0	26.92	65.38	0	99.99
	EVCC	11.36	3.79	4.55	31.06	49.24	0	100
	GRCC	10.17	13.56	6.78	33.90	33.90	1.69	100
	OCC	7.27	14.55	10	38.18	24.55	5.45	100
	SCCC	6.60	3.77	7.55	39.62	38.68	3.77	99.99
	SNCC	5	10	25	20	30	10	100
	SSCC	25.93	5.56	3.70	18.52	42.59	3.70	100
	SHCC	3.19	3.19	12.77	34.04	44.68	2.13	100
	SPCC	10.53	15.79	0	36.84	31.58	5.26	100
	WWCC	4	4	0	44	36	12	100
	YVCC	2.94	0	5.88	50	41.18	0	100

CODING

1 - 1 - 5

2 - 6 - 8

3 - 9 - 11

4 - 12 - 14

5 - 15 or more

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The vast majority of the total veterans are attending 12 or more class hours (71.48%).

Table 18b

WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	333	80	76	16	505
	N-O	614	68	114	14	810
	T	947	148	190	30	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	7	0	5	0	12
	CLCC	50	8	11	6	75
	EVCC	22	12	4	7	45
	ESCC	28	7	4	1	40
	GHCC	19	0	1	0	20
	HCC	30	1	0	0	31
	OVTI	29	0	0	0	29
	PCC	3	1	8	0	12
	SHCC	23	3	5	1	32
	SVCC	18	6	8	0	32
	SPCC	10	0	4	0	14
	TCC	60	37	19	1	117
	WWCC	16	4	1	0	21
	WVCC	10	1	3	0	14
	WCC	8	0	3	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	8	0	3	0	11
	CCC	46	3	4	0	53
	CLCC	49	3	14	0	67
	CBCC	24	0	2	0	26
	EVCC	108	2	22	0	132
	GRCC	31	15	13	0	59
	OCC	55	35	17	3	110
	SCCC	84	1	17	4	106
	SNCC	13	3	3	1	20
	SSCC	51	1	1	1	54
	SHCC	73	5	14	2	94
	SPCC	19	0	0	0	19
	WWCC	22	0	1	2	25
	YVCC	31	0	3	0	34

CODING

1 - Days

2 - Nights

3 - Both days and nights

0 - No response

Table 19a

WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	65.94	15.84	15.05	3.17	100
	N-O	75.80	8.40	14.07	1.73	100
	T	72.02	11.25	14.45	2.28	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	58.33	0	41.67	0	100
	CLCC	66.67	10.67	14.67	8	100.01
	EVCC	48.89	26.67	8.89	15.56	100.01
	FSCC	70	17.50	10	2.50	100
	GHCC	95	0	5	0	100
	HCC	96.77	3.23	0	0	100
	OVTI	100	0	0	0	100
	PCC	25	8.33	66.67	0	100
	SHCC	71.88	9.38	15.63	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	56.25	18.75	25	0	100
	SPCC	71.43	0	28.57	0	100
	TCC	51.28	31.62	16.24	.85	99.99
	WWCC	76.19	19.05	4.76	0	100
	WVCC	71.43	7.14	21.43	0	100
	WCC	72.73	0	27.27	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	72.73	0	27.27	0	100
	CCC	86.79	5.66	7.55	0	100
	CLCC	73.13	4.48	20.90	1.49	100
	CBCC	92.31	0	7.69	0	100
	EVCC	81.82	1.52	16.67	0	100.01
	GRCC	52.54	25.42	22.03	0	99.99
	OCC	50	31.82	15.45	2.73	100
	SCCC	79.25	.94	16.04	3.77	100
	SNCC	65	15	15	5	100
	SSCC	94.44	1.85	1.85	1.85	99.99
	SHCC	77.66	5.32	14.89	2.13	100
	SPCC	100	0	0	0	100
	WWCC	88	0	4	8	100
	YVCC	91.18	0	8.82	0	100

CODING

1 - Days

2 - Nights

3 - Both days and nights

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The lower number of veterans attending night classes could be attributed to many things, possibly partially because there are fewer courses offered in the evening.

Table 19b

WAS YOUR JOB TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICABLE TO CIVILIAN JOBS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		242	251	12	505
N-O		359	436	15	810
T		601	687	27	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	6	6	0	12
	CLCC	36	35	4	75
	EVCC	21	22	2	45
	FSCC	19	21	0	40
	GHCC	10	10	0	20
	HCC	12	19	0	31
	OVTI	8	21	0	29
	PCC	6	6	0	12
	SHCC	16	14	2	32
	SVCC	21	11	0	32
	SPCC	3	11	0	14
	TCC	66	47	4	117
	WWCC	6	15	0	21
	WVCC	8	6	0	14
	WCC	4	7	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	4	7	0	11
	CCC	21	31	1	53
	CLCC	23	42	2	67
	CBCC	12	14	0	26
	EVCC	72	59	1	132
	GRCC	27	31	1	59
	OCC	62	44	4	110
	SCCC	33	70	3	106
	SNCC	8	12	0	20
	SSCC	21	32	1	54
	SHCC	40	52	2	94
	SPCC	6	13	0	19
	WWCC	12	13	0	25
	YVCC	18	16	0	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 20a

WAS YOUR JOB TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICABLE TO CIVILIAN JOBS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		47.92	49.70	2.38	100
N-O		44.32	53.83	1.85	100
T		45.70	52.24	2.05	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	50	50	0	100
	CLCC	48	46.67	5.33	100
	EVCC	46.67	48.89	4.44	100
	FSCC	47.50	52.50	0	100
	GHCC	50	50	0	100
	HCC	38.71	61.29	0	100
	OVTI	27.59	72.41	0	100
	PCC	50	50	0	100
	SHCC	50	43.75	6.25	100
	SVCC	65.63	34.38	0	100.01
	SPCC	21.43	78.57	0	100
	TCC	56.41	40.17	3.42	100
	WWCC	28.57	71.43	0	100
	WVCC	57.14	42.86	0	100
	WCC	36.36	63.64	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	36.36	63.64	0	100
	CCC	39.62	58.49	1.89	100
	CLCC	34.33	62.69	2.98	100.01
	CBCC	46.15	53.85	0	100
	EVCC	54.55	44.70	.76	100.01
	GRCC	45.76	52.54	1.69	99.99
	OCC	56.36	40	3.64	100
	SCCC	31.13	66.04	2.83	100
	SNCC	50	60	0	100
	SSCC	38.89	59.26	1.85	100
	SHCC	42.55	55.32	2.13	100
	SPCC	31.58	68.42	0	100
	WWCC	48	52	0	100
	YVCC	52.94	47.06	0	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. The majority of the total veterans feel that their training in the military is not applicable to civilian jobs.

Table 20b

WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED THE MILITARY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	326	170	9	505
	N-O	561	237	12	810
	T	887	407	21	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	8	4	0	12
	CLCC	52	22	1	75
	EVCC	28	16	1	45
	FSCC	28	12	0	40
	GHCC	14	6	0	20
	HCC	16	15	0	31
	OVTI	15	14	0	29
	PCC	7	5	0	12
	SHCC	23	8	1	32
	SVCC	23	9	0	32
	SPCC	9	5	0	14
	TCC	77	36	4	117
	WWCC	10	10	1	21
	WVCC	9	4	1	14
	WCC	7	4	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	7	4	0	11
	CCC	36	16	1	53
	CLCC	44	22	1	67
	CBCC	19	7	0	26
	EVCC	97	35	0	132
	GRCC	41	17	1	59
	OCC	68	40	2	110
	SCCC	72	31	3	106
	SNCC	15	5	0	20
	SSCC	40	13	1	54
	SHCC	70	22	2	94
	SPCC	10	9	0	19
	WWCC	20	5	0	25
	YVCC	22	11	1	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 21a

WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED THE MILITARY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	65.55	33.66	1.78	99.99
	N-O	69.26	29.26	1.48	100
	T	67.45	30.95	1.60	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	66.67	33.33	0	100
	CLCC	69.33	29.33	1.33	99.99
	EVCC	62.22	35.56	2.22	100
	FSCC	70	30	0	100
	GHCC	70	30	0	100
	HCC	51.61	48.39	0	100
	OVTI	51.72	48.28	0	100
	PCC	58.33	41.67	0	100
	SHCC	71.88	25	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	71.88	28.13	0	100.01
	SPCC	64.29	35.71	0	100
	TCC	65.81	30.77	3.42	100
	WWCC	47.62	47.62	4.76	100
	WVCC	64.29	28.57	7.14	100
	WCC	63.64	36.36	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	63.64	36.36	0	100
	CCC	67.92	30.19	1.89	100
	CLCC	65.67	32.84	1.49	100
	CBCC	73.08	26.92	0	100
	EVCC	73.48	26.52	0	100
	GRCC	69.49	28.81	1.69	99.99
	OCC	61.82	36.36	1.82	100
	SCCC	67.92	29.25	2.83	100
	SNCC	75	25	0	100
	SSCC	74.07	24.07	1.85	99.99
	SHCC	74.47	23.40	2.13	100
	SPCC	52.63	47.37	0	100
	WWCC	80	20	0	100
	YVCC	64.71	32.35	2.94	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. A high majority of the total veterans were employed before entry into the service (67.45%).

Table 21b

HOW MANY JOBS HAVE YOU HELD SINCE SEPARATION OR RETIREMENT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	139	98	191	77	505
	N-O	225	162	349	74	810
	T	364	260	540	151	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	3	4	3	2	12
	CLCC	15	17	35	8	75
	EVCC	8	12	21	4	45
	FSCC	11	7	8	14	40
	GHCC	6	3	9	2	20
	HCC	17	12	1	1	31
	OVTI	5	3	17	4	29
	PCC	3	0	7	2	12
	SHCC	8	7	10	7	32
	SVCC	13	4	11	4	32
	SPCC	2	1	10	1	14
	TCC	39	20	35	23	117
	WWCC	5	2	10	4	21
	WVCC	2	3	9	0	14
	WCC	2	3	5	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	3	6	0	11
	CCC	13	10	23	7	53
	CLCC	13	13	35	6	67
	CBCC	7	2	15	2	26
	EVCC	42	25	54	11	132
	GRCC	15	15	24	5	59
	OCC	35	26	44	5	110
	SCCC	25	19	48	14	106
	SNCC	5	3	9	3	20
	SSCC	15	13	22	4	54
	SHCC	30	20	35	9	94
	SPCC	5	6	5	3	19
	WWCC	7	3	14	1	25
	YVCC	11	4	15	4	34

CODING

1 - 1

2 - 2

3 - 3 or more

0 - No response

T8

65

Table 22a

HOW MANY JOBS HAVE YOU HELD SINCE SEPARATION OR RETIREMENT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
	O	27.52	19.41	37.82	15.25	100
STATE	N-O	27.78	20	43.09	9.14	100.01
	T	27.68	19.77	41.06	11.48	99.99
	BBCC	16.67	25	33.33	25	100
	CLCC	20	22.67	46.67	10.67	100.01
	EVCC	17.78	26.67	46.67	8.89	100.01
	FSCC	27.50	17.50	20	35	100
	GHCC	30	15	45	10	100
	HCC	54.84	38.71	3.23	3.23	100.01
	OVTI	17.24	10.34	58.62	13.79	99.99
	PCC	25	0	58.33	16.67	100
OUTREACH	SHCC	25	21.88	31.25	21.88	100.01
	SVCC	40.63	12.50	34.38	12.50	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	7.14	71.43	7.14	100
	TCC	33.33	17.09	29.91	19.66	99.99
	WWCC	23.81	9.52	47.62	19.05	100
	WVCC	14.29	21.43	64.29	0	100.01
	WCC	18.18	27.27	45.45	9.09	99.99
	BBCC	18.18	27.27	54.55	0	100
	CCC	24.53	18.87	43.40	13.21	100.01
	CLCC	19.40	19.40	52.24	8.96	100
	CBCC	26.92	7.69	57.69	7.69	99.99
	EVCC	31.82	18.94	40.91	8.33	100
	GRCC	25.42	25.42	40.68	8.47	99.99
NON	OCC	31.82	23.64	40	4.55	100.01
OUTREACH	SCCC	23.58	17.92	45.28	13.21	99.99
	SNCC	25	15	45	15	100
	SSCC	27.78	24.07	40.74	7.41	100
	SHCC	31.91	21.28	37.23	9.57	99.99
	SPCC	26.32	31.58	26.32	15.79	100.01
	WWCC	28	12	56	4	100
	YVCC	32.35	11.76	44.12	11.76	99.99

CODING

1 - 1

2 - 2

3 - 3

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 41.06% of the total veterans have held 3 or more jobs since their separation from active duty (47.42%) of those who responded to this question.

2. 47.42% of those who responded to this question, held 3 or more jobs since separation.

Table 22b

HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLOYED (MONTHS) BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	274	70	34	28	16	9	74	505
	N-O	428	104	75	57	39	20	87	810
	T	702	174	109	85	55	29	161	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	5	2	1	1	2	0	1	12
	CLCC	37	14	7	4	2	1	10	74
	EVCC	27	7	0	4	0	1	6	45
	FSCC	19	2	2	4	1	1	11	40
	GHCC	10	4	2	2	0	1	1	20
	HCC	13	6	8	3	0	0	1	31
	OVTI	21	3	2	0	1	0	2	29
	PCC	9	0	0	0	0	0	3	12
	SHCC	15	4	4	0	1	0	8	32
	SVCC	19	5	2	1	1	1	3	32
	SPCC	6	4	1	1	0	0	2	14
	TCC	65	12	5	5	6	2	22	117
	WWCC	15	2	0	0	0	1	3	21
	WVCC	9	1	0	2	1	1	0	14
	WCC	4	4	0	1	1	0	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	9	1	0	1	0	0	0	11
	CCC	24	7	3	6	2	1	10	53
	CLCC	36	9	6	4	1	3	8	67
	CBCC	14	6	0	8	1	1	3	26
	EVCC	82	14	9	1	6	0	13	132
	GRCC	33	8	3	4	6	1	4	59
	OCC	67	13	6	6	2	5	11	110
	SCCC	45	14	13	8	10	5	11	106
	SNCC	10	1	4	2	0	1	2	20
	SSCC	24	11	9	3	3	2	2	54
	SHCC	47	10	10	10	8	1	8	94
	SPCC	9	1	4	1	0	0	4	19
	WWCC	12	2	6	2	0	0	3	25
	YVCC	16	7	2	1	0	0	8	34

CODING

1 - 1 - 3 months

2 - 4 - 6 months

3 - 7 - 9 months

4 - 10 - 12 months

5 - 13 - 24 months

6 - Over 24 months

0 - No response

Table 23a

HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLOYED (MONTHS) BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	54.26	13.86	6.73	5.54	3.17	1.78	14.65	99.99
	N-O	52.84	12.84	9.26	7.04	4.81	2.47	10.74	100
	T	53.38	13.23	8.29	6.46	4.18	2.21	12.74	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	41.67	67.67	8.33	8.33	16.67	0	8.33	100
	CLCC	49.33	18.67	9.33	5.33	2.67	1.33	13.33	99.99
	EVCC	60	15.56	0	8.89	0	2.22	13.33	100
	ESCC	47.50	5	5	10	2.50	2.50	27.50	100
	GHCC	50	20	10	10	0	5	5	100
	HCC	41.94	19.35	25.81	9.68	0	0	3.23	100.01
	OVTI	72.41	10.34	6.90	0	3.45	0	6.90	100
	PCC	75	0	0	0	0	0	25	100
	SHCC	46.88	12.50	12.50	0	3.13	0	25	100.01
	SVCC	59.38	15.63	6.25	3.13	3.13	3.13	9.38	100.03
	SPCC	42.86	28.57	7.14	7.14	0	0	14.29	100
	TCC	55.56	10.26	4.27	4.27	5.13	1.71	18.80	100
	WWCC	71.43	9.52	0	0	0	4.76	14.29	100
	WVCC	64.29	7.14	0	14.29	7.14	7.14	0	100
	WCC	36.36	36.36	0	9.09	9.09	0	9.09	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	81.82	9.09	0	9.09	0	0	0	100
	CCC	45.28	13.21	5.66	11.32	3.77	1.89	18.87	100
	CLCC	53.73	13.43	8.96	5.97	1.49	4.48	11.94	100
	CBCC	53.85	23.08	0	3.85	3.85	3.85	11.54	100.02
	EVCC	62.12	10.61	6.82	6.06	4.55	0	9.85	100.01
	GRCC	55.93	13.56	5.08	6.78	10.17	1.69	6.78	99.99
	OCC	60.91	11.82	5.45	5.45	1.82	4.55	10	100
	SCCC	42.45	13.21	12.26	7.55	9.43	4.72	10.38	100
	SNCC	50	5	20	10	0	5	10	100
	SSCC	44.44	20.37	16.67	5.56	5.56	3.70	3.70	100
	SHCC	50	10.64	10.64	10.64	8.51	1.06	8.51	100
	SPCC	47.37	5.26	21.05	5.26	0	0	21.05	99.99
	WWCC	48	8	24	8	0	0	12	100
	YVCC	47.06	20.59	5.88	2.94	0	0	23.53	100

CODING

1 - 1 - 3 months

2 - 4 - 6 months

3 - 7 - 9 months

4 - 10 - 12 months

5 - 13 - 24 months

6 - Over 24 months

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Most of the total veterans (53.38%) acquired their first job from 1 to 3 months after discharge. There is nothing to indicate the quality or type of job, however we do know this is just one of 3 or more jobs held since discharge.

Table 23b

HOW LONG (IF UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU BEEN UNEMPLOYED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	116	58	28	21	24	17	241	505
	N-O	126	73	73	42	61	52	370	810
	T	242	144	101	63	85	69	611	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	1	1	1	0	1	0	8	12
	CLCC	19	14	2	1	3	3	33	75
	EVCC	9	5	0	2	3	5	21	45
	FSCC	9	3	0	4	6	2	16	40
	GHCC	4	1	3	0	0	2	10	20
	HCC	2	2	1	1	1	0	24	31
	OVTI	7	4	3	4	3	0	8	29
	PCC	5	1	1	0	1	0	4	12
	SHCC	10	4	1	2	0	2	13	32
	SVCC	5	6	5	0	1	2	12	32
	SPCC	2	0	0	0	1	0	11	14
	TCC	32	9	2	5	1	0	68	117
	WWCC	1	6	6	0	0	1	7	21
	WVCC	5	2	3	1	3	0	0	14
	WCC	4	0	0	1	0	0	6	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	1	3	3	0	0	0	4	11
	CCC	9	8	3	1	1	1	30	53
	CLCC	12	9	6	2	5	4	29	67
	CBCC	5	2	3	0	2	2	12	26
	EVCC	22	16	15	7	11	8	53	132
	GRCC	9	4	7	1	4	2	32	59
	OCC	17	9	7	6	7	2	62	110
	SCCC	10	7	6	11	9	18	45	106
	SNCC	3	2	2	0	1	0	12	20
	SSCC	8	8	3	2	5	8	20	54
	SHCC	10	10	11	9	7	5	42	94
	SPCC	4	1	0	2	3	1	8	19
	WWCC	5	4	5	0	2	1	8	25
	YVCC	11	3	2	1	4	0	13	34

CODING

1 - 1 - 3 months

2 - 4 - 6 months

3 - 7 - 9 months

4 - 10 - 12 months

5 - 13 - 24 months

6 - Over 24 months

0 - No response

Table 24a

HOW LONG (IF UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU BEEN UNEMPLOYED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE		22.97	11.49	5.54	4.16	4.75	3.37	47.72	100
N-O		15.56	10.62		5.19	7.53	6.42	45.68	100.01
T		18.40	10.95	7.68	4.79	6.46	5.25	46.46	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	8.33	8.33	8.33	0	8.33	0	66.67	99.99
	CLCC	25.33	18.67	2.67	1.33	4	4	44	100
	EVCC	20	11.11	0	4.44	6.67	11.11	46.67	100
	FSCC	22.50	7.50	0	10	15	5	40	100
	GHCC	20	5	15	0	0	10	50	100
	HCC	6.45	6.45	3.23	3.23	3.23	0	77.42	100.01
	JOVTI	24.14	13.79	10.34	13.79	10.34	0	27.59	99.99
	PCC	41.67	8.33	8.33	0	8.33	0	33.33	99.99
	SHCC	31.25	12.50	3.13	6.25	0	6.25	40.63	100.01
	SVCC	18.75	18.75	15.63	0	3.13	6.25	37.50	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	0	0	0	7.14	0	78.57	100
	TCC	27.35	7.69	1.71	4.27	.85	0	58.12	99.99
	WWCC	4.76	28.57	28.57	0	0	4.76	33.33	99.99
	WVCC	35.71	14.29	21.43	7.14	21.43	0	0	100
	WCC	36.36	0	0	9.09	0	0	54.55	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	9.09	27.27	27.27	0	0	0	36.36	99.99
	CCC	16.98	15.09	5.66	1.89	1.89	1.89	56.60	100
	CLCC	17.91	13.43	8.96	2.99	7.46	5.97	43.28	100
	CBCC	19.23	7.69	11.54	0	7.69	7.69	46.15	99.99
	EVCC	16.67	12.12	11.36	5.30	8.33	6.06	40.15	99.99
	GRCC	15.25	6.78	11.86	1.69	6.78	3.39	54.24	99.99
	OCC	15.45	8.18	6.36	5.45	6.36	1.82	56.36	99.98
	SCCC	9.43	6.60	5.66	10.38	8.49	16.98	42.45	99.99
	SNCC	15	10	10	0	5	0	60	100
	SSCC	14.81	14.81	5.56	3.70	9.26	14.81	37.04	99.99
	SHCC	10.64	10.64	11.70	9.57	7.45	5.32	44.68	100
	SPCC	21.05	5.26	0	10.53	15.79	5.26	42.11	100
	WWCC	20	16	20	0	8	4	32	100
	YVCC	32.35	8.82	5.88	2.94	11.76	0	38.24	99.99

CODING

1 - 1 - 3 months

2 - 4 - 6 months

3 - 7 - 9 months

4 - 10 - 12 months

5 - 13 - 24 months

6 - Over 24 months

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. A majority of the unemployed veterans have been unemployed from 1 to 6 months (29.35%).

2. Many of these veterans possibly entered school after being unsuccessful in the occupational arena.

Table 24b

ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	79	398	28	505
	N-O	91	673	46	810
	T	170	1071	74	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	12	0	12
	CLCC	11	59	5	75
	EVCC	9	35	1	45
	FSCC	5	31	4	40
	GHCC	1	17	2	20
	HCC	3	28	0	31
	OVTI	4	25	0	29
	PCC	1	11	0	12
	SHCC	9	22	1	32
	SVCC	3	28	1	32
	SPCC	0	13	1	14
	TCC	25	81	11	117
	WWCC	5	15	1	21
	WVCC	2	11	1	14
	WCC	1	10	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	11	0	11
	CCC	5	44	4	53
	CLCC	3	61	3	67
	CBCC	2	22	2	26
	EVCC	24	100	8	132
	GRCC	9	48	2	59
	OCC	10	87	13	110
	SCCC	11	90	5	106
	SNCC	3	17	0	20
	SSCC	3	51	0	54
	SHCC	10	80	4	94
	SPCC	2	17	0	19
	WWCC	6	16	3	25
	YVCC	3	29	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 25a

ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		15.64	78.81	5.54	99.99
N-O		11.23	83.09	5.68	100
T		12.93	81.44	5.63	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	100	0	100
	CLCC	14.67	78.67	6.67	100.01
	EVCC	20	77.78	2.22	100
	FSCC	12.50	77.50	10	100
	GHCC	5	85	10	100
	HCC	9.68	90.32	0	100
	OVTI	13.79	86.21	0	100
	PCC	8.33	91.67	0	100
	SHCC	28.13	68.75	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	9.38	87.50	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	0	92.86	7.14	100
	TCC	21.37	69.23	9.40	100
	WWCC	23.81	71.43	4.76	100
	WVCC	14.29	78.57	7.14	100
	WCC	9.09	90.91	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	100	0	100
	CCC	9.43	83.02	7.55	100
	CLCC	4.48	91.04	4.48	100
	CBCC	7.69	84.62	7.69	100
	EVCC	18.18	75.76	6.06	100
	GRCC	15.25	81.36	3.39	100
	OCC	9.09	79.09	11.82	100
	SCCC	10.38	84.91	4.72	100.01
	SNCC	15	85	0	100
	SSCC	5.56	94.44	0	100
	SHCC	10.64	85.11	4.26	100.01
	SPCC	10.53	89.47	0	100
	WWCC	24	64	12	100
	YVCC	8.82	85.29	5.88	99.99

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 12.93% of the total veterans are drawing unemployment compensation while in school. This is 44.04% of those who have been unemployed from 1 to 6 months.

Table 25b

WHAT (IF NOT EMPLOYED) IS THE PRIMARY REASON THAT YOU ARE NOT DRAWING UMEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
O		90	42	10	21	19	53	270	505
STATE N-O		162	99	17	26	39	77	390	810
T		252	141	27	47	58	130	660	1315
	BBCC	4	0	0	0	1	2	5	12
	CLCC	17	4	1	5	1	14	34	75
	EVCC	9	5	0	3	2	2	24	45
	FSCC	6	8	1	1	1	5	18	40
	GHCC	3	2	0	1	2	1	11	20
	HCC	2	2	0	0	1	0	26	31
	OVTI	8	5	1	0	1	3	11	29
	PCC	3	0	1	1	0	2	5	12
OUTREACH	SHCC	4	2	2	0	2	2	20	32
	SVCC	9	2	0	0	2	7	12	32
	SPCC	3	1	0	0	1	3	6	14
	TCC	11	8	2	7	2	6	81	117
	WWCC	4	1	2	1	1	3	9	21
	WVCC	5	1	1	2	0	2	3	14
	WCC	2	1	0	0	2	1	5	11
	BBCC	5	0	2	0	0	2	2	11
	CCC	10	4	0	0	2	9	28	53
	CLCC	19	10	0	3	5	8	22	67
	CBCC	3	1	2	1	2	5	12	26
	EVCC	25	20	3	3	8	9	64	132
	GRCC	6	6	1	1	3	6	36	59
NON	OCC	20	10	2	1	5	5	67	110
OUTREACH	SCCC	24	18	3	6	4	8	43	106
	SNCC	3	1	0	0	0	1	15	20
	SSCC	11	9	0	4	2	5	23	54
	SHCC	13	15	1	4	7	7	47	94
	SPCC	4	2	0	1	0	3	9	19
	WWCC	6	1	1	0	0	6	11	25
	YVCC	13	2	2	2	1	3	11	34

CODING

1 - Not eligible

2 - Have used all my compensation

3 - Not covered by compensation law

4 - Did not apply but do qualify for benefits

5 - Did not apply but do not know if eligilbe

6 - Other

0 - No response

Table 26a

WHAT (IF NOT EMPLOYED) IS THE PRIMARY REASON THAT YOU ARE NOT DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	17.82	8.32	1.98	4.16	3.76	10.50	53.47	100.01
	N-O	20	12.22	2.10	3.21	4.81	9.51	48.15	100
	T	19.16	10.72	2.05	3.57	4.41	9.89	50.19	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	33.33	0	0	0	8.33	16.67	41.67	100
	CLCC	22.67	5.33	0	6.67	1.33	18.67	45.33	100
	EVCC	20	11.11	0	6.67	4.44	4.44	53.33	99.99
	FSCC	15	20	2.50	2.50	2.50	12.50	45	100
	GHCC	15	10	0	5	10	5	55	100
	HCC	6.45	6.45	0	0	3.23	0	83.87	100
	OVTI	27.59	17.24	3.42	0	3.45	10.43	37.93	100
	PCC	25	0	8.33	8.33	0	16.67	41.67	100
	SHCC	12.50	6.25	6.25	0	6.25	6.25	62.50	100
	SVCC	28.13	6.25	0	0	6.25	21.88	37.50	100.01
	SPCC	21.43	7.14	0	0	7.14	21.43	42.86	100
	TCC	9.40	6.84	1.71	5.98	1.71	5.13	69.23	100
	WWCC	19.05	4.76	9.52	4.76	4.76	14.29	42.86	100
	WVCC	35.71	7.14	7.14	14.29	0	14.29	21.43	100
	WCC	18.18	9.09	0	0	18.18	9.09	45.45	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	45.45	0	18.18	0	0	18.18	18.18	99.99
	CCC	18.87	7.55	0	0	3.77	16.98	52.83	100
	CLCC	23.36	14.93	0	4.48	7.46	11.94	32.84	100.01
	CBCC	11.54	3.85	7.69	3.85	7.69	19.23	46.15	100
	EVCC	18.94	15.15	2.27	2.27	6.06	6.82	48.48	99.99
	GRCC	10.17	10.17	1.69	1.69	5.08	10.17	61.02	99.99
	OCC	18.18	9.09	1.82	.91	4.55	4.55	60.91	100.01
	SCCC	22.64	16.98	2.83	5.66	3.77	7.55	40.57	100
	SNCC	15	5	0	0	0	5	75	100
	SSCC	20.37	16.67	0	7.41	3.70	9.26	42.59	100
	SHCC	13.83	15.96	1.06	4.26	7.45	7.45	50	100.01
	SPCC	21.05	10.53	0	5.26	0	15.79	47.37	100
	WWCC	24	4	4	0	0	25	44	100
	YVCC	38.24	5.88	5.88	5.88	2.94	8.82	32.35	99.99

CODING

1 - Not eligible

2 - Have used all my compensation

3 - Not covered by unemployment compensation law

4 - Did not apply but do qualify for benefits

5 - Did not apply but do not know if eligible

6 - Other

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 19.16% of the total veterans feel they are not eligible for unemployment compensation.

2. 3.57% did not apply even though they feel they are qualified for benefits (7.18% of those who responded to the question).

Table 26b

HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	117	113	81	84	110	505
	N-O	167	186	169	147	141	810
	T	284	299	250	231	251	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	3	3	3	0	3	12
	CLCC	16	11	12	17	19	75
	EVCC	15	8	8	6	8	45
	FSCC	12	11	3	5	9	40
	GHCC	4	4	4	5	3	20
	HCC	1	10	8	12	0	31
	OVTI	8	10	6	2	3	29
	PCC	5	2	1	2	2	12
	SHCC	8	9	3	3	9	32
	SVCC	4	5	12	7	4	32
	SPCC	0	3	5	0	6	14
	TCC	34	20	8	17	38	117
	WWCC	2	8	5	3	3	21
	WVCC	3	7	0	3	1	14
	WCC	2	2	3	0	2	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	3	0	5	1	11
	CCC	7	11	19	9	7	53
	CLCC	15	16	12	14	10	67
	CBCC	5	6	5	5	5	26
	EVCC	30	36	21	26	19	132
	GRCC	14	18	8	7	12	59
	OCC	21	19	18	21	31	110
	SCCC	23	26	30	13	14	106
	SNCC	5	1	4	2	8	20
	SSCC	9	9	21	9	6	54
	SHCC	16	24	19	19	16	94
	SPCC	5	5	2	3	4	19
	WWCC	7	6	4	4	4	25
	YVCC	8	6	6	10	4	34

CODING

1 - Met my needs

2 - Partially met my needs

3 - Did not meet my needs

4 - Did not use services

0 - No response

Table 27a

HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	23.17	22.38	16.04	16.63	21.78	100
	N-O	20.62	22.96	20.86	18.15	17.41	100
	T	21.60	22.74	19.01	17.57	19.09	100.01
OUTREACH	BBCC	25	25	25	0	25	100
	CLCC	21.33	14.67	16	22.67	25.33	100
	EVCC	33.33	17.78	17.78	13.33	17.78	100
	ESCC	30	27.50	7.50	12.50	22.50	100
	GHCC	20	20	20	25	15	100
	HCC	3.23	32.66	25.81	38.71	0	100.01
	OVTI	27.59	34.48	20.69	6.90	10.34	100
	PCC	41.67	16.67	8.33	16.67	16.67	100.01
	SHCC	25	28.13	9.38	9.38	28.13	100.02
	SVCC	12.50	15.63	37.50	21.88	12.50	100.01
	SPCC	0	21.43	35.71	0	42.86	100
	TCC	29.06	17.09	6.84	14.53	32.48	100
	WWCC	9.52	38.10	23.81	14.29	14.29	100.01
	WVCC	21.43	50	0	21.43	7.14	100
	WCC	18.18	18.18	27.27	18.18	18.18	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	27.27	0	45.45	9.09	99.99
	CCC	13.21	20.75	35.85	16.98	13.21	100
	CLCC	22.39	23.88	17.91	20.90	14.93	100.01
	CBCC	19.23	23.08	19.23	19.23	19.23	100
	EVCC	22.73	27.27	15.91	19.70	14.39	100
	GRCC	23.73	30.51	13.56	11.86	20.34	100
	OCC	19.09	17.27	16.36	19.09	28.18	99.99
	SCCC	21.20	24.53	28.30	12.26	13.21	100
	SNCC	25	5	20	10	40	100
	SSCC	16.67	16.67	38.89	16.67	11.11	100.01
	SHCC	17.02	25.53	20.21	20.21	17.02	99.99
	SPCC	26.32	26.32	10.53	15.79	21.05	100.01
	WWCC	28	24	16	16	16	100
	YVCC	23.53	17.65	17.65	29.41	11.76	100

CODING

1 - Met my needs

2 - Partially met my needs

3 - Did not meet my needs

4 - Did not use services

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 54.79% of the veterans who responded to this question feel that their needs were met or partially met by the Employment Security Department (44.34% of the total veterans).

2. 23.50% of those who responded, feel that the Employment Security Department did not meet their needs.

Table 27b

DOES YOUR SPOUSE WORK?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	151	166	168	20	505
	N-O	198	267	307	38	810
	T	349	433	475	58	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	4	2	6	0	12
	CLCC	12	26	31	6	75
	EVCC	13	22	9	1	45
	FSCC	12	15	12	1	40
	GHCC	6	3	11	0	20
	HCC	12	5	13	1	31
	OVTI	11	9	9	0	29
	PCC	3	5	3	1	12
	SHCC	12	9	10	1	32
	SVCC	8	12	11	1	32
	SPCC	4	7	2	1	14
	TCC	40	37	35	5	117
	WWCC	5	4	10	2	21
	WVCC	5	4	5	0	14
	WCC	4	6	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	4	5	0	11
	CCC	19	17	17	0	53
	CLCC	20	19	27	1	67
	CBCC	7	10	9	0	26
	FVCC	21	53	51	7	132
	GRCC	14	18	22	5	59
	OCC	27	57	21	5	110
	SCCC	20	25	50	11	106
	SNCC	6	7	7	0	20
	SSCC	10	10	30	4	54
	SHCC	29	20	42	3	94
	SPCC	5	10	4	0	19
	WWCC	6	10	9	0	25
	YVCC	12	7	13	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

3 - Not married

0 - No response

Table 28a

DOES YOUR SPOUSE WORK?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	29.90	32.87	33.27	3.96	100
	N-O	24.44	32.96	37.90	4.69	99.99
	T	26.54	32.93	36.12	4.41	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	33.33	16.67	50	0	100
	CLCC	16	34.67	41.33	8	100
	EVCC	28.89	48.89	20	2.22	100
	FSCC	30	37.50	30	2.50	100
	GHCC	30	15	55	0	100
	HCC	38.71	16.13	41.94	3.23	100.01
	OVTI	37.93	31.03	31.03	0	99.99
	PCC	25	41.67	25	8.33	100
	SHCC	37.50	28.13	31.25	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	25	37.50	34.38	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	28.57	50	14.29	7.14	100
	TCC	34.19	31.62	29.91	4.27	99.99
	WWCC	23.81	19.05	47.62	9.52	100
	WVCC	35.71	28.57	35.71	0	99.99
	WCC	36.36	54.55	9.09	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	36.36	45.45	0	99.99
	CCC	35.85	32.08	32.08	0	100.01
	CLCC	29.85	28.36	40.30	1.49	100
	CBCC	26.92	38.46	34.62	0	100
	EVCC	15.91	40.15	38.64	5.30	100
	GRCC	23.73	30.51	37.29	8.47	100
	OCC	24.55	51.82	19.09	4.55	100.01
	SCCC	18.87	23.58	47.17	10.38	100
	SNCC	30	35	35	0	100
	SSCC	18.52	18.52	55.56	7.41	100.01
	SHCC	30.85	21.28	44.68	3.19	100
	SPCC	26.32	52.63	21.05	0	100
	WWCC	24	40	36	0	100
	YVCC	35.29	20.59	38.24	5.88	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

3 - Not married

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 55.37% of the total veterans who are married, have wives which are working.

2. 44.63% of the total veterans who are married, have wives which are not working.

Table 28b

HAVE YOU APPLIED FOR FOOD STAMPS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	95	391	19	505
	N-O	216	578	16	810
	T	311	969	35	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	10	0	12
	CLCC	12	56	7	75
	EVCC	10	34	1	45
	FSCC	7	32	1	40
	GHCC	5	15	0	20
	HCC	4	27	0	31
	OVTI	10	19	0	29
	PCC	2	10	0	12
	SHCC	6	24	2	32
	SVCC	9	21	2	32
	SPCC	1	12	1	14
	TCC	20	93	4	117
	WWCC	4	16	1	21
	WVCC	2	12	0	14
	WCC	1	10	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	4	7	0	11
	CCC	14	39	0	53
	CLCC	20	47	0	67
	GBCC	5	21	0	26
	EVCC	37	93	2	132
	GRCC	16	42	1	59
	OCC	23	83	4	110
	SCCC	31	71	4	106
	SNCC	3	17	0	20
	SSCC	13	40	1	54
	SHCC	19	73	2	94
	SPCC	7	12	0	19
	WWCC	12	13	0	25
	YVCC	12	20	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 29a

HAVE YOU APPLIED FOR FOOD STAMPS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	18.81	77.43	3.76	100
	N-O	26.67	71.36	1.96	99.99
	T	23.65	73.69	2.66	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	CLCC	16	74.67	9.33	100
	EVCC	22.22	75.56	2.22	100
	FSCC	17.50	80	2.55	100
	GHCC	25	75	0	100
	HCC	12.90	87.10	0	100
	OVTI	34.48	65.52	0	100
	PCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	SHCC	18.75	75	6.25	100
	SVCC	28.13	65.63	6.25	100.01
	SPCC	7.14	85.71	7.14	99.99
	TCC	17.09	79.49	3.42	100
	WWCC	19.05	76.19	4.76	100
	WVCC	14.29	85.71	0	100
	WCC	9.09	90.91	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	36.36	63.64	0	100
	CCC	29.85	70.15	0	100
	CLCC	29.85	70.15	0	100
	CBCC	19.23	80.77	0	100
	EVCC	28.03	70.45	1.52	100
	GRCC	27.12	71.19	1.69	100
	OCC	20.91	75.45	3.64	100
	SCCC	29.25	66.98	3.77	100
	SNCC	15	85	0	100
	SSCC	24.07	74.07	1.85	99.99
	SHCC	20.21	77.66	2.13	100
	SPCC	36.84	63.16	0	100
	WWCC	48	52	0	100
	YVCC	35.29	58.82	5.88	99.99

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 23.65% of the total veterans have applied for food stamps.

Table 29b

HAVE YOU RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS?

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE O		99	381	25	505
STATE N-O		207	577	26	810
STATE T		306	958	51	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	10	0	12
	CLCC	13	56	6	75
	EVCC	14	30	1	45
	ESCC	8	30	2	40
	GHCC	3	17	0	20
	HCC	2	28	1	31
	OVTI	10	19	0	29
	PCC	2	10	0	12
	SHCC	6	24	2	32
	SVCC	10	20	2	32
	SPCC	2	11	1	14
	TCC	20	88	9	117
	WWCC	4	16	1	21
	WVCC	2	12	0	14
	WCC	1	10	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	3	8	0	11
	CCC	15	37	1	53
	CLCC	23	42	2	67
	CBCC	6	20	0	26
	EVCC	32	95	5	132
	GRCC	13	45	1	59
	OCC	25	80	5	110
	SCCC	24	77	5	106
	SNCC	3	17	0	20
	SSCC	12	40	2	54
	SHCC	21	71	2	94
	SPCC	7	11	1	19
	WWCC	10	15	0	25
	YVCC	13	19	2	34

Table 30a

HAVE YOU RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		19.60	75.45	4.95	100
N-O		25.56	71.23	3.21	100
T		23.27	72.85	3.88	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	CLCC	17.33	74.67	8	100
	EVCC	31.11	66.67	2.22	100
	FSCC	20	75	5	100
	GHCC	15	85	0	100
	HCC	6.45	90.32	3.22	100
	OVTI	34.48	65.52	0	100
	PCC	16.67	83.33	0	100
	SHCC	18.75	75	6.25	100
	SVCC	31.25	62.50	6.25	100
	SPCC	14.29	78.57	7.14	100
	TCC	17.09	75.21	7.69	99.99
	WWCC	19.05	76.19	4.76	100
	WVCC	14.29	85.71	0	100
	WCC	9.09	90.91	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	27.27	72.73	0	100
	CCC	28.30	69.81	1.89	100
	CLCC	34.33	62.69	2.99	100.01
	CBCC	23.08	76.92	0	100
	EVCC	24.24	71.97	3.79	100
	GRCC	22.03	76.27	1.69	99.99
	OCC	22.73	72.73	4.55	100.01
	SCCC	22.64	72.64	4.72	100
	SNCC	15	85	0	100
	SSCC	22.22	74.07	3.70	99.99
	SHCC	22.34	75.53	2.13	100
	SPCC	36.84	57.89	5.26	99.99
	WWCC	40	60	0	100
	YVCC	38.24	55.88	5.88	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 23.27% of the total veterans have received food stamps.

2. 70.59% of the total veterans who applied for food stamps received them.

3. 29.41% of the total veterans who applied for food stamps did not receive them.

Table 30b

HAVE YOU RECEIVED WELFARE SINCE YOUR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	57	429	19	505
	N-O	85	709	16	810
	T	142	1138	35	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	1	11	0	12
	CLCC	12	57	6	75
	EVCC	8	36	1	45
	FSCC	7	32	1	40
	GHCC	1	19	0	20
	HCC	0	31	0	31
	OVTI	3	26	0	29
	PCC	0	12	0	12
	SHCC	5	25	2	32
	SVCC	6	25	1	32
	SPCC	1	12	1	14
	TCC	8	104	5	117
	WWCC	0	20	1	21
	WVCC	1	13	0	14
	WCC	4	6	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	11	0	11
	CCC	8	45	0	53
	CLCC	6	60	1	67
	CBCC	6	20	0	26
	EVCC	14	116	2	132
	GRCC	4	54	1	59
	OCC	12	94	4	110
	SCCC	12	91	3	106
	SNCC	3	17	0	20
	SSCC	6	47	1	54
	SHCC	6	87	1	94
	SPCC	3	16	0	19
	WWCC	4	21	0	25
	YVCC	1	30	3	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 31a

HAVE YOU RECEIVED WELFARE SINCE YOUR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	11.29	84.95	3.76	100
	N-O	10.49	87.53	1.98	100
	T	10.80	86.54	2.66	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	8.33	91.67	0	100
	CLCC	16	76	8	100
	EVCC	17.78	80	2.22	100
	FSCC	17.50	80	2.50	100
	GHCC	5	95	0	100
	HCC	0	100	0	100
	OVTI	10.34	89.66	0	100
	PCC	0	100	0	100
	SHCC	15.63	78.13	6.25	100.01
	SVCC	18.75	78.13	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	7.14	85.71	7.14	99.99
	TCC	6.84	88.89	4.27	100
	WWCC	0	95.24	4.76	100
	WVCC	7.14	92.86	0	100
	WCC	36.36	54.55	9.09	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	100	0	100
	CCC	15.09	84.91	0	100
	CLCC	8.96	89.55	1.49	100
	CBCC	23.08	76.92	0	100
	EVCC	10.61	87.88	1.52	100.01
	GRCC	6.78	91.53	1.69	100
	OCC	10.91	85.45	3.64	100
	SCCC	11.32	85.45	2.83	100
	SNCC	15	85	0	100
	SSCC	11.11	87.04	1.85	100
	SHCC	6.38	92.55	1.06	99.99
	SPCC	15.79	84.21	0	100
	WWCC	16	84	0	100
	YVCC	2.94	88.24	8.82	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 10.80% of the total veterans have received welfare since discharge.

Table 31b

DID YOU RECEIVE ADEQUATE INFORMATION ABOUT VETERANS SERVICES PRIOR TO BEING DISCHARGED OR SEPARATED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	262	227	16	505
	N-O	411	388	11	810
	T	673	615	27	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	6	6	0	12
	CLCC	37	34	4	75
	EVCC	21	21	3	45
	FSCC	16	24	0	40
	GHCC	15	5	0	20
	HCC	4	27	0	31
	OVTI	16	13	0	29
	PCC	8	4	0	12
	SHCC	18	13	1	32
	SVCC	18	14	0	32
	SPCC	2	11	1	14
	TCC	78	33	6	117
	WWCC	11	9	1	21
	WVCC	6	8	0	14
	WCC	6	5	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	9	0	11
	CCC	21	30	2	53
	CLCC	34	32	1	67
	CBCC	13	13	0	26
	EVCC	73	59	0	132
	GRCC	31	27	1	59
	OCC	57	52	1	110
	SCCC	40	62	4	106
	SNCC	11	9	0	20
	SSCC	26	27	1	54
	SHCC	53	40	1	94
	SPCC	11	8	0	19
	WWCC	14	11	0	25
	YVCC	25	9	0	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 32a

DID YOU RECEIVE ADEQUATE INFORMATION ABOUT VETERANS SERVICES PRIOR TO BEING DISCHARGED OR SEPARATED?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	51.88	44.95	3.17	100
	N-O	50.74	47.90	1.36	100
	T	51.18	46.77	2.05	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	50	50	0	100
	CLCC	49.33	45.33	5.33	99.99
	EVCC	46.67	46.67	6.67	100.01
	ESCC	40	60	0	100
	GHCC	75	25	0	100
	HCC	12.90	87.10	0	100
	OVTI	55.17	44.83	0	100
	PCC	66.67	33.33	0	100
	SHCC	56.25	40.63	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	56.25	43.75	0	100
	SPCC	14.29	78.57	7.14	100
	TCC	66.67	28.21	5.13	100.01
	WWCC	52.38	42.86	4.76	100
	WVCC	42.86	57.14	0	100
	WCC	54.55	45.45	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	81.82	0	100
	CCC	39.62	56.60	3.77	99.99
	CLCC	50.75	47.76	1.49	100
	CBCC	50	50	0	100
	EVCC	55.30	44.70	0	100
	GRCC	52.54	45.76	1.69	99.99
	OCC	51.82	47.27	.91	100
	SCCC	37.74	58.49	3.77	100
	SNCC	55	45	0	100
	SSCC	48.15	50	1.85	100
	SHCC	56.38	42.55	1.06	99.99
	SPCC	57.89	42.11	0	100
	WWCC	56	44	0	100
	YVCC	73.53	26.47	0	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 51.18% of the total veterans feel they did receive adequate information about veterans services.

2. 46.77% of the total veterans did not feel they received adequate information prior to discharge.

Table 32b

WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE OF HOW YOU COULD GO ABOUT USING THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	265	87	75	66	12	505
	N-O	430	122	109	134	15	810
	T	695	209	184	200	27	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	7	1	1	3	0	12
	CLCC	37	17	8	11	2	75
	EVCC	24	4	12	4	1	45
	FSCC	23	5	9	3	0	40
	GHCC	14	4	0	2	0	20
	HCC	7	13	9	2	0	31
	OVTI	14	8	4	3	0	29
	PCC	7	3	0	2	0	12
	SHCC	17	7	5	2	1	32
	SVCC	17	3	4	8	0	32
	SPCC	2	4	4	3	1	14
	TCC	70	13	10	18	6	117
	WWCC	12	3	3	2	1	21
	WVCC	7	2	3	2	0	14
	WCC	7	0	3	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	7	2	1	0	1	11
	CCC	23	8	8	13	1	53
	CLCC	39	10	6	12	0	67
	CBCC	10	4	10	2	0	26
	EVCC	73	18	17	23	1	132
	GRCC	32	8	5	12	2	59
	OCC	55	15	16	22	2	110
	SCCC	42	21	18	21	4	106
	SNCC	10	5	3	2	0	20
	SSCC	30	6	12	4	2	54
	SHCC	61	14	8	10	1	94
	SPCC	12	3	1	3	0	19
	WWCC	15	6	1	3	0	25
	YVCC	21	2	3	7	1	34

CODING

1 - During active duty in the service

2 - From one of your local veterans organizations

3 - From the Outreach Program - through worker or friend

4 - Other

0 - No response

Table 33a

WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE OF HOW YOU COULD GO ABOUT USING THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	52.48	17.23	14.85	13.07	2.38	100.01
	N-C	53.09	15.06	13.46	16.54	1.85	100
	T	52.85	15.89	13.99	15.21	2.05	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	58.33	8.33	8.33	25	0	99.99
	CLCC	49.33	22.67	10.67	14.67	2.67	100.01
	EVCC	53.33	8.89	26.67	8.89	2.22	100
	FSCC	57.50	12.50	22.50	7.50	0	100
	GHCC	70	20	0	10	0	100
	HCC	22.58	41.94	29.03	6.45	0	100
	OVTI	48.28	27.59	13.79	10.34	0	100
	PCC	58.33	25	0	16.67	0	100
	SHCC	53.13	21.88	15.63	6.25	3.13	100.02
	SVCC	53.13	9.38	12.50	25	0	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	28.57	28.57	21.43	7.14	100
	TCC	59.83	11.11	8.55	15.38	5.13	100
	WWCC	57.14	14.29	14.29	9.52	4.76	100
	WVCC	50	14.29	21.43	14.29	0	100.01
	WCC	63.64	0	27.27	9.09	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	63.64	18.18	9.09	0	9.09	100
	CCC	43.40	15.09	15.09	24.53	1.89	100
	CLCC	58.21	14.93	8.96	17.91	0	100.01
	CBCC	38.46	15.38	38.46	7.69	0	99.99
	EVCC	55.30	13.64	12.88	17.42	.76	100
	GRCC	54.24	13.56	8.47	20.34	3.39	100
	OCC	50	13.64	14.55	20	1.32	100.01
	SCCC	39.62	19.81	16.98	19.81	3.77	99.99
	SNCC	50	25	15	10	0	100
	SSCC	55.56	11.11	22.22	7.41	3.70	100
	SHCC	64.89	14.89	8.51	10.64	1.06	99.99
	SPCC	63.16	15.79	5.26	15.79	0	100
	WWCC	60	24	4	12	0	100
	YVCC	61.76	5.88	8.82	20.59	2.94	99.99

CODING

1 - During active duty in the service

2 - From one of your local veterans organizations

3 - From the Outreach program - through a worker or friend

4 - Other

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Most of the total veterans became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill in the service (52.85%).

2. 15.89% from a local veterans organization.

3. 13.99% from their Veterans Outreach Program.

Table 33b

WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE YOU WERE ELIGIBLE FOR THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	361	53	40	38	13	505
	N-O	567	76	76	72	19	810
	T	928	129	116	110	32	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	9	0	0	2	1	12
	CLCC	49	12	4	7	3	75
	EVCC	34	1	6	4	0	45
	ESCC	30	2	7	1	0	40
	GHCC	19	1	0	0	0	20
	HCC	17	12	2	0	0	31
	OVTI	23	2	2	2	0	29
	PCC	8	1	0	3	0	12
	SHCC	26	1	2	2	1	32
	SVCC	25	0	3	4	0	32
	SPCC	7	1	3	2	1	14
	TCC	83	13	6	9	6	117
	WWCC	14	4	1	1	1	21
	WVCC	10	2	2	0	0	14
	WCC	7	1	2	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	10	1	0	0	0	11
	CCC	39	3	5	4	2	53
	CLCC	46	9	5	5	2	67
	CBCC	16	5	5	0	0	26
	EVCC	94	10	11	17	0	132
	GRCC	44	3	4	6	2	59
	OCC	69	8	15	17	1	110
	SCCC	65	16	9	11	5	106
	SNCC	14	3	3	0	0	20
	SSCC	38	3	8	1	4	54
	SHCC	75	8	5	3	3	94
	SPCC	14	1	3	1	0	19
	WWCC	19	4	1	1	0	25
	YVCC	24	2	2	6	0	34

CODING

1 - During active duty in the service

2 - From one of your local veterans organizations

3 - From the Outreach program - through worker or friend

4 - Other

0 - No response

Table 34a

WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE YOU WERE ELIGIBLE FOR THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	71.49	10.50	7.92	7.52	2.57	100
	N-C	70	9.38	9.38	8.89	2.35	100
	T	70.57	9.81	8.82	8.37	2.43	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	75	0	0	16.67	8.33	100
	CLCC	65.33	16	5.33	9.33	4	99.99
	EVCC	75.56	2.22	13.33	8.89	0	100
	FSCC	75	5	17.50	2.50	0	100
	GHCC	95	5	0	0	0	100
	HCC	54.84	38.71	6.45	0	0	100
	OVTI	79.31	6.90	6.90	6.90	0	100.01
	PCC	66.67	8.33	0	25	0	100
	SHCC	81.25	3.13	6.25	6.25	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	78.13	0	9.38	12.50	0	100.01
	SPCC	50	7.14	21.43	14.29	7.14	100
	TCC	70.94	11.11	5.13	7.69	5.13	100
	WWCC	66.67	19.05	4.76	4.76	4.76	100
	WVCC	71.43	14.29	14.29	0	0	100.01
	WCC	63.64	9.09	18.18	9.09	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	90.91	9.09	0	0	0	100
	CCC	73.58	5.66	9.43	7.55	3.77	99.99
	CLCC	68.66	13.43	7.46	7.46	2.99	100
	CBCC	61.54	19.23	19.23	0	0	100
	EVCC	71.21	7.58	8.33	12.88	0	100
	GRCC	74.58	5.08	6.77	10.17	3.39	99.99
	OCC	62.73	7.27	13.64	15.45	.91	100
	SCCC	61.32	15.09	8.49	10.38	4.72	100
	SNCC	70	15	15	0	0	100
	SSCC	70.37	5.56	14.81	1.85	7.41	100
	SHCC	79.79	8.51	5.32	3.19	3.19	100
	SPCC	73.68	5.26	15.79	5.26	0	99.99
	WWCC	76	16	4	4	0	100
	YVCC	70.59	5.88	5.88	17.65	0	100

CODING

1 - During active duty in the service

2 - From one of your local veterans organizations

3 - From the Outreach program - through a worker or friend

4 - Other

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. Most of the total veterans became aware of their being eligible for the G.I. Bill in the service.

2. 9.81% from a local veterans organization.

3. 8.82% from their Veterans Outreach Program.

Table 34b

DO YOU FEEL THAT CURRENT G.I. BILL BENEFITS ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	211	267	27	505
	N-O	263	506	41	810
	T	474	773	68	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	3	9	0	12
	CLCC	42	27	6	75
	EVCC	22	20	3	45
	FSCC	14	24	2	40
	GHCC	6	12	2	20
	HCC	1	30	0	31
	OVTI	8	21	0	29
	PCC	5	6	1	12
	SHCC	13	18	1	32
	SVCC	8	24	0	32
	SPCC	4	7	3	14
	TCC	71	38	8	117
	WWCC	6	15	0	21
	WVCC	4	9	1	14
	WCC	4	7	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	1	9	1	11
	CCC	15	35	3	53
	CLCC	29	36	2	67
	CBCC	9	17	0	26
	EVCC	42	86	4	132
	GRCC	25	32	2	59
	OCC	62	39	9	110
	SCCC	10	92	4	106
	SNCC	13	3	4	20
	SSCC	11	40	3	54
	SHCC	20	71	3	94
	SPCC	9	7	3	19
	WWCC	3	21	1	25
	YVCC	14	18	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 35a

DO YOU FEEL THAT CURRENT G.I. BILL BENEFITS ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	41.78	52.87	5.35	100
	N-O	32.47	62.47	5.06	100
	T	36.05	58.78	5.17	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	25	75	0	100
	CLCC	56	36	8	100
	EVCC	48.89	44.44	6.67	100
	FSCC	35	60	5	100
	GHCC	30	60	10	100
	HCC	3.23	96.77	0	100
	OVTI	27.59	72.41	0	100
	PCC	41.67	50	8.33	100
	SHCC	40.63	56.25	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	25	75	0	100
	SPCC	28.57	50	21.43	100
	TCC	60.68	32.48	6.84	100
	WWCC	28.57	71.43	0	100
	WVCC	28.57	64.29	7.14	100
	WCC	36.36	63.64	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	9.09	81.82	9.09	100
	CCC	28.30	66.04	5.66	100
	CLCC	43.28	53.73	2.99	100
	CBCC	34.62	65.38	0	100
	EVCC	31.82	65.15	3.03	100
	GRCC	42.37	54.24	3.39	100
	OCC	56.36	35.45	8.18	99.99
	SCCC	9.43	86.79	3.77	99.99
	SNCC	65	15	20	100
	SSCC	20.37	74.07	5.56	100
	SHCC	21.28	75.53	3.19	100
	SPCC	47.37	36.84	15.79	100
	WWCC	12	84	4	100
	YVCC	41.18	52.94	5.88	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 61.99% of the total veterans who responded to the question feel their needs are not met by the current G.I. Bill.

2. 58.78% of the total veterans feel that the current G.I. Bill benefits are not adequate to meet their needs.

3. 41.78% of the outreach veterans (just coming to school) feel the benefits are adequate while only 32.47% of the non-outreach veterans (those who have been living off it for some time) feel the benefits are adequate.

4. This indicates that those who are just beginning may be over-estimating how far the G.I. Bill benefits will go.

Table 35b

HAVE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFORE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	221	277	7	505
	N-O	419	375	16	810
	T	640	652	23	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	7	5	0	12
	CLCC	29	46	0	75
	EVCC	15	30	0	45
	FSCC	12	27	1	40
	GHCC	13	7	0	20
	HCC	3	28	0	31
	OVTI	10	19	0	29
	PCC	7	4	1	12
	SHCC	13	19	0	32
	SVCC	21	11	0	32
	SPCC	5	9	0	14
	TCC	62	51	4	117
	WWCC	11	10	0	21
	WVCC	10	3	1	14
	WCC	3	8	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	4	6	1	11
	CCC	23	29	1	53
	CLCC	27	39	1	67
	CBCC	19	7	0	26
	EVCC	78	51	3	132
	GRCC	35	24	0	59
	OCC	49	60	1	110
	SCCC	60	45	1	106
	SNCC	6	12	2	20
	SSCC	30	23	1	54
	SHCC	56	36	2	94
	SPCC	4	14	1	19
	WWCC	14	11	0	25
	YVCC	14	18	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 36A a

HAVE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFORE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		43.76	54.85	1.39	100
N-OUTREACH		51.73	46.30	1.98	100.01
		48.67	49.58	1.75	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	58.33	41.67	0	100
	CLCC	38.67	61.33	0	100
	EVCC	33.33	66.67	0	100
	ESCC	30	67.50	2.50	100
	GHCC	65	35	0	100
	HCC	9.68	90.32	0	100
	OVTI	34.48	65.52	0	100
	PCC	58.33	33.33	8.33	99.99
	SHCC	40.63	59.38	0	100.01
	SVCC	65.63	34.38	0	100.01
	SPCC	35.71	64.29	0	100
	TCC	52.99	43.59	3.42	100
	WWCC	52.38	47.62	0	100
	WVCC	71.43	21.43	7.14	100
	WCC	27.27	72.73	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	36.36	54.55	9.09	100
	CCC	43.40	54.72	1.89	100.01
	CLCC	40.30	58.21	1.49	100
	CBCC	73.08	26.92	0	100
	EVCC	59.09	38.64	2.27	100
	GRCC	59.32	40.68	0	100
	OCC	44.55	54.55	.91	100.01
	SCCC	56.60	42.45	.94	99.99
	SNCC	30	60	10	100
	SSCC	55.56	42.59	1.85	100
	SHCC	59.57	38.30	2.13	100
	SPCC	21.05	73.68	5.26	99.99
	WWCC	56	44	0	100
	YVCC	41.18	52.94	5.88	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 49.58% of the total veterans have not drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously.

2. 48.67% of the total veterans have drawn money on the G.I. Bill previously.

Table 36A b

IF NO, FOR WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS HAVE YOU NOT USED THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	5	90	40	57	313	505
	N-C	14	120	54	41	581	810
	T	19	210	94	98	894	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	1	0	0	11	12
	CLCC	0	19	4	9	43	75
	EVCC	0	18	1	3	23	45
	ESCC	0	8	6	6	20	40
	GHCC	0	1	1	2	16	20
	HCC	2	10	8	3	8	31
	OVTI	1	4	6	2	16	29
	PCC	0	1	0	3	8	12
	SHCC	0	6	0	8	18	32
	SVCC	0	2	2	3	25	32
	SPCC	0	2	5	0	7	14
	TCC	2	8	5	16	86	117
	WWCC	0	3	1	1	16	21
	WVCC	0	2	0	0	12	14
	WCC	0	5	1	1	4	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	1	1	9	11
	CCC	1	8	3	6	35	53
	CLCC	0	14	1	5	47	67
	CBCC	0	2	4	1	19	26
	EVCC	5	15	4	7	101	132
	GRCC	0	8	2	3	46	59
	OCC	3	23	13	8	63	110
	SCCC	2	13	11	4	76	106
	SNCC	1	5	2	0	12	20
	SSCC	0	6	3	1	44	54
	SHCC	1	10	6	2	75	94
	SPCC	1	5	0	3	10	19
	WWCC	0	5	3	0	17	25
	YVCC	0	6	1	0	27	34

CODING

1 - Did not know the G.I. Bill existed

2 - Knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it

3 - Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)

4 - Have been out of the service less than 3 months

0 - No response

Table 36B a

IF NO, FOR WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS HAVE YOU NOT USED THE G.I. BILL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	.99	17.82	7.92	11.29	61.98	100
	N-O	1.73	14.81	6.67	5.06	71.73	100
	T	1.44	15.97	7.15	7.45	67.98	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	8.33	0	0	91.67	100
	CLCC	0	25.33	5.33	12	57.33	99.99
	EVCC	0	40	2.22	6.67	51.11	100
	FSCC	0	20	15	15	50	100
	GHCC	0	5	5	10	80	100
	HCC	6.45	32.26	25.81	9.68	25.81	100.01
	OVTI	3.45	13.79	20.69	6.90	55.17	100
	PCC	0	8.33	0	25	66.67	100
	SHCC	0	18.75	0	25	56.25	100
	SVCC	0	6.25	6.25	9.38	78.13	100.01
	SPCC	0	14.29	25.71	0	50	100
	TCC	1.71	6.84	4.27	13.68	73.50	100
	WWCC	0	14.29	4.76	4.76	76.19	100
	WVCC	0	14.29	0	0	85.71	100
	WCC	0	45.45	9.09	9.09	36.36	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	0	9.09	9.09	81.82	100
	CCC	1.89	15.09	5.66	11.32	66.04	100
	CLCC	0	20.90	1.49	7.46	70.15	100
	CBCC	0	7.69	15.38	3.85	73.08	100
	EVCC	3.79	11.36	3.03	5.30	76.52	100
	GRCC	0	13.56	3.39	5.08	77.97	100
	OCC	2.73	20.91	11.82	7.27	57.27	100
	SCCC	1.89	12.26	10.38	3.77	71.70	100
	SNCC	5	25	10	0	60	100
	SSCC	0	11.11	5.56	1.85	81.48	100
	SHCC	1.06	10.64	6.38	2.13	79.79	100
	SPCC	5.26	26.32	0	15.79	52.63	100
	WWCC	0	20	12	0	68	100
	YVCC	0	17.65	2.94	0	79.41	100

CODING

1 - Did not know the G.I. Bill existed

2 - Knew it existed, did not know how to go about getting it

3 - Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)

4 - Have been out of the service less than 3 months

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 49.88% of those who responded to this question knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.
   a) 32.21% of those who had not used the G.I. Bill
   b) 15.97% of the total veterans

2. 22.33% of those who responded to this question could not get correct information or were misinformed.
   a) 14.42% of those who had not used the G.I. Bill
   b) 7.15% of the total veterans

3. 4.51% of those who responded to this question did not know the G.I. Bill existed.
   a) 2.91% of those who had not used the G.I. Bill
   b) 1.44% of the total veterans

Table 36B b

EMPLOYMENT

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	239	76	51	23	15	101	505
	N-C	395	101	73	46	36	159	810
	T	634	177	124	69	51	260	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	9	1	2	0	0	0	12
	CLCC	36	12	11	4	1	11	75
	EVCC	27	6	1	2	3	6	45
	FSCC	21	11	2	3	0	3	40
	GHCC	9	4	4	1	2	0	20
	HCC	17	7	1	5	1	0	31
	OVTI	15	4	1	2	0	7	29
	PCC	6	0	3	0	0	3	12
	SHCC	15	4	3	1	1	8	32
	SVCC	14	3	3	2	2	8	32
	SPCC	6	2	0	0	2	4	14
	TCC	45	12	10	2	2	46	117
	WWCC	8	6	6	1	0	0	21
	WVCC	8	1	3	0	0	2	14
	WCC	3	3	1	0	1	3	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	5	4	0	0	0	2	11
	CCC	22	7	3	4	4	13	53
	CLCC	28	14	7	2	6	10	67
	CBCC	10	0	3	4	1	8	26
	EVCC	64	18	12	7	8	23	132
	GRCC	33	9	5	3	3	6	59
	OCC	50	10	7	4	4	35	110
	SCCC	51	12	12	5	2	24	106
	SNCC	10	4	0	2	0	4	20
	SSCC	28	3	7	4	3	9	54
	SHCC	45	11	14	7	3	14	94
	SPCC	10	2	0	0	2	5	19
	WWCC	19	1	2	1	0	2	25
	YVCC	20	6	1	3	0	4	34

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37A a

EMPLOYMENT

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	47.33	15.05	10.10	4.55	2.97	20	100
	N-C	48.77	12.47	9.01	5.68	4.44	19.63	100
	T	48.21	13.46	9.43	5.25	3.88	19.77	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	75	8.33	16.67	0	0	0	100
	CLCC	48	16	14.67	5.33	1.33	14.67	100
	EVCC	60	13.33	2.22	4.44	6.67	13.33	99.99
	FSCC	52.50	27.50	5	7.50	0	7.50	100
	GHCC	45	20	20	5	10	0	100
	HCC	54.84	22.58	3.23	16.13	3.23	0	100.01
	OVTI	51.72	13.79	3.45	6.90	0	24.14	100
	PCC	50	0	25	0	0	25	100
	SHCC	46.88	12.50	9.38	3.13	3.13	25	100.02
	SVCC	43.75	9.38	9.38	6.25	6.25	25	100.01
	SPCC	42.86	14.29	0	0	14.29	28.57	100.01
	TCC	38.46	10.26	8.55	1.71	1.71	39.32	100.01
	WWCC	38.10	28.57	28.57	4.76	0	0	100
	WVCC	57.14	7.14	21.43	0	0	14.29	100
	WCC	27.27	27.27	9.09	0	9.09	27.27	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	45.45	36.36	0	0	0	18.18	99.99
	CCC	41.51	13.21	5.66	7.55	7.55	24.53	100.01
	CLCC	41.79	20.90	10.45	2.99	8.96	14.93	100.02
	CBCC	38.46	0	11.54	15.38	3.85	30.77	100
	EVCC	48.48	13.64	9.09	5.30	6.06	17.42	99.99
	GRCC	55.93	15.25	8.47	5.08	5.08	10.17	99.98
	OCC	45.45	9.09	6.36	3.64	3.64	31.82	100
	SCCC	48.11	11.32	11.32	4.72	1.89	22.64	100
	SNCC	50	20	0	10	0	20	100
	SSCC	51.85	5.56	12.96	7.41	5.56	16.67	100.01
	SHCC	47.87	11.70	14.89	7.45	3.19	14.89	99.99
	SPCC	52.63	10.53	0	0	10.53	26.32	100.01
	WWCC	76	4	8	4	0	8	100
	YVCC	58.82	17.65	2.94	8.82	0	11.76	99.99

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37A b

EDUCATION

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	31	102	85	75	91	121	505
	N-O	48	165	140	146	127	184	810
	T	79	267	225	221	218	305	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	1	4	2	4	1	12
	CLCC	5	13	10	13	19	15	75
	EVCC	1	9	11	5	7	12	45
	FSCC	7	13	8	4	5	3	40
	GHCC	2	5	3	4	5	1	20
	HCC	1	10	10	4	6	0	31
	OVTI	2	6	4	0	7	10	29
	PCC	1	0	3	6	0	2	12
	SHCC	2	4	5	5	7	9	32
	SVCC	1	10	4	5	3	9	32
	SPCC	1	3	2	2	2	4	14
	TCC	4	21	16	13	16	47	117
	WWCC	1	3	1	7	7	2	21
	WVCC	0	3	3	2	3	3	14
	WCC	3	1	1	3	0	3	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	2	1	2	2	2	11
	CCC	4	7	6	13	10	13	53
	CLCC	8	15	13	12	9	10	67
	CBCC	2	4	6	3	3	8	26
	EVCC	3	28	21	27	27	26	132
	GRCC	2	17	11	12	11	6	59
	OCC	2	19	27	13	14	35	110
	SCCC	11	21	11	19	11	33	106
	SNCC	1	1	4	4	5	5	20
	SSCC	1	13	9	13	6	12	54
	SHCC	9	23	16	15	16	15	94
	SPCC	1	5	4	2	0	7	19
	WWCC	0	5	5	7	5	3	25
	YVCC	2	5	6	4	8	9	34

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

T-15

Table 37B a

EDUCATION

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	6.14	20.20	16.83	14.85	18.02	23.96	100
	N-O	5.93	20.37	17.28	18.02	15.68	22.72	100
	T	6.01	20.30	17.11	16.81	16.58	23.19	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	8.33	33.33	16.67	33.33	8.33	99.99
	CLCC	6.67	17.33	13.33	17.33	25.33	20	99.99
	EVCC	2.22	20	24.44	11.11	15.56	26.67	100
	FSCC	17.50	32.50	20	10	12.50	7.50	100
	GHCC	10	25	15	20	25	5	100
	HCC	3.23	32.26	32.26	12.90	19.35	0	100
	OVTI	6.90	20.69	13.79	0	24.14	34.48	100
	PCC	8.33	0	25	50	0	16.67	100
	SHCC	6.25	12.50	15.63	15.63	21.88	28.13	100.02
	SVCC	3.13	31.25	12.50	15.63	9.38	28.13	100.02
	SPCC	7.14	21.43	14.29	14.29	14.29	28.57	100.01
	TCC	3.42	17.95	13.68	11.11	13.68	40.17	100.01
	WWCC	4.76	14.29	4.76	33.33	33.33	9.52	99.99
	WVCC	0	21.43	21.43	14.29	21.43	21.43	100.01
	WCC	27.27	9.09	9.09	27.27	0	27.27	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	18.18	9.09	18.18	18.18	18.18	99.99
	CCC	7.55	13.21	11.32	24.53	18.87	24.53	100.01
	CLCC	11.94	22.39	19.40	17.91	13.43	14.93	100
	CBCC	7.69	15.38	23.08	11.54	11.54	30.77	100
	EVCC	2.27	21.21	15.91	20.45	20.45	19.70	99.99
	GRCC	3.39	28.81	18.64	20.34	18.64	10.17	99.99
	OCC	1.82	17.27	24.55	11.82	12.73	31.82	100.01
	SCCC	10.38	19.81	10.38	17.92	10.38	31.13	100
	SNCC	5	5	20	20	25	25	100
	SSCC	1.85	24.07	16.67	24.07	11.11	22.22	99.99
	SHCC	9.57	24.47	17.02	15.96	17.02	15.96	100
	SPCC	5.26	26.32	21.05	10.53	0	36.84	100
	WWCC	0	20	20	28	20	12	100
	YVCC	5.88	14.71	17.65	11.76	23.53	26.47	100

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37B b

SOCIAL APATHY

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	31	65	106	104	72	127	505
	N-O	47	131	151	173	115	193	810
	T	78	196	257	277	187	320	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	3	2	4	2	1	12
	CLCC	5	15	17	14	9	15	75
	EVCC	3	4	11	9	6	12	45
	FSCC	1	5	14	8	8	4	40
	GHCC	2	4	7	3	2	2	20
	HCC	2	1	10	8	10	0	31
	OVTI	4	4	4	5	1	11	29
	PCC	1	3	1	1	3	3	12
	SHCC	2	3	6	10	2	9	32
	SVCC	4	3	4	6	7	8	32
	SPCC	0	1	5	2	2	4	14
	TCC	2	12	20	24	11	48	117
	WWCC	3	3	3	6	3	3	21
	WVCC	1	4	1	2	3	3	14
	WCC	1	0	1	2	3	4	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	2	3	2	1	3	11
	CCC	3	10	10	11	6	13	53
	CLCC	3	9	14	16	15	10	67
	CBCC	1	4	5	4	4	8	26
	EVCC	8	27	27	23	18	29	132
	GRCC	1	8	19	14	10	7	59
	OCC	7	12	17	25	14	35	110
	SCCC	5	17	15	24	10	35	106
	SNCC	1	2	1	7	4	5	20
	SSCC	5	15	8	9	5	12	54
	SHCC	11	14	18	17	17	17	94
	SPCC	0	2	2	6	2	7	19
	WWCC	1	3	6	7	5	3	25
	YVCC	1	6	6	8	4	9	34

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37C a

SOCIAL APATHY

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	6.14	12.87	20.99	20.59	14.26	25.15	100
	N-O	5.80	16.17	18.64	21.36	14.20	23.83	100
	T	5.93	14.90	19.54	21.06	14.22	24.33	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	25	16.67	33.33	16.67	8.33	100
	CLCC	6.67	20	22.67	18.67	12	20	100.01
	EVCC	6.67	8.99	24.44	20	13.33	26.67	100
	FSCC	2.50	12.50	35	20	20	10	100
	GHCC	10	20	35	15	10	10	100
	HCC	6.45	3.23	32.26	25.81	32.26	0	100.01
	OVTI	13.79	13.79	13.79	17.24	3.45	37.93	99.99
	PCC	8.33	25	8.33	8.33	25	25	99.99
	SHCC	6.25	9.38	18.75	31.25	6.25	28.13	100.01
	SVCC	12.50	9.38	12.50	18.75	21.88	25	100.01
	SPCC	0	7.14	35.71	14.29	14.29	28.57	100
	TCC	1.71	10.26	17.09	20.51	9.40	41.03	100
	WWCC	14.29	14.29	14.29	28.57	14.29	14.29	100.02
	WVCC	7.14	28.57	7.14	14.29	21.43	21.43	100
	WCC	9.09	0	9.09	18.18	27.27	36.36	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	18.18	27.27	18.18	9.09	27.27	99.99
	CCC	5.66	18.87	18.87	20.75	11.32	24.53	100
	CLCC	4.48	13.43	20.90	23.88	22.39	14.93	100.01
	CBCC	3.85	15.38	19.23	15.38	15.38	30.77	99.99
	EVCC	6.06	20.45	20.45	17.42	13.64	21.97	99.99
	GRCC	1.69	13.56	32.20	23.73	16.95	11.86	99.99
	OCC	6.36	10.91	15.45	22.73	12.73	31.82	100
	SCCC	4.72	16.04	14.15	22.64	9.43	33.02	100
	SNCC	5	10	5	35	20	25	100
	SSCC	9.26	27.78	14.81	16.67	9.26	22.22	100
	SHCC	11.70	14.89	19.15	18.09	18.09	18.09	100.01
	SPCC	0	10.53	10.13	31.58	10.53	26.84	100.01
	WWCC	4	12	24	28	20	12	100
	YVCC	2.94	17.65	17.65	23.53	11.76	26.47	100

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37C b

SOCIAL READJUSTMENT

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	C	83	91	89	81	40	121	505
	N-C	121	183	161	126	79	185	810
	T	204	229	250	207	119	306	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	2	3	2	2	3	0	12
	CLCC	14	16	15	11	6	13	75
	EVCC	5	12	4	9	3	12	45
	FSCC	4	5	8	13	6	4	40
	GHCC	5	5	4	4	1	1	20
	HCC	12	9	8	1	1	0	31
	OVTI	2	0	9	6	2	10	29
	PCC	2	4	2	1	0	3	12
	SHCC	4	6	6	5	2	9	32
	SVCC	4	6	6	5	3	8	32
	SPCC	2	1	1	2	4	4	14
	TCC	15	16	15	17	6	48	117
	WWCC	7	5	4	1	1	3	21
	WVCC	3	1	3	2	2	3	14
	WCC	2	2	2	2	0	3	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	1	3	3	1	3	11
	CCC	7	9	15	6	3	13	53
	CLCC	13	11	12	12	9	10	67
	CBCC	3	5	4	4	2	8	26
	EVCC	26	20	27	24	9	26	132
	GRCC	15	10	12	9	6	7	59
	OCC	9	23	14	18	11	35	110
	SCCC	18	19	20	11	6	32	106
	SNCC	2	3	5	2	4	4	20
	SSCC	8	8	15	10	0	13	54
	SHCC	15	13	16	18	15	17	94
	SPCC	1	2	2	3	4	7	19
	WWCC	2	8	6	2	4	3	25
	YVCC	2	6	10	4	5	7	34

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37D a

SOCIAL READJUSTMENT

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	16.44	18.02	17.62	16.04	7.92	23.96	100
	N-O	14.94	17.04	19.88	15.56	9.75	22.84	100.01
	T	15.51	17.41	19.01	15.74	9.05	23.27	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	16.67	25	16.67	16.67	25	0	100.01
	CLCC	18.67	21.33	20	14.67	8	17.33	100
	EVCC	11.11	26.67	8.89	20	6.67	26.67	100.01
	FSCC	10	12.50	20	32.50	15	10	100
	GHCC	25	25	20	20	5	5	100
	HCC	38.71	29.03	25.81	3.23	3.23	0	100.01
	OVTI	6.90	3	31.03	20.69	6.90	34.48	100
	PCC	16.67	33.33	16.67	8.33	0	25	100
	SHCC	12.50	18.75	18.75	15.63	6.25	28.13	100.01
	SVCC	12.50	18.75	18.75	15.63	9.38	25	100.01
	SPCC	14.29	7.14	7.14	14.29	28.57	28.57	100
	TCC	12.82	13.68	12.82	14.53	5.13	41.03	100.01
	WWCC	33.33	23.81	19.05	4.76	4.76	14.29	100
	WVCC	21.43	7.14	21.43	14.29	14.29	21.43	100.01
	WCC	18.18	18.18	18.18	18.18	0	21.27	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	9.09	27.27	27.27	9.09	27.27	99.99
	CCC	13.21	16.98	28.30	11.32	5.66	24.53	100
	CLCC	19.40	16.42	17.91	17.91	13.43	14.93	100
	CBCC	11.54	19.23	15.38	15.38	7.69	30.77	99.99
	EVCC	19.70	15.15	20.45	18.18	6.82	19.70	100
	GRCC	25.42	16.95	20.34	15.25	10.17	11.86	99.99
	OCC	8.18	20.91	12.73	16.36	10	31.82	100
	SCCC	16.98	17.92	18.87	10.38	5.66	30.19	100
	SNCC	10	15	25	10	20	20	100
	SSCC	14.81	14.81	27.78	18.52	0	24.07	99.99
	SHCC	15.96	13.83	17.02	19.51	15.96	18.09	100.01
	SPCC	5.26	10.53	10.53	15.79	21.05	36.84	100
	WWCC	8	32	24	8	16	12	100
	YVCC	5.88	17.65	29.41	11.76	14.71	20.59	100

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37D b

INSUFFICIENT MILITARY OUT-PROCESSING

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	42	42	42	91	162	126	505
	N-O	62	84	86	114	273	191	810
	T	104	126	128	205	435	317	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	1	3	1	3	3	1	12
	CLCC	10	4	7	16	23	15	75
	EVCC	3	2	6	8	14	12	45
	FSCC	6	1	3	7	19	4	40
	GHCC	4	0	0	6	8	2	20
	HCC	2	3	1	12	13	0	31
	OVTI	1	4	0	5	8	11	29
	PCC	0	2	0	1	6	3	12
	SHCC	1	5	3	5	9	9	32
	SVCC	3	1	5	4	10	9	32
	SPCC	2	3	1	3	2	3	14
	TCC	5	9	8	13	34	48	117
	WWCC	2	2	4	3	7	3	21
	WVCC	0	2	1	5	3	3	14
	WCC	2	1	2	0	3	3	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	0	1	1	4	3	11
	CCC	4	7	6	6	17	13	53
	CLCC	5	8	11	15	18	10	67
	CBCC	2	5	0	3	8	8	26
	EVCC	10	12	15	20	46	29	132
	GRCC	7	7	5	12	22	6	59
	OCC	7	10	10	15	32	36	110
	SCCC	3	6	9	9	43	36	106
	SNCC	3	5	5	0	2	5	20
	SSCC	5	3	1	5	28	12	54
	SHCC	6	11	12	15	33	17	94
	SPCC	2	1	4	1	4	7	19
	WWCC	2	5	3	6	7	2	25
	YVCC	4	4	4	6	9	7	34

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37E a

INSUFFICIENT MILITARY OUTPROCESSING

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	8.32	8.32	8.32	18.02	32.08	24.95	100.01
	N-O	7.65	10.37	10.62	14.07	33.70	23.58	99.99
	T	7.91	9.58	9.73	15.59	33.08	24.11	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	8.33	25	8.33	25	25	8.33	99.99
	CLCC	13.33	5.33	9.33	21.33	30.67	20	99.99
	EVCC	6.67	4.44	13.33	17.78	31.11	26.67	100
	FSCC	15	2.50	7.50	17.50	47.50	10	100
	GHCC	20	0	0	30	40	10	100
	HCC	6.45	9.68	3.23	38.71	41.94	0	100.01
	OVTI	3.45	13.79	0	17.24	27.59	37.93	100
	PCC	0	16.67	0	8.33	50	25	100
	SHCC	3.13	15.63	9.38	15.63	28.13	28.13	100.03
	SVCC	9.38	3.13	15.63	12.50	31.25	28.13	100.02
	SPCC	14.29	21.43	7.14	21.43	14.29	21.43	100.01
	TCC	4.27	7.69	6.84	11.11	29.06	41.03	100
	WWCC	9.52	9.52	19.05	14.29	33.33	14.29	100
	WVCC	0	14.29	7.14	35.71	21.43	21.43	100
	WCC	18.18	9.09	18.18	0	27.27	27.27	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	0	9.09	9.09	36.36	27.27	99.99
	CCC	7.55	13.21	11.32	11.32	32.08	24.53	100.01
	CLCC	7.46	11.94	16.42	22.39	26.87	14.93	100.01
	CBCC	7.69	19.23	0	11.54	30.77	30.77	100
	EVCC	7.58	9.09	11.36	15.15	34.85	21.97	100
	GRCC	11.86	11.86	8.47	20.34	37.29	10.17	99.99
	OCC	6.36	9.09	9.09	13.64	29.09	32.73	100
	SCCC	2.83	5.66	8.49	8.49	40.57	33.96	100
	SNCC	15	25	25	0	10	25	100
	SSCC	9.26	5.56	1.85	9.26	51.85	22.22	100
	SHCC	6.38	11.70	12.77	15.96	35.11	18.09	100.01
	SPCC	10.53	5.26	21.05	5.26	21.05	36.84	99.99
	WWCC	8	20	12	24	28	8	100
	YVCC	11.76	11.76	11.76	17.65	26.47	20.59	99.99

CODING

1 - Rated first

2 - Rated second

3 - Rated third

4 - Rated fourth

5 - Rated fifth

0 - No response

Table 37E b

HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE OUTREACH PROGRAM?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	42	21	33	192	17	111	89	505
	N-O	34	19	22	265	28	216	226	810
	T	76	40	55	457	45	315	315	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	3	0	5	0	3	1	12
	CLCC	9	5	6	28	1	18	8	75
	EVCC	5	1	2	22	2	12	1	45
	ESCC	13	1	7	14	1	2	2	40
	[illegible]CC	1	0	0	13	0	4	2	20
	HCC	0	2	11	18	0	0	0	31
	OVTI	2	0	0	4	2	12	9	29
	PCC	1	0	0	6	0	2	3	12
	SHCC	0	1	2	7	0	16	6	32
	SVCC	1	0	1	12	2	10	6	32
	SPCC	0	2	0	6	1	4	1	14
	TCC	6	3	2	29	7	22	48	117
	WWCC	2	0	1	15	1	1	1	21
	WVCC	2	0	0	8	0	3	1	14
	WCC	0	3	1	5	0	2	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	3	0	5	0	2	1	11
	CCC	1	0	1	20	1	22	8	53
	CLCC	4	1	1	25	1	15	20	67
	CBCC	1	1	0	15	1	5	3	26
	EVCC	7	7	3	41	6	29	39	132
	GRCC	3	0	0	7	6	25	18	59
	OCC	3	3	3	30	6	31	34	110
	SCCC	6	1	5	43	3	12	36	106
	SNCC	1	0	0	7	0	4	8	20
	SSCC	1	0	3	18	0	19	13	54
	SHCC	4	2	1	20	2	32	33	94
	SPCC	0	0	0	3	1	8	7	19
	WWCC	2	0	1	15	0	5	2	25
	YVCC	1	1	4	16	1	7	4	34

CODING

1 - Newspaper

2 - Radio

3 - Letter

4 - Personal Contact (worker or friend)

5 - T.V.

6 - Other

0 - No response

Table 38a

HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE OUTREACH PROGRAM?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	TOTAL
STATE O		8.32	4.16	6.53	38.02	3.37	21.98	17.62	100
STATE N-O		4.20	2.35	2.72	32.72	3.46	26.67	27.90	100.02
		5.78	3.04	4.18	34.75	3.42	24.87	23.95	99.99
OUTREACH	BBCC	0	25	0	41.67	0	25	8.33	100
	CLCC	12	6.67	8	37.33	1.33	24	10.67	100
	EVCC	11.11	2.22	4.44	48.89	4.44	26.67	2.22	99.99
	ESCC	32.50	2.50	17.50	35	2.50	5	5	100
	GHCC	5	0	0	65	0	20	10	100
	HCC	0	6.45	35.48	58.06	0	0	0	99.99
	OVTI	6.90	0	0	13.79	6.90	41.38	31.03	100
	PCC	8.33	0	0	50	0	16.67	25	100
	SHCC	0	3.13	6.25	21.88	0	50	18.75	100.01
	SVCC	3.13	0	3.13	37.50	6.25	31.25	18.75	100.01
	SPCC	0	14.29	0	42.86	7.14	28.57	7.14	100
	TCC	5.13	2.56	1.71	24.79	5.98	18.80	41.03	100
	WWCC	9.52	0	4.76	71.43	4.76	4.76	4.76	99.99
	WVCC	14.29	0	0	57.14	0	21.43	7.14	100
	WCC	0	27.27	9.09	45.45	0	18.18	0	99.99
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	0	27.27	0	45.45	0	18.18	9.09	99.99
	CCC	1.89	0	1.89	37.74	1.89	41.51	15.09	100.01
	CLCC	5.97	1.49	1.49	37.31	1.49	22.39	29.85	99.99
	CBCC	3.85	3.85	0	57.69	3.85	19.23	11.54	100.01
	EVCC	5.30	5.30	2.27	31.06	4.55	21.97	29.55	100
	GRCC	5.08	0	0	11.86	10.17	42.37	30.51	99.99
	OCC	2.73	2.73	2.73	27.27	5.45	28.18	30.91	100
	SCCC	5.66	.94	4.72	40.57	2.83	11.32	33.96	100
	SNCC	5	0	0	35	0	20	40	100
	SSCC	1.85	0	5.56	33.33	0	35.19	24.07	100
	SHCC	4.26	2.13	1.06	21.28	2.13	34.04	35.11	100.01
	SPCC	0	0	0	15.79	5.26	42.11	36.84	100
	WWCC	8	0	4	60	0	20	8	100
	YVCC	2.94	2.94	11.76	47.06	2.94	20.59	11.76	99.99

Table 38b

CODING

1 - Newspaper

2 - Radio

3 - Letter

4 - Personal contact (by outreach worker or friend)

5 - T.V.

6 - Other

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 34.75% of the total veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact (by an outreach worker or friend).

2. 38.02% of the outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact.

3. 5.78% of the total veterans heard about Outreach through Newspapers.

4. 4.18% of the total veterans heard about Outreach through personal letters.

5. A high number of Non-Outreach veterans have heard about Outreach through help they've received with on campus related problems.

DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM VETERAN YOU COULD PAY A LOWER AMOUNT OF TUITION AT SOME SCHOOLS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	130	293	82	505
	N-O	248	382	180	810
	T	378	675	262	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	7	5	0	12
	CLCC	12	57	6	75
	EVCC	8	35	2	45
	FSCC	10	26	4	40
	GHCC	7	10	3	20
	HCC	4	27	0	31
	OVTI	4	16	9	29
	PCC	2	7	3	12
	SHCC	12	13	7	32
	SVCC	20	8	4	32
	SPCC	1	11	2	14
	TCC	20	58	39	117
	WWCC	11	8	2	21
	WVCC	5	8	1	14
	WCC	7	4	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	6	4	1	11
	CCC	18	25	10	53
	CLCC	25	36	6	67
	CBCC	3	20	3	26
	EVCC	52	52	28	132
	GRCC	23	17	19	59
	OCC	21	50	39	110
	SCCC	25	58	23	106
	SNCC	3	11	6	20
	SSCC	18	24	12	54
	SHCC	30	44	20	94
	SPCC	2	9	8	19
	WWCC	11	13	1	25
	YVCC	11	19	4	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 39a

DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM VETERAN YOU COULD PAY A LOWER TUITION AT SOME SCHOOLS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	25.74	58.02	16.24	100
	N-O	30.62	47.16	22.22	100
	T	28.75	51.33	19.92	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	58.33	41.67	0	100
	CLCC	16	76	8	100
	EVCC	17.78	77.78	4.44	100
	ESCC	25	65	10	100
	GHCC	35	50	15	100
	HCC	12.90	87.10	0	100
	OVTI	13.79	55.17	31.03	99.99
	PCC	16.67	58.33	25	100
	SHCC	37.50	40.63	21.88	100.01
	SVCC	62.50	25	12.50	100
	SPCC	7.14	78.57	14.29	100
	TCC	17.09	49.57	33.33	99.99
	WWCC	52.38	38.10	9.52	100
	WVCC	35.71	57.14	7.14	99.99
	WCC	63.64	36.36	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	54.55	36.36	9.09	100
	CCC	33.96	47.17	18.87	100
	CLCC	37.31	53.73	8.96	100
	CBCC	11.54	76.92	11.54	100
	EVCC	39.39	39.39	21.21	99.99
	GRCC	38.98	38.81	32.20	99.99
	OCC	19.09	45.45	35.45	99.99
	SCCC	23.58	54.72	21.70	100
	SNCC	15	55	30	100
	SSCC	33.33	44.44	22.22	99.99
	SHCC	31.91	46.81	21.28	100
	SPCC	10.53	47.37	42.11	100.01
	WWCC	44	52	4	100
	YVCC	32.35	55.88	11.76	99.99

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 51.33% of the total veterans did not know before talking to a Veterans Outreach worker that if he was a Vietnam veteran he could pay a lower amount of tuition at most schools.

2. 64.10% of those who responded to this question did not know.

3. As might be expected, a few more non-outreach veterans who have been on campus did know of lower tuition than the new veterans who haven't attended before, however, even a high percentage of them didn't know (47.16% of all non-outreach veterans, or 60.63% of those who responded to this question).

Table 39b

DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO GIVE TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN THE CLASSES YOU ARE HAVING PROBLEMS WITH?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		104	339	62	505
		192	471	147	810
		296	810	209	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	3	9	0	12
	CLCC	12	58	5	75
	EVCC	10	33	2	45
	FSCC	9	28	3	40
	GHCC	7	13	0	20
	HCC	1	30	0	31
	OVTI	9	18	2	29
	PCC	0	9	3	12
	SHCC	9	17	6	32
	SVCC	9	21	2	32
	SPCC	1	12	1	14
	TCC	19	62	36	117
	WWCC	6	13	2	21
	WVCC	3	11	0	14
	WCC	6	5	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	2	9	0	11
	CCC	15	31	7	53
	CLCC	16	47	4	67
	CBCC	5	20	1	26
	EVCC	39	70	23	132
	GRCC	16	25	18	59
	OCC	12	58	40	110
	SCCC	28	62	16	106
	SNCC	2	14	4	20
	SSCC	13	32	9	54
	SHCC	25	54	15	94
	SPCC	2	10	7	19
	WWCC	9	15	1	25
	YVCC	8	24	2	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 40a

DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO GIVE YOU TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN CLASSES YOU ARE HAVING PROBLEMS WITH?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	20.59	67.13	12.28	100
	N-O	23.70	58.15	18.15	100
	T	22.51	61.60	15.89	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	25	75	0	100
	CLCC	16	77.33	6.67	100
	EVCC	22.22	73.33	4.44	99.99
	FSCC	22.50	70	7.50	100
	GHCC	35	65	0	100
	HCC	3.23	96.77	0	100
	OVTI	31.03	62.07	6.90	100
	PCC	0	75	25	100
	SHCC	28.13	53.13	18.75	100.01
	SVCC	28.13	65.63	6.25	100.01
	SPCC	7.14	85.71	7.14	99.99
	TCC	16.24	52.99	30.77	100
	WWCC	28.57	61.90	9.52	99.99
	WVCC	21.43	78.57	0	100
	WCC	54.55	45.45	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	18.18	81.82	0	100
	CCC	28.30	58.49	13.21	100
	CLCC	23.88	70.15	5.97	100
	CBCC	19.23	76.92	3.85	100
	EVCC	29.55	53.03	17.42	100
	GRCC	27.12	42.37	30.51	100
	OCC	10.91	52.73	36.36	100
	SCCC	26.42	58.49	15.09	100
	SNCC	10	70	20	100
	SSCC	24.07	59.26	16.67	100
	SHCC	26.60	57.45	15.96	100.01
	SPCC	10.53	52.63	36.84	100
	WWCC	36	60	4	100
	YVCC	23.53	70.59	5.88	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 61.60% of the total veterans did not know before talking to a Veterans Outreach worker about tutorial assistance.

2. 73.24% of those who responded to this question did not know.

3. 67.13% of the Outreach veterans did not know.

4. 58.19% of the non-outreach veterans did not know.

5. As might be expected, a few more of the veterans already knew about tutorial assistance, however, 58.19% of those still did not know, or 71.04% of those who responded. This is a very high percentage of veterans who don't know about a program which was designed for 100 percent of them.

Table 40b

HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU RECEIVED FROM YOUR LOCAL OUTREACH PROGRAM?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	276	65	30	134	505
	N-O	255	91	99	365	810
	T	531	156	129	499	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	9	1	1	1	12
	CLCC	46	7	5	17	75
	EVCC	38	4	0	3	45
	FSCC	22	4	4	10	40
	GHCC	14	4	0	2	20
	HCC	18	13	0	0	31
	OVTI	9	2	4	14	29
	PCC	6	1	1	4	12
	SHCC	17	3	2	10	32
	SVCC	11	8	3	10	32
	SPCC	9	5	0	0	14
	TCC	41	9	9	58	117
	WWCC	15	4	0	2	21
	WVCC	12	0	0	2	14
	WCC	9	0	1	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	7	3	0	1	11
	CCC	20	6	7	20	53
	CLCC	32	8	8	19	67
	CBCC	16	3	2	5	26
	EVCC	34	17	18	63	132
	GRCC	12	5	10	32	59
	OCC	28	3	11	68	110
	SCCC	36	16	12	42	106
	SNCC	9	1	0	10	20
	SSCC	10	8	10	26	54
	SHCC	18	11	11	54	94
	SPCC	5	0	2	12	19
	WWCC	14	3	3	5	25
	YVCC	14	7	5	8	34

CODING

1 - Met my needs

2 - Partially met my needs

3 - Did not meet my needs

0 - No response

Table 41a

HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU RECEIVED FROM YOUR LOCAL OUTREACH PROGRAM?

	COLLEGE	1	2	3	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	54.65	12.87	5.94	26.53	99.99
	N-O	31.48	11.23	12.22	45.06	100.02
	T	40.38	11.86	9.81	37.95	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	75	8.33	8.33	8.33	99.99
	CLCC	61.33	9.33	6.67	22.67	100
	EVCC	84.44	8.89	0	6.67	100
	FSCC	55	10	10	25	100
	GHCC	70	20	0	10	100
	HCC	58.06	41.94	0	0	100
	OVTI	31.03	6.90	13.79	48.28	100
	PCC	50	8.33	8.33	33.33	99.99
	SHCC	53.13	9.38	6.25	31.25	100.01
	SVCC	34.38	25	9.38	31.25	100.01
	SPCC	64.29	35.71	0	0	100
	TCC	35.04	7.69	7.69	49.57	99.99
	WWCC	71.43	19.05	0	9.52	100
	WVCC	85.71	0	0	14.29	100
	WCC	81.82	0	9.09	9.09	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	63.64	27.27	0	9.09	100
	CCC	37.74	11.32	13.21	37.74	100.01
	CLCC	47.76	11.94	11.94	28.36	100
	CBCC	61.54	11.54	7.69	19.23	100
	EVCC	25.76	12.88	13.64	47.73	100.01
	GRCC	20.34	8.47	16.95	54.24	100
	OCC	25.45	2.73	10	61.82	100
	SCCC	33.96	15.09	11.32	39.62	99.99
	SNCC	45	5	0	50	100
	SSCC	18.52	14.81	18.52	48.15	100
	SHCC	19.15	11.70	11.70	57.45	100
	SPCC	26.32	0	10.53	63.16	100.01
	WWCC	56	12	12	20	100
	YVCC	41.18	20.59	14.71	23.53	100.18

CODING

1 - Met my needs

2 - Partially met my needs

3 - Did not meet my needs

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 91.91% of the Outreach veterans that responded to this question feel their needs were met or partially met.

2. 73.47% of the total veterans using outreach services feel their needs were met or partially met by Veterans Outreach.

3. 84.19% of the veterans responding to this question feel their needs were met or partially met.

4. 52.24% of the total veterans feel their needs were met or partially met by Veterans Outreach.

5. 9.81% of the total veterans feel that their needs were not met by Veterans Outreach.

Table 41b

DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SERVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANENT BASIS AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		392	20	93	505
NON-OUT		561	20	229	810
		953	40	322	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	12	0	0	12
	CLCC	62	1	12	75
	EVCC	40	2	3	45
	ESCC	33	1	6	40
	GHCC	17	0	3	20
	HCC	27	4	0	31
	OVTI	19	2	8	29
	PCC	9	1	2	12
	SHCC	27	0	5	32
	SVCC	23	4	5	32
	SPCC	14	0	0	14
	TCC	69	3	45	117
	WWCC	17	1	3	21
	WVCC	13	0	1	14
	WCC	10	1	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	11	0	0	11
	CCC	42	1	10	53
	CLCC	56	1	10	67
	CBCC	23	1	2	26
	EVCC	97	1	34	132
	GRCC	32	1	26	59
	OCC	49	6	55	110
	SCCC	84	1	21	106
	SNCC	13	0	7	20
	SSCC	40	1	13	54
	SHCC	55	4	35	94
	SPCC	10	1	8	19
	WWCC	22	0	3	25
	YVCC	27	2	5	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 42a

DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SERVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANENT BASIS AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	77.62	3.96	18.42	100
	N-O	69.26	2.47	28.27	100
	T	72.47	3.04	24.49	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	100	0	0	100
	CLCC	82.67	1.33	16	100
	EVCC	88.89	4.44	6.67	100
	FSCC	82.50	2.50	15	100
	GHCC	85	0	15	100
	HCC	87.10	12.90	0	100
	OVTI	65.52	6.90	27.59	100.01
	PCC	75	8.33	16.67	100
	SHCC	84.38	0	15.63	100.01
	SVCC	71.88	12.50	15.63	100.01
	SPCC	100	0	0	100
	TCC	58.97	2.56	38.46	99.99
	WWCC	80.95	4.76	14.29	100
	WVCC	92.86	0	7.14	100
	WCC	90.91	9.90	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	100	0	0	100
	CCC	79.25	1.89	18.87	100.01
	CLCC	83.58	1.49	14.93	100
	CBCC	88.46	3.85	7.69	100
	EVCC	73.48	.76	25.76	100
	GRCC	54.24	1.69	44.07	100
	OCC	44.55	5.45	50	100
	SCCC	79.25	.94	19.81	100
	SNCC	65	0	35	100
	SSCC	74.07	1.85	24.07	99.99
	SHCC	58.51	4.26	37.23	100
	SPCC	52.63	5.26	42.11	100
	WWCC	88	0	12	100
	YVCC	79.41	5.88	14.71	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 95.97% of those responding to this question think that Outreach should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

2. 72.47% of the total veterans think that Veterans Outreach should be made availalbe permanently at the individual institutions.

3. There is a higher degree of no response with the non-outreach veterans, because many of them may not have used the services.

Table 42b

DO YOU THINK THAT ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS, WHETHER THEY WERE IN VIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE VIETNAM BONUS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	319	158	28	505
	N-O	467	294	49	810
	T	786	452	77	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	5	7	0	12
	CLCC	44	26	5	75
	EVCC	31	13	1	45
	FSCC	29	10	1	40
	GHCC	13	6	1	20
	HCC	21	10	0	31
	OVTI	19	10	0	29
	PCC	9	2	1	12
	SHCC	21	9	2	32
	SVCC	20	11	1	32
	SPCC	9	4	1	14
	TCC	71	34	12	117
	WWCC	14	6	1	21
	WVCC	6	7	1	14
	WCC	7	3	1	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	4	6	1	11
	CCC	35	14	4	53
	CLCC	43	21	3	67
	CBCC	19	7	0	26
	EVCC	70	54	8	132
	GRCC	26	32	1	59
	OCC	66	35	9	110
	SCCC	71	27	8	106
	SNCC	10	8	2	20
	SSCC	31	18	5	54
	SHCC	51	39	4	94
	SPCC	13	5	1	19
	WWCC	12	13	0	25
	YVCC	16	15	3	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 43a

DO YOU THINK THAT ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS, WHETHER THEY WERE IN VIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE VIETNAM BONUS?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	63.17	31.29	5.54	100
	N-O	57.65	36.30	6.05	100
	T	59.77	34.37	5.86	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	41.67	58.33	0	100
	CLCC	58.67	34.67	6.67	100.01
	EVCC	68.89	28.89	2.22	100
	FSCC	72.50	25	2.50	100
	GHCC	65	30	5	100
	HCC	67.74	32.26	0	100
	OVTI	65.52	34.48	0	100
	PCC	75	16.67	8.33	100
	SHCC	65.63	28.13	6.25	100.01
	SVCC	62.50	34.38	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	64.29	28.57	7.14	100
	TCC	60.68	29.06	10.26	100
	WWCC	66.67	28.57	4.76	100
	WVCC	42.86	50	7.14	100
	WCC	63.64	27.27	9.09	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	36.36	54.55	9.09	100
	CCC	66.04	26.42	7.55	100.01
	CLCC	64.18	31.34	4.48	100
	CBCC	73.08	26.92	0	100
	EVCC	53.03	40.91	6.06	100
	GRCC	44.07	54.24	1.69	100
	OCC	60	31.82	8.18	100
	SCCC	66.98	25.47	7.55	100
	SNCC	50	40	10	100
	SSCC	57.41	33.33	9.26	100
	SHCC	54.26	41.49	4.26	100.01
	SPCC	68.42	26.32	5.26	100
	WWCC	48	52	0	100
	YVCC	47.06	44.12	8.82	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 59.77% of the total veterans think that all Vietnam-era veterans should be eligible for the state veterans bonus.

Table 43b

WOULD YOU SUPPORT A STATE G.I. BILL, IN addition TO THE FEDERAL G.I. BILL FOR ALL VETERANS OF THE VIETNAM-ERA; WHICH WOULD PAY THE TOTAL TUITION AT THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL.

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE		419	53	33	505
N-O		672	85	53	810
T		1091	138	86	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	11	1	0	12
	CLCC	64	4	7	75
	EVCC	38	3	4	45
	FSCC	38	1	1	40
	GHCC	17	2	1	20
	HCC	13	18	0	31
	OVTI	24	3	2	29
	PCC	11	0	1	12
	SHCC	29	3	0	32
	SVCC	30	1	1	32
	SPCC	11	2	1	14
	TCC	90	13	14	117
	WWCC	20	1	0	21
	WVCC	12	1	1	14
	WCC	11	0	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	10	0	1	11
	CCC	43	4	6	53
	CLCC	54	9	4	67
	CBCC	10	7	0	26
	EVCC	109	17	6	132
	GRCC	48	10	1	59
	OCC	86	14	10	110
	SCCC	93	3	10	106
	SNCC	16	2	2	20
	SSCC	46	3	5	54
	SHCC	81	9	4	94
	SPCC	17	1	1	19
	WWCC	22	3	0	25
	YVCC	28	3	3	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 44a

WOULD YOU SUPPORT A STATE G.I. BILL, IN ADDITION TO THE FEDERAL G.I. BILL FOR ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS; WHICH WOULD PAY THE TOTAL TUITION AT THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE O		82.97	10.50	6.53	100
STATE N-O		82.96	10.49	6.54	99.99
STATE T		82.97	10.49	6.54	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	91.67	8.33	0	100
	CLCC	85.33	5.33	9.33	99.99
	EVCC	84.44	6.67	8.89	100
	FSCC	95	2.50	2.50	100
	GHCC	85	10	5	100
	HCC	41.94	58.06	0	100
	OVTI	82.76	10.34	6.90	100
	PCC	91.67	0	8.33	100
	SHCC	90.63	9.38	0	100.01
	SVCC	93.75	3.13	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	78.57	14.29	7.14	100
	TCC	76.92	11.11	11.97	100
	WWCC	95.24	4.76	0	100
	WVCC	85.71	7.14	7.14	99.99
	WCC	100	0	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	90.91	0	9.09	100
	CCC	81.13	7.55	11.32	100
	CLCC	80.60	13.43	5.97	100
	CBCC	73.08	26.92	0	100
	EVCC	82.58	12.88	4.55	100.01
	GRCC	81.36	16.95	1.69	100
	OCC	78.18	12.73	9.09	100
	SCCC	87.74	2.83	9.43	100
	SNCC	80	10	10	100
	SSCC	85.19	5.56	9.26	100.01
	SHCC	86.17	9.57	4.26	100
	SPCC	89.47	5.26	5.26	99.99
	WWCC	88	12	0	100
	YVCC	82.35	8.82	8.82	99.99

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 82.97% of the total veterans would support a State G.I. Bill for tuition at the Community College level.

Table 44b

DO YOU KNOW THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO HAVE ALL YOUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG AS YOU HAVE IT DONE WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER YOU GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	292	191	22	505
	N-O	499	273	38	810
	T	791	464	60	1315
OUTREACH	BBCC	11	1	0	12
	CLCC	46	24	5	75
	EVCC	20	24	1	45
	FSCC	20	19	1	40
	GHCC	16	4	0	20
	HCC	10	21	0	31
	OVTI	17	12	0	29
	PCC	5	6	1	12
	SHCC	18	13	1	32
	SVCC	23	8	1	32
	SPCC	8	6	0	14
	TCC	65	40	12	117
	WWCC	15	6	0	21
	WVCC	12	2	0	14
	WCC	6	5	0	11
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	7	3	1	11
	CCC	26	22	5	53
	CLCC	46	18	3	67
	CBCC	13	13	0	26
	EVCC	84	45	3	132
	GRCC	31	24	4	59
	OCC	55	50	5	110
	SCCC	67	31	8	106
	SNCC	12	7	1	20
	SSCC	32	18	4	54
	SHCC	71	22	1	94
	SPCC	9	10	0	19
	WWCC	24	1	0	25
	YVCC	22	9	3	34

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

Table 45a

DO YOU KNOW THAT THE FEDERAL COVERNMENT WILL PAY TO HAVE ALL YOUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG AS YOU GET IT DONE WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER YOU GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?

	COLLEGE	1	2	0	TOTAL
STATE	O	57.82	37.82	4.36	100
	N-O	61.60	33.70	4.69	99.99
	T	60.15	35.29	4.56	100
OUTREACH	BBCC	91.67	8.33	0	100
	CLCC	61.33	32	6.67	100
	EVCC	44.44	53.33	2.22	99.99
	FSCC	50	47.50	2.50	100
	GHCC	80	20	0	100
	HCC	32.26	67.74	0	100
	OVTI	58.62	41.38	0	100
	PCC	41.67	50	8.33	100
	SHCC	56.25	40.63	3.13	100.01
	SVCC	71.88	25	3.13	100.01
	SPCC	57.14	42.86	0	100
	TCC	55.56	34.19	10.26	100.01
	WWCC	71.43	28.57	0	100
	WVCC	85.71	14.29	0	100
	WCC	54.55	45.45	0	100
NON OUTREACH	BBCC	63.64	27.27	9.09	100
	CCC	49.06	41.51	9.43	100
	CLCC	68.66	26.87	4.48	100.01
	CBCC	50	50	0	100
	EVCC	63.64	34.09	2.27	100
	GRCC	52.54	40.68	6.78	100
	OCC	50	45.45	4.55	100
	SCCC	63.21	29.25	7.55	100.01
	SNCC	60	35	5	100
	SSCC	59.26	33.33	7.41	100
	SHCC	75.53	23.40	1.06	99.99
	SPCC	47.37	52.63	0	100
	WWCC	96	4	0	100
	YVCC	64.71	26.47	8.82	100

CODING

1 - Yes

2 - No

0 - No response

COMMENTS:

1. 60.15% of the total veterans did know about dental benefits.

2. 35.29% of the total veterans did not know about dental benefits.

Table 45b

AVERAGE VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average veteran attending a community college Spring quarter 1973 in Washington State is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with 1 or 2 dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours, and he is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about rating the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He feels that he received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about

using it during active duty in the service. Although he knew the G.I. Bill existed, he has not used it previously because he did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he was unaware that he would pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. The Veterans Outreach services meets his needs, and he thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a state G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the total community college tuition for all Vietnam-era veterans.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from his discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. See Tables 1a thru 45b
2. See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications

AVERAGE OUTREACH VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending a community college, Spring quarter 1973, in Washington State, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received form the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being sep-

arated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to help pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. See Tables 1a thru 45b
2. See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications

AVERAGE NON-OUTREACH VETERAN ATTENDING A WASHINGTON STATE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending a community college Spring quarter 1973 in Washington State is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he has received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, and he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it

during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He rates the Veterans Outreach services as meeting his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to help pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay for all of his dental work as long as it is done within one year from his discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. See Tables 1a thru 45b
2. See Summary, Conclusions, and Implications

BIG BEND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Big Bend Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 17 or 19 in 1969, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation and has mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to

an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year from discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at BBCC who were 17 years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State - 21.37% BBCC - 33.33%).

2. BBCC appears to have a much higher percentage of draftees among their outreach veterans than the other state schools (State - 24.11% BBCC - 41.16%).

3. A high percentage of BBCC's outreach veterans take 6 to 8 credits, in comparison to the rest of the State (State - 7.16% BBCC - 25%).

4. Throughout the state only 4.16% of the outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, however, at BBCC 25% of the outreach veterans heard

about outreach through the radio.

5. 75% of the BBCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance, before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the State total.

6. 75% of BBCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach compared to 40.38% of the state total. These percentages indicate an extremely good job is being done by BBCC's Veterans Outreach office.

7. 100% of BBCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the State total.

BIG BEND COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Big Bend Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 18 or 19 from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking six to eight quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has been unemployed from four to nine months and did not use the Employment Security Department services. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he

were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis.

He thinks all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. A high percentage of BBCC's non-outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State - 7.16% BBCC - 45.45%).

2. Throughout the state only 2.35% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, however, at BBCC 27.27% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Outreach through the radio. Throughout the state 32.72% of the non-outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact and at BBCC 45.45% heard through personal contact.

3. 81.82% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.

4. 63.64% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (with none feeling that their needs were not met) compared to 40.38%

of the state total.

5. 100% of BBCC's non-outreach veterans feel Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

CENTRAL SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Central Seattle Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen years in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired one to three years of advanced training with no college degrees. He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed over twenty-four months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the

Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. SCCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its non-outreach sample (25.47%) than the majority of the schools (State 5.63%).

CENTRALIA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Centralia Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1968, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if

he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 35.85% of CCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department, compared to the state total (19.01%).

CLARK COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Clark Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with 2 or 3 dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of 17 or 18 years old in 1969, served 3 years of active duty, didn't serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired 12 years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking 12 to 14 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the

G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed because he did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was and is available. He believes, generally the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they be Vietnam veterans or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a state G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill for all Vietnam-era veterans in order to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he leaves the service.

CLARK COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Clark Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed feelings on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife may or may not be employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously

even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COLUMBIA BASIN COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Columbia Basin Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, thirty or more years old, married, with two or four dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen before 1960, served one to two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged from 1960 to August 4, 1964.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill from outreach programs or during active duty in the service and how to go about using it during

active duty. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He may or may not know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. The number of non-outreach veterans sampled at CBCC who were seventeen years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State - 21.37% CBCC - 34.62%).

2. 76.92% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans, compared to 51.33% of the state total.

3. 76.92% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance compared to 61.60% of the state total.

4. 61.54% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans feel that their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach.

5. CBCC has a considerably higher portion of their non-outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (53.85%) than the majority of the participating institutions (State - 24.94%).

6. 19.23% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have four dependents, while the state total only reflects 7%. 11.54% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have six or more dependents with the state total only 2.89%.

7. 30.77% of CBCC's non-outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state total.

EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Everett Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school degree). He is taking 12 to 14 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and he has not received welfare since his discharge.

He may or may not have received adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go

about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they served in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. A high percentage of EVCC's outreach veterans are taking 6 to 8 credits in comparison to the rest of the state. (State - 7.16% EVCC - 17.78%)

2. 73.33% of EVCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.

3. 77.78% of EVCC's outreach veterans did not know about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.23% of the state total.

4. 84.44% of EVCC's outreach veterans feel that their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (with none feeling their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by EVCC's Veterans Outreach office.)

5. 88.89% of EVCC's outreach veterans feel that the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

6. 15.56% of EVCC's outreach veterans have acquired 9 to 11 years of education, and 4.44% from 1 to 8 years of education, compared to 5.17% from 9 to 11 years and 1.29% from 1 to 8 years, reflected in the state total.

7. 26.67% of EVCC's outreach first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.

8. 48.89% of EVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the state total.

EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Everett Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being discharged from the military. He first became aware of the G.I Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he may or may not have known that he could pay a lower tuition rate at

most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks thai these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

FORT STEILACOOM COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Fort Steilacoom Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is unemployed after holding one job since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met by Employment Security. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He rates the Veterans Outreach services as meeting his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the community college level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 65% of FSCC's outreach veterans did not know, before talking to an outreach worker, about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.33% of the state total.

2. FSCC has a considerably higher portion of their outreach sample in the 30 or over age bracket (45%) than the majority of the participating institutions. (State - 24.94%)

3. FSCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (27.50%) than the majority of the schools (State - 5.36%).

4. 15% of FSCC's outreach veterans have four dependents while the state total only reflects 7%.

5. 27.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state total.

6. 12.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans have acquired nine to eleven years of education compared to 5.17% of the state total.

7. 32.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans by newspapers compared to 5.78% of the state total. 17.50% of FSCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by letter compared to 4.18% of the state total.

GREEN RIVER COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Green River Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, witn one or three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen in 1968, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service. He has held three or more jobs since separation and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, and he had neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. previously.

Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance

was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

GRAYS HARBOR COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Grays Harbor Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most

schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 70% of GHCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach compared to 40.38% of the state total (this indicates a good job is being done at GHCC).

HIGHLINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Highline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 28 to 29 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen from August 5, 1964 - 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and may or may not be employed at this time. He is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill from a local veterans organization and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes that the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would not support a State G.I. Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at HCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the services is considerably lower than the state total (State - 26.37% HCC - 3.23%).

2. 87.10% of HCC's outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about the lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 56.33% of the state total.

3. 96.77% of HCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.

4. None of the outreach veterans at HCC feel their needs were not met.

5. 87.10% of HCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available on a permanent basis compared to 72.47% of the state total.

6. 29.03% of HCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.

7. 35.48% of HCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact, compared to 4.18% of the state total.

NORTH SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending North Seattle Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen years in 1967, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligibie for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as you get it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

OLYMPIC COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Olympic Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, thirty years old or older, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971 or 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach serves his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. OCC has a considerably higher portion of their non-outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (42.73%) than the majority of the participating institutions (State - 24.94%).

OLYMPIC VOCATIONAL AND TECHINCAL INSTITUTE

The average outreach veteran attending Olympic Vocational and Technical Institute, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 27 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U. S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking six to eight quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feel his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he could not get correct information or was misinformed.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. A high percentage of OVTI's outreach veterans are taking one to five credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State - 7.91% OVTI - 20.69%). A high percentage of OVTI's outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits in comparison to the rest of the state (State - 7.16% OVTI - 55.17%).

2. 13.79% of OVTI's outreach veterans (26.67% of those who rated the program) feel their needs were not met by Veterans Outreach, compared to 5.94% of the total outreach veterans sampled.

3. OVTI has a considerably higher portion of their outreach sample in the thirty or over age bracket (44.83%) than the majority of the participating institutions.

PENINSULA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Peninsula Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 20 to 21 years old.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1971, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve or more quarter hours and is attending both day and night classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels that his needs were met by the Employment Security Department. He may or may not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if

he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. PCC appears to have a much higher percentage of draftees among its outreach veterans than the other schools in general (State - 24.10% PCC - 66.67%).

2. 16.67% of PCC's outreach veterans have six or more dependents while the state total only reflects 2.81%.

3. 41.67% of PCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were met by the Employment Security Department compared to the state total (21.60%).

SHORELINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Shoreline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served four years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking 12 to 24 quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now employed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He's been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed feelings about how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go about using it or because he has been out

of the service less than three months.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not, should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after discharge.

COMMENTS:

1. 84.38% of SHCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

SHORELINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Shoreline Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 25 years old, married, with one or two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen from August 5, 1964 to 1968, served three to six years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971 or 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were met or partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, and he has neither applied for nor received food stamps. He has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go

about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

SKAGIT VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Skagit Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding one job since separation. He has been unemployed from one to six months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and did not know that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 37.50% of SVCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department, compared to the state total (19.01%).

SPOKANE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Spokane Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and has held three or more jobs since separation. He is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill from a local veterans organization or outreach program and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously because he could not get correct information (or was misinformed).

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the feceral Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. The number of outreach veterans sampled at SPCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the military is considerably higher than the state total (State - 21.37% SPCC - 50%).

2. 78.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans did not know before talking to an outreach worker about lower tuition at most schools for Vietnam veterans compared to 51.33% of the state total.

3. 85.71% of SPCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance before talking to an outreach worker compared to 61.60% of the state total.

4. 100% of SPCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach services should

be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

5. SPCC has considerably higher portions of its outreach sample in the 30 or over age bracket (42.86%) than the majority of the participating institutions (State - 24.94%).

6. 28.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans have a service connected disability compared to 14.83% of the state total.

7. 7.14% of SPCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared to 1.29% of the state total.

8. 35.71% of SPCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department compared to 19.01% of the state total.

9. 28.57% of SPCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 8.82% of the state total.

10. 21.34% of SPCC's outreach veterans first became aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach services, compared to 8.82% of the state total.

11. 14.29% of SPCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, compared to 3.04% of the state total. 7.14% of SPCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by TV compared to 3.42% of the state total.

SPOKANE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Spokane Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army or Navy at the age of eighteen in 1969, served four years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding two or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were either met or partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being discharged. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but didn't know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Vete ans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that veterans, whether they were in Vietnam or not should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He doesn't know that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

SOUTH SEATTLE COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending South Seattle Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 24 to 25 years old, single, with zero dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1968, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He had employed twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed over twenty-four months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He has neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the Veterans Outreach and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. SSCC in its non-outreach sample had 53.70% of the sample single and 38.89% married while the state total had about the reverse (34.22% single 58.25% married).

2. A high percentage of non-outreach veterans SSCC are taking one to five credits, in comparison to the rest of the state (State - 7.91% SSCC - 25.93%).

3. 38.89% of SSCC's non-outreach veterans feel their needs were not met by the Employment Security Department compared to the state total 19.01%.

TACOMA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Tacoma Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a G.E.D.). He is taking fifteen or more credit hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service. He is not drawing unemployment compensation and he feels his needs were met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most

schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. TCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (16.24%) than the majority of the schools (State - 5.36%).

WALLA WALLA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Walla Walla Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, single, with no dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of eighteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1973.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He may or may not have been employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from four to nine months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. He had neither applied for nor received food stamps and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he

were a Vietnam veteran but he did not know that tutorial assistance is available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 71.43% of WWCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (none feel their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates a good job is being done at WWCC).

2. WWCC has a considerably higher representation of blacks in its outreach sample (14.29%) than the majority of the schools (State - 5.63%).

3. A high percentage of WWCC's outreach veterans are taking six to eight credits compared to the rest of the state (State - 7.16% WWCC - 23.81%).

4. 71.43% of WWCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the total veterans.

WALLA WALLA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Walla Walla Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with two dependents.

He entered the U.S. Marine Corps at the age of seventeen or eighteen in 1969, served two years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1971.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to nine months and is not drawing unemployment compensation, with mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he received from the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither received nor applied for food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it

during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. The number of non-outreach veterans sampled at WWCC, who were seventeen years old at entry into the service is considerably higher than the state total (State - 21.37% WWCC - 32%).

WENATCHEE VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Wenatchee Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 26 to 27 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Navy at the age of eighteen in 1966, served three years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1969.

He has acquired one to three years of additional training, with no college degree yet acquired. He is taking fifteen or more quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were partially met by the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did not receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has used the G.I. Bill previously.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an

outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 78.57% of WVCC's outreach veterans did not know about tutorial assistance compared to 61.60% of the state total.

2. 85.71% of WVCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach (none feel their needs were not met) compared to 40.38% of the state total (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by WWCC's Veterans Outreach office).

3. 92.86% of WVCC's outreach veterans feel that Veterans Outreach services should be made available permanently compared to 72.47% of the state total.

4. 7.14% of WVCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared with 1.29% of the state total.

5. 14.29% of WVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by newspaper, compared to 5.78% of the state total. 57.14% of WVCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by personal contact compared to 34.75% of the state total.

WHATCOM COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average outreach veteran attending Whatcom Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with three dependents.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of seventeen or nineteen in 1968, served two years of active duty, did not serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1970.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He feels his needs were not met by the Employment Security Department. He does not feel that his job training in the military is applicable to civilian jobs. His wife is unemployed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it during active duty in the service. He has not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks all veterans should not be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

COMMENTS:

1. 81.82% of WCC's outreach veterans feel their needs were totally met by Veterans Outreach, compared to 40.38% of the state total. (This indicates an extremely good and effective job is being done by WCC's Veterans Outreach program).

2. 90.91% of WCC's outreach veterans feel the Veterans Outreach program services should be made available permanently compared with 72.47% of the state total.

3. WCC has a considerably higher representation of Mexican Americans in its outreach sample (27.27%) than the majority of the schools (State - 1.60%).

4. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans have four dependents while the state total only reflects 7%.

5. 9.09% of WCC's outreach veterans have acquired one to eight years of education compared to 1.29% of the state total.

6. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans first became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill from the Veterans Outreach program compared to 13.99% of the state total.

7. 27.27% of WCC's outreach veterans heard about Veterans Outreach by radio, compared to 3.04% of the state total.

YAKIMA VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

The average non-outreach veteran attending Yakima Valley Community College, Spring quarter 1973, is a male caucasian, 22 to 23 years old, married, with one dependent.

He entered the U.S. Army at the age of nineteen in 1969, served three years of active duty, did serve in Vietnam, did not receive a service connected disability, and was discharged in 1972.

He has acquired twelve years of education, consisting of a high school diploma or G.E.D. (most likely a high school diploma). He is taking twelve to fourteen quarter hours and is attending day classes.

He was employed before entry into the service and is now unemployed after holding three or more jobs since separation. He has been unemployed from one to three months and is not drawing unemployment compensation. He has mixed opinions on how he would rate the services he receive from the Employment Security Department. He feels that his job training in the military is applicable to civiliar. jobs. His wife is employed, he has neither applied for nor received food stamps, and has not received welfare since his discharge.

He did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to being separated from the military. He first became aware of the G.I. Bill and how to go about using it

during active duty in the service. He had not used the G.I. Bill previously even though he knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it.

He heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact. Before talking to an outreach worker he did not know that he could pay a lower tuition rate at most schools if he were a Vietnam veteran and that tutorial assistance was available. He believes the Veterans Outreach services meets his needs and thinks that these services should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions.

He thinks that all veterans should be eligible for the state bonus.

He would support a State G.I. Bill in addition to the Federal G.I. Bill to pay the veterans' total tuition at the Community College level.

He knows that the Federal Government will pay to have all his dental work done as long as he gets it done within one year after he gets out of the service.

Chapter V

SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS, AND IMPLICATIONS

This study was initiated to acquire some basic data on veterans attending Community Colleges in Washington State, to report on the Veterans Outreach Program, and to accumulate some indications as to its effectiveness.

A review of the literature showed concerns for how the veterans of the most controversial conflict in American history, will be paid for their service. Many veterans, upon their return home, are thought to resent the lack of appreciation given to them. Many feel the G.I. Bill is not adequate to meet the needs of the Vietnam-era veteran and that the least this country could do is to equal the benefits given to the returning World War II veterans. A high level of concern was expressed on the question of employability of the returning veteran and what was being done by the Employment Security Department to assist him. The literature also brought out that very few Vietnam-era veterans in comparison to World War II veterans are using the benefits made available to them. This brings out a problem which has been buried in the shadow of the adequacy of the benefits. The benefits must be made adequate to serve the needs for which they were intended; however, this will do very little good for those who are not aware of the benefits or how to go about getting them. This is why the Veterans Outreach Program was initiated throughout the Community Colleges in Washington State and at many other schools throughout the country.

The instrument for this survey was designed to collect as broad a scope of knowledge as possible without becoming too lengthy.

The total sample consisted of 1315 veterans attending 23 of the 27 Community Colleges in Washington State. The sample was broken down into two groups, outreach and non-outreach veterans, to determine the type of veterans the Veterans' Outreach Program was reaching opposed to those already in school before outreach existed.

There didn't appear to be any major difference between Outreach and Non-outreach veterans on the state level indicating that in general the outreach programs reach veterans of all ages, from all the branches of the service, with a variety of backgrounds. Some schools, however, did show major differences between the outreach and non-outreach veterans, which can probably be attributed to a number of things, but most likely ties-in with the specific kinds of outreach work they are doing and how restricted the outreach is. Many programs are limited as to what they can do because of a lack of funds.

The bulk of the veterans sampled in the State (59.24%) fall within the 22 to 27 age group with 24.29% being over 30. Although the majority of the veterans are married, a large number are single (32.22%). Very few of the married veterans have more than three dependents.

A surprisingly high number of the total veterans entered the service at the age of seventeen (21.37%); with 88.74% of the total veterans entering the service from 17 to 20 years old. Very few veterans entered the service after age 24. 85.40% of the total veterans are Vietnam-era veterans and 20.37% of them were in the service prior to the

Vietnam era. This means 65.03% of the total veterans sampled entered and were discharged from the service within the Vietnam-era. 24.11% of the total veterans served from one to two years active duty and were probably drafted. 53.96% of the total Vietnam-era veterans did serve in Vietnam. 14.83% of the total veterans sampled have a service connected disability, with 38.97% of them a direct result of combat. 63.52% of those who received disabilities are not satisfied with the disability benefits they've received. These veterans have what the author would define as "mobile disabilities"; these veterans are moving forward despite their handicaps.

Only 6.46% of the total veterans have less than a high school degree; however, 14.75% of the 47.22% who have twelve years of education have acquired their twelve year equivelency through the G.E.D. exams, which suggests that 21.21% had less than a high school degree when they entered the service. This group, which has been defined as "disadvantaged Veterans" by the Veterans Administration is one which requires special attention, with special emphasis being placed on remedial and developmental courses. However, it is believed that in most cases all veterans need this special attention to some degree because of the long period of time spent away from the educational system and the erosion of educational tools, study habits, etc. The majority of the total veterans sampled are attending twelve or more class hours (71.48%). It has been the authors experience (as a Veterans Outreach Coordinator and Counselor) that many veterans take more credits than they are capable of handling adequately because they need the full G.I. Bill allotment (Which in most cases is still not enough money).

A high majority of the total veterans were employed before entry into the service (67.45%). A majority of the veterans feel that their training in the service is not applicable to civilian jobs. 41.06% of the total veterans have held three or more jobs since separation from active duty. This indicates a lack of training and acquired skills. With the job requirements and level of education rising, it's even possible the veteran was more employable before his entry into the service. Many years ago a high school diploma was for those who could afford it or did not have to take on a large amount of personal responsibility or support a family. Less emphasis was placed on education. Throughout the years the importance of education has gradually risen to where a high school diploma (or G.E.D. equivelency) is required to acquire a job at the lower end of the employment scale. It's even reach the point where many jobs require a Bachelors or Masters degree to even apply. Some types of jobs must have some level of accessibility as 53.38% of the veterans sampled acquired their first job from one to three months after discharge, however, there is nothing to indicate the quality or type of job although it was observed, as stated, that this was just the first of three or more jobs. Many of these veterans possibly entered school after being unsuccessful in the occupational arena. 54.79% of the veterans who rated the Employment Security Department feel that their needs were met or partially met, while 23.50% feel that the Employment Security Department did not meet their needs. This does not speak well for the Employment Security Department throughout the state if almost one out of every four feel their needs are not met, however, some of the different offices throughout the state were rated much higher than others (see table 27b). Of the

married veterans, 55.37% had wives working and 44.62% did not.

Of the total veterans 23.65% have applied for food stamps and 70.59% of those who have applied received them. 10.80% of the total veterans have received welfare since discharge. This indicates that many veterans are in severe financial difficulty.

70.57% of the total veterans became aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill in the service. While 51.18% of the total veterans feel they did receive adequate information about veterans services prior to discharge, 46.77% of them feel they did not. Of the total veterans 52.85% became aware of how to go about using the G.I. Bill in the service. This indicates that 25.11% of those who did learn of their eligibility in the service did not learn how to go about getting it. This leaves 47.15% of the total veterans in a poor position of not knowing how to go about getting the G.I. Bill, with 29.43% not knowing of their eligibility. 61.99% of the veterans who responded and 58.78% of the total veterans feel their needs are not met by the G.I. Bill. Of those veterans who do feel the benefits are adequate, the majority of them are outreach veterans, which indicates that those who are just beginning may be over-estimating how far the G.I. Bill benefits will go. 48.67% of the total veterans are drawing G.I. Bill benefits for the first. Of those using their educational benefits for the first time, 32.31% knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it (49.88% of those who responded to the question); 14.42% could not get correct information or were misinformed (22.33% of those who responded to the question); 2.91% did not know the G.I. Bill existed (4.51% of those who responded to the question). This indicates a definite need to better educate

the veterans on their benefits while in the service and the development of special programs to inform the millions of Vietnam-era veterans now discharged, of their benefits. Programs such as the Veterans Outreach Program in Washington State are doing just that.

Many non-outreach veterans are aware of Outreach services on their campus because of on campus services performed by outreach workers. Of the total veterans 34.75% heard about Veterans Outreach through personal contact by an outreach worker or friend. Only 5.75% of the total veterans heard about Outreach through newspapers. It has been the author's experience that most outreach work is leg work, however, much of the leg work could be eliminated with a good referral system throughout the community and advertising through newspaper and T.V. Very little funding is available for advertising. Of the total veterans 51.33% did not know before talking to an outreach worker, that if he were a Vietnam veteran he would pay lower tuition at most schools. Of the non-outreach veterans, already on campus, 47.16% did not know. It would be interesting to know how many of those veterans are paying full tuition. 61.60% of the total veterans did not know, before talking to an outreach worker, that tutorial assistance is available (73.24% of those who responded to the question). This substantive lack of knowledge about veterans benefits was consistent with both outreach and non-outreach veterans. As might be expected a few more non-outreach veterans already knew about tutorial assistance, probably because of some degree exposure to it at the educational institution, however, 58.19% of those still didn't know (71.04%

of those who responded). This is a very high percentage of veterans who didn't know about a program which was designed for 100% of them. Of the outreach veterans who rated the outreach services, 91.91% feel their needs were met or partially met (73.47% of the total outreach veterans). Of the veterans who rated the outreach services 84.19% feel their needs were met or partially met (52.24% of the total veterans - many of the non-outreach veterans included in the total have not used the services). 9.81% of the total veterans feel their needs have not been met. Although some schools were rated higher than others, almost all schools were rated high by the veterans. 95.97% of the total veterans responding think that outreach should be made available on a permanent basis at the individual institutions. Yet many of these veterans are not aware that after the 1974-75 school year Veterans Outreach may not exist at all because of a lack of support at the legislative level for the continuation of the "cost-of-instruction" funds, the primary source of funding for the state programs at this time. The Veterans Outreach services appear to be of invaluable service to the veterans and in most cases is an arrangement of veterans serving veterans. Many of the local veterans organizations have made an effort to assist the Veterans Outreach in their efforts. Together they have made 18.63% of the total veterans sampled aware of their eligibility for the G.I. Bill and have assisted 29.88% of the total veterans in using the G.I. Bill which is the number one problem the veterans face today. Whether the benefits are adequate or not is the second problem the veteran faces.

Of the total veterans sampled, 59.77% think that all Vietnam-era veterans should be eligible for the Washington State Bonus.

82.97% of the total veterans would support a state G.I. Bill to pay tuition at the Community College level.

Of the total veterans, 60.15 % did know about their dental benefits, however, 35.29% did not. It is unfortunate that just over one of every three veterans does not receive his dental benefits because he is not aware of them.

The total sample of veterans selected employment as the number one problem facing the returning Vietnam-era veteran. The number two problem was rated as education. The number three problem was rated as social apathy with insufficient military outprocessing right behind it. This only strengthens the already strong indications of a need for additional emphasis to be placed on specialized services to meet the needs of the Vietnam-era veteran.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER RESEARCH

In respect to the needs of the veterans attempting to educate themselves through the community college system and the findings of this study, the following recommendations for additional research are made:

1) The current study should be replicated in at least one different state to determine possible differences with veterans of other states.

2) Research should be undertaken to explore the large number of veterans dissatisfaction with services received in some areas, by the Employment Security Department.

3) Research should be initiated to determine why there is a lack of support for funds to keep veterans services like Veterans Outreach functioning.

4) Research should be initiated to determine specifically how much and what types of emphasis should be placed on remedial and developmental programs, in light of the veterans low level of education and long period of time spent away from the educational process.

5) Studies should be conducted to determine the status of the disabled veterans and what can be done to further assist them.

6) Studies should be initiated to determine the true inpact of service related jobs on the civilian job market.

7) Research should be done to determine more specific reasons that the veteran is having so much trouble in the civilian job market (Generally it appears to be a lack of applicable experience and/or formal education, however, each occupational area has its own set of requirements).

8) Research should be initiated to acquire some new programs (like the Veterans Outreach Program in Washington State) to inform the veterans of the benefits they have earned and to help them use them by informing them on how to go about getting them and using them.

9) The current study should be replicated on a state level at four-year institutions to determine differences which may exist.

"Suitable jobs are to be reserved - I repeat, reserved - for Vietnam veterans . . . Official policy has been established that while waiting for work they will receive the same salary they got in the service . . . Professional and specialist schools must reserve places for wounded veterans . . . and log jams must be cleared by opening new classes . . . Enterprises set up by veterans are to get extra state aid . . . and loans at the lowest interest rate . . . children of dead or wounded veterans are to receive educational privileges and special attention throughout their schooling."[31]

This policy has all the qualities of a true expression of gratitude given to veterans by a country that surely appreciates its veterans. This is not the welcome bestowed upon our veterans on their return home, however, as you might have thought, but rather the welcome given by North Vietnam to its veterans.

The subject of war and veterans is certainly nothing new to this country as pointed out by an article in U.S. News & World Report[32] ("Three Peaceful Years in Three Decades") that since the U.S. has entered World War II there have been only three full calendar years (1956, 1957, and 1959) in which our country was at peace with no involvement in foreign conflict. This tells us our veterans have been busy protecting the democratic way of life and it's high time democracy shell out some returns without making these veterans get on their hands and knees, beg, or even wait in line.

"No group of American fighting men was ever called on to demonstrate their bravery, their endurance or their love of country under more trying circumstances than those gallant Americans who served in Vietnam.

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[31] "The Vets: Heroes as Orphans", Newsweek, March 5, 1973, p.22.

[32] "Three Peaceful Years in Three Decades", U.S. News & World Report, Vol. LXXIV, No. 7, February 12, 1973, pp. 24-25.

"Words of thanks are not enough for the 2 1/2 million men who have returned home from this conflict.

"We must demonstrate the gratitude we feel by the actions we take. We must honor them with the respect they have earned and the affection they deserve. We must assist them with health care, education, training and housing assistance. These actions alone cannot fully repay the debt we owe our veterans, but they can help.

"Just as we have kept the faith with our allies abroad, let us now keep faith with our returning veterans at home. They have given much to defend the American way of life; it is time for America to serve them equally well."[33]

Steve Hulsey[34] quotes Eugene Cannon, director of DOIC's Veterans Upward Bound program, "The Vietnam-era veterans represents a major resource for this nation. We don't want to see it go to waste."

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[33]Richard M. Nixon, "Statement", Key Biscayne: Florida, March 24, 1973.

[34]Steve Hulsey, "From the Service to the Campus", American Education, Vol. 9 No. 7, August - September, 1973, pp. 27 - 30.

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APPENDIX A

Letter Sent to Coordinators

EVERETT COMMUNITY COLLEGE

801 WETMORE AVENUE ▫ EVERETT, WASHINGTON 98201 ▫ PHONE 259-7151 AREA 206

Enclosed is a copy of a Washington State veterans survey, which I am conducting for Spring quarter 1973, that will be distributed and discussed at the next veterans outreach coordinators meeting. This survey will be conducted state wide through the outreach coordinators at the individual community colleges.

The purpose of this survey is to acquire statistical data on the veteran. This information may be beneficial in acquiring your individual program more funding when the present funds have run out.

Pleasego over the complete survey carefully and come to the coordinates meeting prepared to ask any questions you might have. If your school is not going to be represented at the coordinators meeting on January 30, 31, 1973, please contact me so I can get the questionnaires and appropriate information to you.

I am enclosing one of my personal cards. Feel free to contact me at any time for further information.

Sincerely,

James R. Thompson
Veterans' Outreach Coordinator
Everett Community College

JRT:lf

APPENDIX B

Questionnaire Used As The Measure
For Attitudinal Criteria

SURVEY OF VETERANS ATTENDING COMMUNITY COLLEGES IN WASHINGTON STATE

The purpose of this questionnaire is to accumulate data to determine what steps might be taken to assist you the veteran in taking advantage of your service earned benefits.

Please take your time and answer all questions as accurately as possible. No question should call for more than one answer (with the exception of #37). On the fill-in questions or choices which state, other, be as brief and accurate as possible.

After selecting your answer place an (X) in the space provided directly to the left of the answer.

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

NAME _____ DATE _____

ADDRESS _____ PHONE _____

COLLEGE ENROLLED IN _____

1. AGE:

_____	18-19	1
_____	20-21	2
_____	22-23	3
_____	24-25	4
_____	26-27	5
_____	28-29	6
_____	30 or over	7

2. SEX:

_____	Male	1
_____	Female	2

3. RACE:

_____	Caucasian	1
_____	Black	2
_____	Indian	3
_____	Mexican-American	4
_____	Asian	5

4. MARITAL STATUS:

_____	Single	1
_____	Married	2
_____	Divorced	3

5. NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS (Not counting yourself):

_____	0 None	1
_____	1	2
_____	2	3
_____	3	4
_____	4	5
_____	5	6
_____	6 or more	7

II. SERVICE INFORMATION

6. BRANCH OF SERVICE:

_____	U.S. Army	1
_____	U.S. Air Force	2
_____	U.S. Marine Corps	3
_____	U.S. Navy	4
_____	U.S. Coast Guard	5
_____	More than one branch	6

7. YEAR OF ENTRY INTO MILITARY:

_____	Before 1960	1
_____	1960 - August 4, 1964 (Before Bay of Tonkin)	2
_____	August 5, 1964 - 1968 (After Bay of Tonkin)	3
_____	1969	4
_____	1970	5
_____	1971	6
_____	1972	7
_____	1973	8

8. HOW OLD WERE YOU WHEN YOU FIRST ENTERED MILITARY SERVICE?

_____	17	1
_____	18	2
_____	19	3
_____	20	4
_____	21	5
_____	22	6
_____	23	7
_____	24	8
_____	25 or more	9

9. DATE OF SEPARATION FROM MILITARY:

_____	Jan. 31, 1955 - 1959	1
_____	1960 - August 4, 1964 (Before Bay of Tonkin)	2
_____	August 5, 1964 - 1968 (After Bay of Tonkin)	3
_____	1969	4
_____	1970	5
_____	1971	6
_____	1972	7
_____	1973	8

10. HOW MANY YEARS WERE YOU ON ACTIVE DUTY?

_____	Less than 1 year	1
_____	1-2 years	2
_____	2-3 years	3
_____	3-6 years	4
_____	6-10 years	5
_____	10-20 years	6
_____	20 years or more	7

11. DID YOU SERVE IN VIET-NAM?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

12. WERE YOU AWARDED THE VIET-NAM SERVICE MEDAL?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

13. DO YOU HAVE A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

_____ if so

14. IS YOUR DISABILITY A DIRECT RESULT OF COMBAT?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

15. DO YOU FEEL YOU HAVE RECEIVED ADEQUATE BENEFITS FOR YOUR DISABILITY?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

III. EDUCATIONAL

16. NUMBER OF YEARS OF EDUCATION:

_____	1-8 years	1
_____	9-11 years	2
_____	12 years (High School Degree)	3
_____	G.E.D. (High School)	4
_____	1 Year advanced training	5
_____	2-3 years advanced training	6
_____	4-5 years of advanced training	7
_____	College degree	8

17. FOR WHICH QUARTER ARE YOU ENROLLED?

_____	Fall	1
_____	Winter	2
_____	Spring	3
_____	Summer	4

18. HOW MANY HOURS ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

_____	1-5	1
_____	6-8	2
_____	9-11	3
_____	12-14	4
_____	15 or more	5

19. WHEN ARE YOU ATTENDING CLASSES?

_____	Days	1
_____	Nights	2
_____	Both days and nights	3

IV. EMPLOYMENT

20. WAS YOUR JOB TRAINING IN THE MILITARY APPLICABLE TO CIVILIAN JOBS?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

21. WERE YOU EMPLOYED BEFORE YOU FIRST ENTERED THE MILITARY?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

22. HOW MANY JOBS HAVE YOU HELD SINCE SEPARATION OR RETIREMENT?

_____	1	1
_____	2	2
_____	3 or more	3

23. HOW LONG WERE YOU UNEMPLOYED (MONTHS) BETWEEN DISCHARGE OR SEPARATION AND YOUR FIRST JOB?

_____	1-3 months	1
_____	4-6 months	2
_____	7-9 months	3
_____	10-12 months	4
_____	13-24 months	5
_____	Over 24 months	6

24. HOW LONG (IF UNEMPLOYED NOW) HAVE YOU BEEN UNEMPLOYED?

_____	1-3 months	1
_____	4-6 months	2
_____	7-9 months	3
_____	10-12 months	4
_____	13-24 months	5
_____	Over 24 months	6

25. ARE YOU DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

26. WHAT (IF NOT EMPLOYED) IS THE PRIMARY REASON THAT YOU ARE NOT DRAWING UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION?

_____	Not eligible	1
_____	Have used all my compensation	2
_____	Not covered by unemployment compensation law	3
_____	Did not apply but do qualify for benefits	4
_____	Did not apply but do not know if eligible	5
_____	Other _____	6

27. HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU HAVE RECEIVED FROM THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT?

_____	Met my needs	1
_____	Partially met my needs	2
_____	Did not meet my needs	3
_____	Did not use services	4

28. DOES YOUR SPOUSE WORK?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2
_____	Not married	3

29. HAVE YOU APPLIED FOR FOOD STAMPS?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

30. HAVE YOU RECEIVED FOOD STAMPS?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

31. HAVE YOU RECEIVED WELFARE SINCE YOUR DISCHARGE FROM ACTIVE DUTY?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

V. G.I. BILL

32. DID YOU RECEIVE ADEQUATE INFORMATION ABOUT VETERANS SERVICES PRIOR TO BEING DISCHARGED OR SEPARATED? (Loans, G.I. Bill, etc.)

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

33. WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE OF HOW YOU COULD GO ABOUT USING THE G.I. BILL?

_____	During active duty in the service	1
_____	From one of your local veterans organizations	2
_____	From the Outreach Program - through a worker or friend	3
_____	Other _____	4

34. WHEN DID YOU FIRST BECOME AWARE YOU WERE ELIGIBLE FOR THE G.I. BILL?

_____	During active duty in the service	1
_____	From one of your local veterans organizations	2
_____	From the Outreach Program - through a worker or friend	3
_____	Other _____	4

35. DO YOU FEEL THAT CURRENT G.I. BILL BENEFITS ARE ADEQUATE TO MEET THE NEEDS OF VETERANS?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

36. (a) HAVE YOU EVER DRAWN MONEY ON THE G.I. BILL BEFORE?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

(b) IF NO, FOR WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING REASONS HAVE YOU NOT USED THE G.I. BILL?

_____	Did not know the G.I. Bill existed	1
_____	Knew it existed, but did not know how to go about getting it	2
_____	Could not get correct information (or was misinformed)	3
_____	Have been out of the service less than 3 months	4

37. RATE THE FOLLOWING 5 ITEMS IN THE ORDER WHICH THEY CAUSE THE MOST PROBLEMS TO THE RETURNING VIET-NAM ERA VETERAN, 1-5 (1 BEING THE ONE THAT CAUSES THE MOST PROBLEMS, 5 BEING THE ONE THAT CAUSES THE LEAST PROBLEM.)

_____	Employment	1
_____	Education	2
_____	Social apathy	3
_____	Social readjustment	4
_____	Insufficient military out-processing	5

VI. OUT REACH

38. HOW DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE OUTREACH PROGRAM?

_____	Newspaper	1
_____	Radio	2
_____	Letter	3
_____	Personal contact (by an outreach worker or friend, etc.)	4
_____	T.V.	5
_____	Other _____	6

39. DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT IF YOU ARE A VIETNAM VETERAN YOU COULD PAY A LOWER AMOUNT OF TUITION AT SOME SCHOOLS?

_____	Yes	1
_____	No	2

40. DID YOU KNOW BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR) THAT THE GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO GIVE YOU TUTORIAL ASSISTANCE IN CLASSES YOU ARE HAVING PROBLEMS WITH?

_____ Yes 1
_____ No 2

41. HOW WOULD YOU RATE THE SERVICES YOU RECEIVED FROM YOUR LOCAL OUTREACH PROGRAM?

_____ Met my needs 1
_____ Partially met my needs 2
_____ Did not meet my needs 3

42. DO YOU THINK THAT OUTREACH SERVICES SHOULD BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE VETERANS ON A PERMANENT BASIS AT THE INDIVIDUAL EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS?

_____ Yes 1
_____ No 2

43. FOR WHAT REASONS(S) WERE YOU NOT IN SCHOOL BEFORE YOU TALKED TO AN OUTREACH WORKER (COUNSELOR)?

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

VII. OCCUPATION

44. WHAT WAS YOUR LIFE TIME OCCUPATIONAL DESIRE BEFORE YOU ENTERED THE SERVICE?

_____

45. WHAT WAS YOUR JOB BEFORE ENTERING THE SERVICE? (MAJOR JOB) (IF YOU WERE A STUDENT - WHAT MAJOR?)

_____

46. WHAT WAS YOUR JOB IN THE SERVICE ?

_____

47. WHAT IS YOUR MAJOR IN SCHOOL NOW?

_____

48. WHAT IS YOUR LIFETIME OCCUPATIONAL DESIRE NOW?

_____

49. DO YOU THINK THAT ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS, WHETHER THEY WERE IN VIETNAM OR NOT SHOULD BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE VIETNAM BONUS?

_____ Yes 1
_____ No 2

50. WOULD YOU SUPPORT A STATE G.I. BILL, IN ADDITION TO THE FEDERAL G.I. BILL FOR ALL VIETNAM-ERA VETERANS; WHICH WOULD PAY THE VETERANS TOTAL TUITION AT THE COMMUNITY COLLEGE LEVEL.

_____ Yes 1
_____ No 2

VIII. MEDICAL

51. DO YOU KNOW THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT WILL PAY TO HAVE ALL YOUR DENTAL WORK DONE AS LONG AS YOU GET IT DONE WITHIN ONE YEAR AFTER YOU GET OUT OF THE SERVICE?

_____ Yes 1
_____ No 2

APPENDIX C

List of Participating Institutions

LIST OF PARTICIPATING INSTITUTIONS

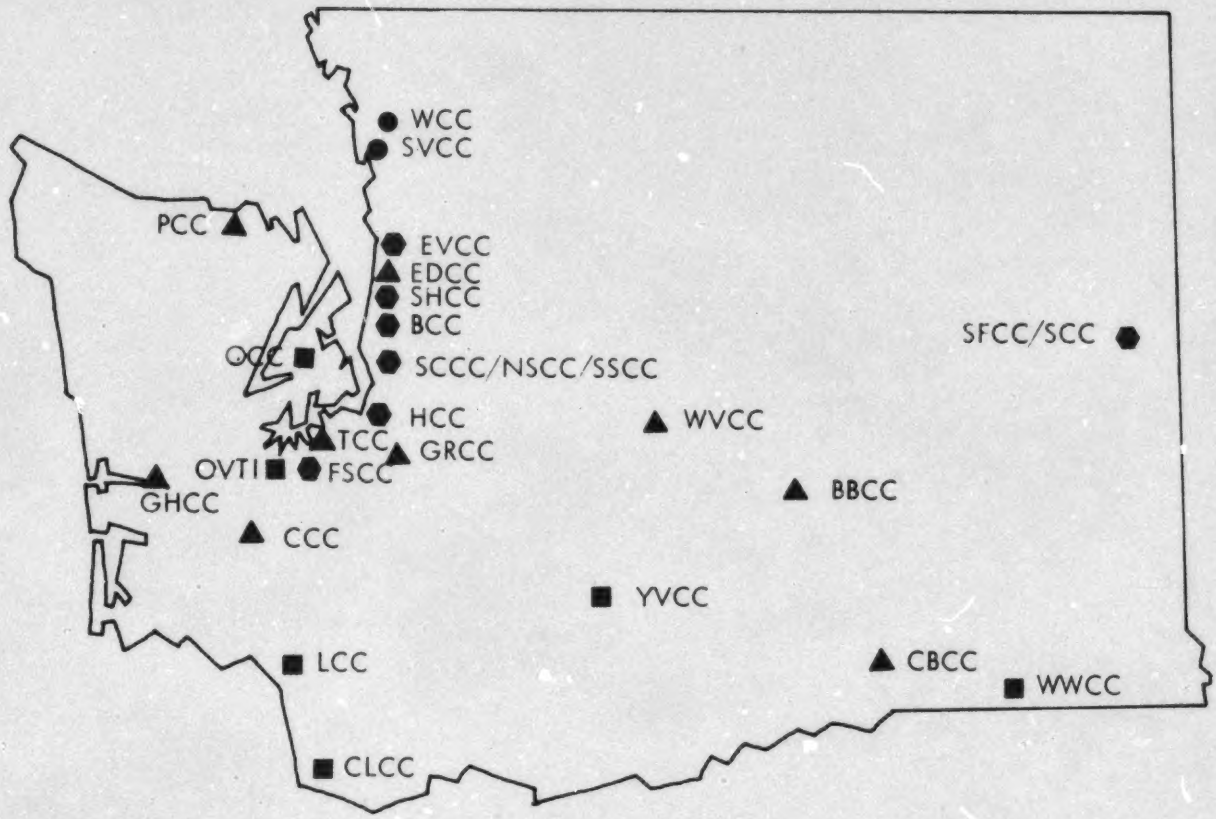
BBCC - Big Bend Community College
CSCC - Central Seattle Community College
CCC - Centralia Community College
CLCC - Clark Community College
CBCC - Columbia Basin Community College
EVCC - Everett Community College
FSCC - Fort Steilacoom Community College
GRCC - Green River Community College
GHCC - Grays Harbor Community College
HCC - Highline Community College
NSCC - North Seattle Community College
OCC - Olympic Community College
OVTI - Olympic Vocational Technical Institute
PCC - Peninsula Community College
SHCC - Shoreline Community College
SVCC - Skagit Valley Community College
SPCC - Spokane Community College
SSCC - South Seattle Community College
TCC - Tacoma Community College
WWCC - Walla Walla Community College
WVCC - Wenatchee Valley Community College
WCC - Whatcom Community College
YVCC - Yakima Valley Community College

APPENDIX D

Maps of Schools Locations and
Area Populations

Populations received from "State of Washington Pocket Data Book, 1973"
Populations April 1, 1973, pp. 268-269.

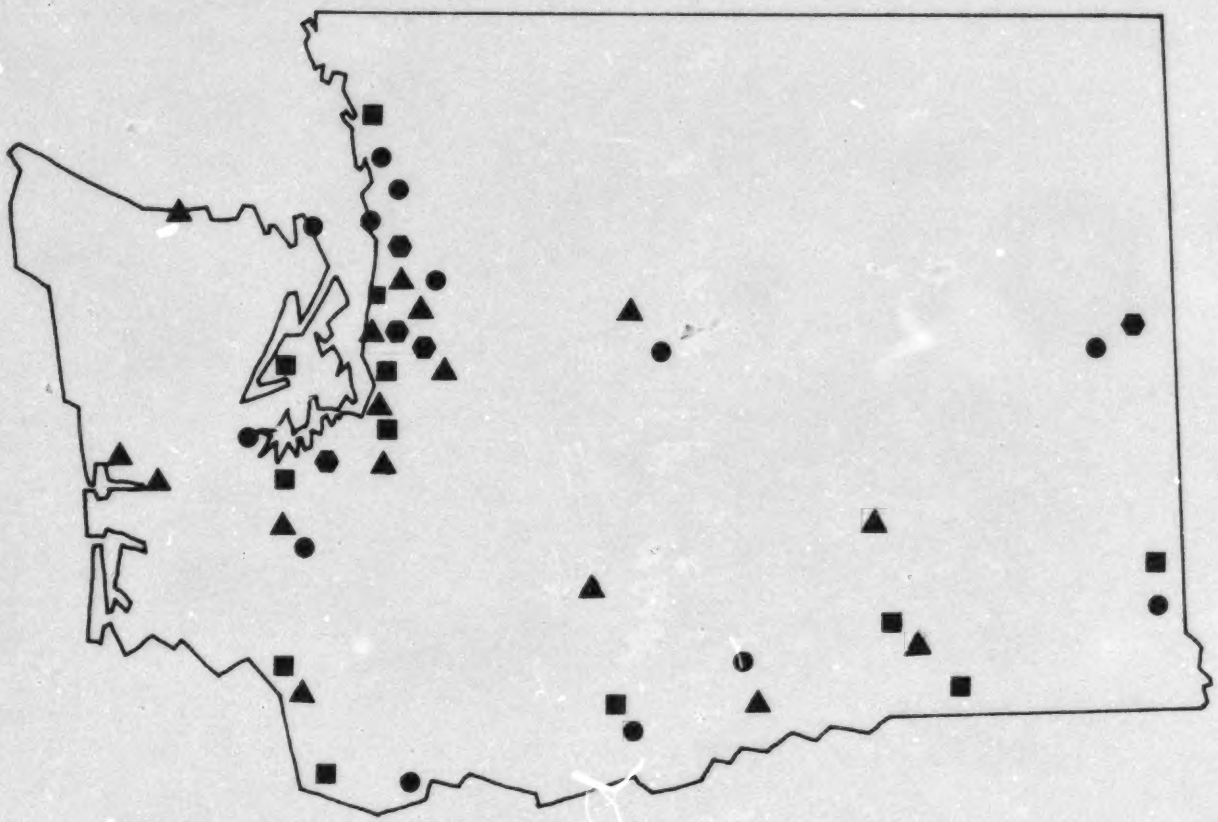
POPULATION OF CITIES WHERE COMMUNITY COLLEGES ARE LOCATED



POPULATION

- 550,000 - 50,000
- 50,000 - 20,000
- 20,000 - 10,000
- 10,000 - 5,000

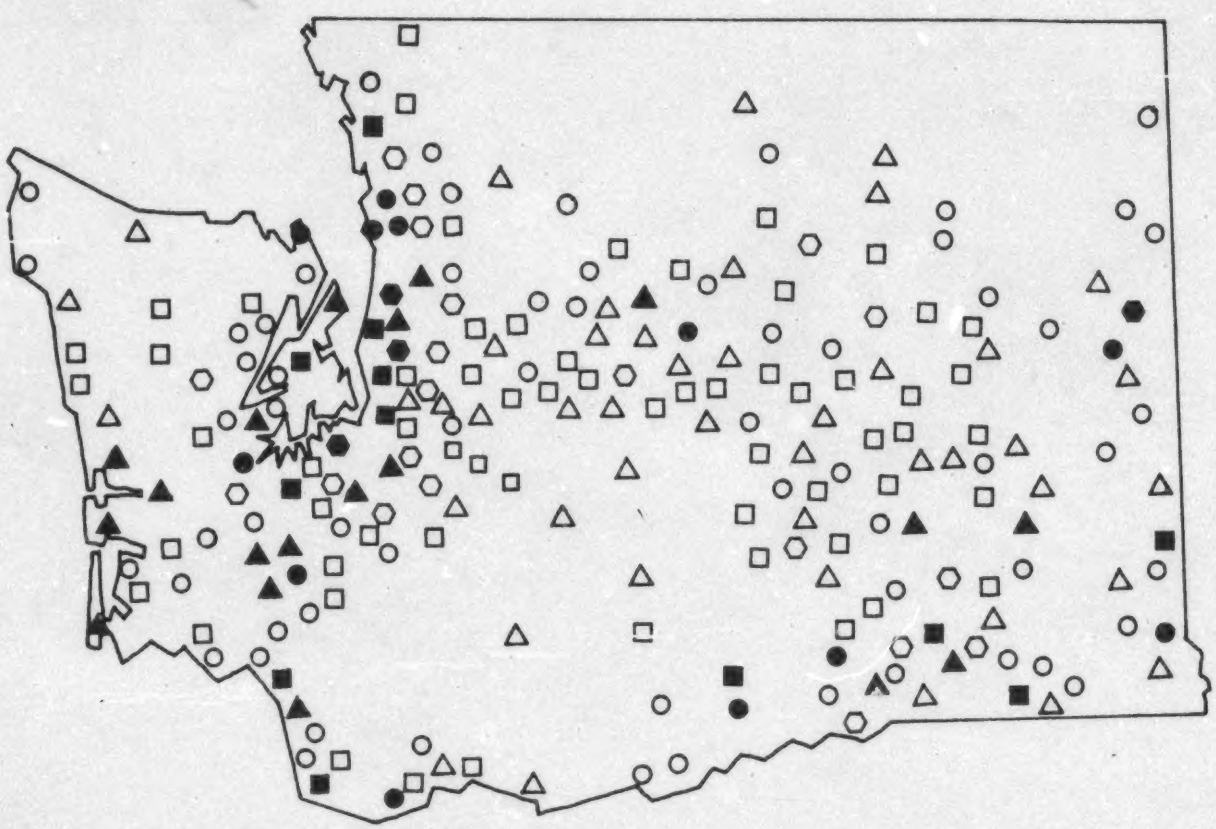
POPULATION OF THE TOP 50 CITIES IN WASHINGTON STATE



POPULATION

- ⬢ 550,000 - 50,000
- ■ 50,000 - 20,000
- ▲ 20,000 - 10,000
- ● 10,000 - 5,000

1973 MUNICIPAL POPULATION OF WASHINGTON



POPULATION

⬢ 550,000 - 50,000	⬡ 5,000 - 3,000
■ 50,000 - 20,000	□ 3,000 - 1,000
▲ 20,000 - 10,000	△ 1,000 - 500
● 10,000 - 5,000	○ 500 - 50

APPENDIX E

Veterans Receiving Benefits
Academic and Occupational Students Only
Washington Community Colleges

a) 8th Day, Spring 1973
b) Final, Spring 1973

Reports received from
The State Board For Community College Education (SBCCE)

VETERANS RECEIVING BENEFITS

ACADEMIC AND OCCUPATIONAL STUDENTS ONLY

WASHINGTON COMMUNITY COLLEGES

8TH DAY SPRING, 1973

DISTRICT AND COLLEGE	S.E. ASIA VETERANS (RESIDENT)			OTHER VETERANS						TOTAL VETERANS
				RESIDENT			NON-RESIDENT			
	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	
1 PENINSULA	50	1	51	101	16	117	3	0	3	17
2 GRAYS HARBOR	48	5	53	71	10	81	7	0	7	14
3 OLYMPIC	103	28	131	335	175	510	9	2	11	6
4 SKAGIT VALLEY	126	25	151	152	21	173	3	1	4	3
5 DISTRICT TOTAL	301	82	383	691	218	909	8	2	10	1,3
EVERETT	229	62	291	485	155	640	2	1	3	9
EDMONDS	72	20	92	206	63	269	6	1	7	36
6 DISTRICT TOTAL	439	36	475	1,539	223	1,762	21	6	27	2,264
SEATTLE CENTRAL	188	10	198	880	69	949	16	1	17	1,16
SEATTLE NORTH	147	23	170	475	131	606	5	5	10	78
SEATTLE SOUTH	104	3	107	184	23	207	0	0	0	31
7 SHORELINE	201	19	220	479	79	558	5	0	5	78
8 BELLEVUE	80	21	101	292	212	504	10	8	18	62
9 HIGHLINE	219	78	297	369	195	564	0	0	0	86
10 GREEN RIVER	225	29	254	387	99	486	7	1	8	74
11 FORT STEILACOOM	154	49	203	296	119	415	0	0	0	61
12 DISTRICT TOTAL	141	23	164	164	17	181	0	1	1	34
CENTRALIA	90	21	111	119	15	134	0	1	1	24
OVTI	51	2	53	45	2	47	0	0	0	10
13 LOWER COLUMBIA	187	22	209	175	23	198	8	1	9	41
14 CLARK	146	25	171	251	87	338	3	0	3	51
15 WENATCHEE VALLEY	72	4	76	113	11	124	6	0	6	20
16 YAKIMA VALLEY	146	4	150	231	27	258	0	0	0	4
17 DISTRICT TOTAL	488	61	549	573	107	680	27	0	27	1,2
SPOKANE	255	9	264	277	17	294	17	0	17	5
SPOKANE FALLS	233	52	285	296	90	386	10	0	10	68
18 BIG BEND	51	0	51	45	4	49	1	0	1	10
19 COLUMBIA BASIN	66	6	72	191	37	228	0	0	0	30
20 WALLA WALLA	63	5	68	137	25	162	2	2	4	23
21 WHATCOM	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	24	69	0	0	0	6
22 TACOMA	296	15	311	694	70	764	10	0	10	1,08
SYSTEM TOTALS	3,602 (26.83%)	538 (4.01%)	4,140 (30.84%)	7,331 (54.61%)	1,799 (13.40%)	9,130 (68.01%)	130 (.97%)	24 (.18%)	154 (1.15%)	13,42

Source: SBCCE MIS-1 Summary Enrollment Report, 8th Day Spring Quarter, 1973

VETERANS RECEIVING BENEFITS
ACADEMIC AND OCCUPATIONAL STUDENTS ONLY
WASHINGTON COMMUNITY COLLEGES
FINAL SPRING, 1973

DISTRICT AND COLLEGE	S.E. ASIA VETERANS (RESIDENT)			OTHER VETERANS					TOTAL VETERAN
				RESIDENT		NON-RESIDENT			
	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME	TOTAL	
1 PENINSULA	50	1	51	101	16	3	0	120	171
2 GRAYS HARBOR	50	5	55	71	10	7	0	88	143
3 OLYMPIC	136	65	201	300	276	7	0	583	784
4 SKAGIT VALLEY	140	22	162	154	26	3	1	184	346
5 DISTRICT TOTAL	320	97	417	768	258	9	3	1,038	1,455
EVERETT	226	65	291	515	154	1	2	672	963
EDMONDS	94	32	126	253	104	8	1	366	492
6 DISTRICT TOTAL	408	14	422	1,522	213	19	5	1,759	2,181
SEATTLE CENTRAL	141	9	150	865	122	14	1	1,002	1,152
SEATTLE NORTH	157	5	162	471	51	5	4	531	693
SEATTLE SOUTH	110	0	110	186	40	0	0	226	336
7 SHORELINE	199	18	217	479	80	6	0	565	782
8 BELLEVUE	94	15	109	345	161	11	3	520	629
9 HIGHLINE	226	80	306	377	200	0	0	577	883
10 GREEN RIVER	238	41	279	429	118	7	1	555	834
11 FORT STEILACOOM	157	51	208	304	122	0	0	426	634
12 DISTRICT TOTAL	162	28	190	184	19	3	2	208	398
CENTRALIA	88	23	111	119	15	0	1	135	246
OVTI	74	5	79	65	4	3	1	73	152
13 LOWER COLUMBIA	154	20	174	193	24	8	1	226	400
14 CLARK	141	30	171	228	109	4	1	342	513
15 WENATCHEE VALLEY	72	4	76	114	10	6	0	130	206
16 YAKIMA VALLEY	146	15	161	231	28	0	0	259	420
17 DISTRICT TOTAL	269	59	328	362	102	13	0	477	805
SPOKANE	31	5	36	64	7	3	0	74	110
SPOKANE FALLS	238	54	292	298	95	10	0	403	695
18 BIG BEND	53	1	54	46	16	0	0	62	116
19 COLUMBIA BASIN	66	6	72	191	37	0	0	228	300
20 WALLA WALLA	67	5	72	137	25	2	2	166	238
21 WHATCOM	0	0	0	45	20	0	0	65	65
22 TACOMA	296	15	311	704	89	10	0	803	1,114
SYSTEM TOTALS	3,444	592	4,036 (30.08%)	7,285	1,959	118	19	9,381 (69.92%)	13,417

Source: SBCCE MIS-1 Summary Enrollment Report, Final Spring Quarter, 1973

APPENDIX F

Figures: Rating of Five Problems Facing the the Returning Vietnam-era Veteran

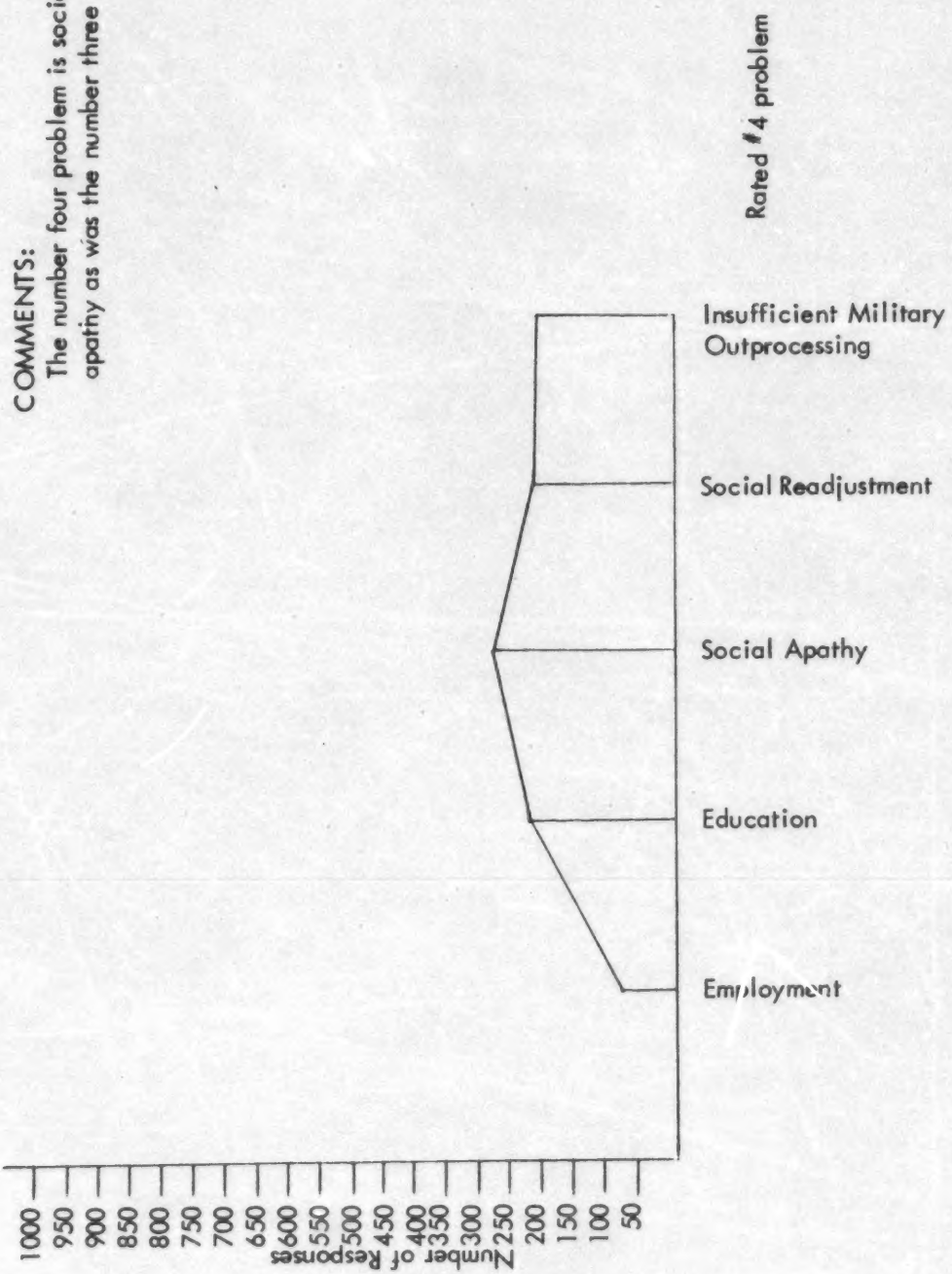
COMMENTS:
The number one problem to the returning Vietnam-era veteran is employment, according to those sampled.

COMMENTS:
The number two problem is education
Rated #2 problem
Insufficient Military Outprocessing
Social Readjustment
Social Apathy
Education
Employment
Number of Repsonses
1000
950
900
850
800
750
700
650
600
550
500
450
400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50

COMMENTS:
The number three problem is social apathy with insufficient military outprocessing right behind it.

Rated #3 problem

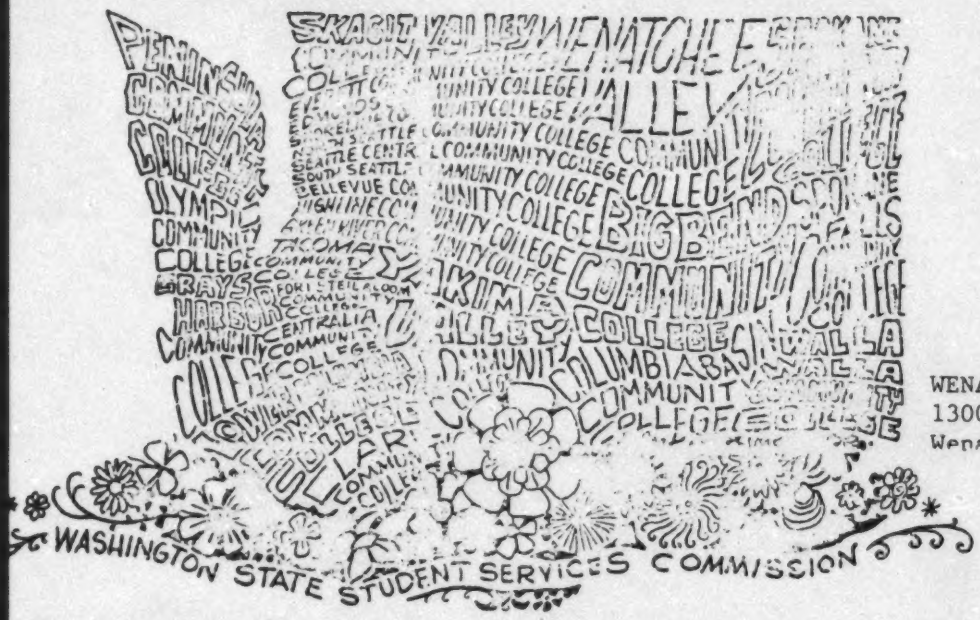
COMMENTS:
The number four problem is social apathy as was the number three problem.



COMMENTS:
The number five problem which causes the least problems of the five selected is social readjustment.
Rated #5 problem
Insufficient Military Outprocessing
Social Readjustment
Social Apathy
Education
Employment
Number of Responses
1000
950
900
850
800
750
700
650
600
550
500
450
400
350
300
250
200
150
100
50

APPENDIX G

Endorsement of Approval (for this study) by the
Washington State Student Services Commission



WENATCHEE VALLEY COLLEGE
1300 Fifth Street
Wenatchee, Washington 98801

May 30, 1973

Mr. Jim Thompson
Veterans' Coordinator
Everett Community College
801 Wetmore
Everett, Washington 98201

Dear Jim:

The study you are undertaking of veterans enrolling Spring Quarter at the community colleges of Washington State should provide valuable information both for your research project and for the student services functions at the individual colleges. Your study has the complete endorsement of this Commission, which represents the 27 community colleges in this state, both for your research project as a part of your degree studies and for the use within the system.

If there is any way that this Commission can be of further assistance to you, please do not hesitate to contact me.

William J. Muirhead, Chairman
Washington State Student Services Commission

WJM/alp
cc: Deans of Students

UNIVERSITY OF CALIF.
LOS ANGELES

JAN 9 1976

CLEARINGHOUSE FOR
JUNIOR COLLEGES